



**The Housing Authority of the County of DeKalb  
(HACD)  
310 N. 6<sup>th</sup> Street  
DeKalb IL, 60115**

**REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS (RFP)  
RFP #P18-053**

**Housing Choice Voucher Program  
Project-Based Assistance for new development, rehabilitated housing units  
and existing housing units**

**Request for Proposals Issued on January 19, 2018**

**With Final Deadline for Submission at 4:30 P.M. CST on February 12, 2018**

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**THE HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE COUNTY OF DEKALB**

**REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS (RFP) #P18-053  
HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER PROGRAM PROJECT-BASED ASSISTANCE  
FOR NEW DEVELOPMENT, REHABILITATED HOUSING UNITS AND EXISTING  
HOUSING UNITS**

**1. INTRODUCTION – SCOPE OF REQUEST**

The Housing Authority of the County of DeKalb (HACD) has identified a need in the jurisdiction of the HACD which is the entire County of DeKalb, Illinois, for certain affordable housing opportunities for families and individuals.

To this end, the HACD will make available project-based vouchers (vouchers) in its Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP) for new construction, existing housing that requires substantial rehabilitation, and/or existing housing that does not require substantial rehabilitation with efficiency, one, two-, three- and four- bedroom units located in DeKalb County, Illinois. In the Project-Based Program, the assistance is “attached to the structure.” During the term of the Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) contract, the HACD makes housing assistance payments to the Owner for units leased and occupied by eligible individuals/families.

Each proposal and the units in them will be graded on their own merit and not in competition with any other proposals. Award of vouchers will not be made to any project/property/unit that fails to receive a minimum of 60 points in the Comparative Evaluation Criteria component of this RFP.

In accordance with 24 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 983.255, the HACD has no responsibility or liability to the Owner or any other person for the family’s behavior or suitability for tenancy.

**It is the policy of the HACD to encourage participation by Owners of units located outside areas of poverty or minority concentration to participate in the HCVP. The HACD has identified the “North West Corridor” within the City of DeKalb as an area of poverty or minority concentration and in support of deconcentration efforts will not accept proposals for property in this location.**

These vouchers **will not** be available for Section 202/811 properties and/or units receiving any other type of rental subsidy from local, state, county, and/or federal sources.

The award of the vouchers is subject to approval by the HACD Board of Commissioners (Board). The HACD intends to award 15-year contracts with up to five (5) one-year options to renew. Payments under the HAP contract are subject to the future availability of appropriations and future availability of funding under the Annual Contributions Contract (ACC).

The HACD invites Offerors to submit written proposals regarding the property(ies) for which they seek vouchers. An Owner may include multiple properties in a single response to this RFP. It is not necessary to file a separate response for each property for which vouchers are sought.

The HACD hereby incorporates HUD regulations found at 24 CFR 983 set out in **Appendix B** into the requirements of this RFP.

The HACD will accept proposals for the following Categories of projects located in DeKalb County:

**Proposal Category 1:** New efficiency, one-, two-, three-, and four-bedroom housing units. A “new unit” is a unit that, at the time of the HACD’s written notice of selection for project-based assistance, has not yet received a Certificate of Occupancy from the issuing jurisdiction.

**Proposal Category 2:** Existing efficiency, one-, two-, three-, and four -bedroom units requiring substantial rehabilitation. An “existing unit” is a unit that, at the time of the HACD’s written notice of selection for project-based assistance, will require **more than \$1,000** per assisted unit in renovation costs in order to comply with Housing Quality Standards (including the unit’s prorated share of any work required on common areas or systems).

**Proposal Category 3:** Existing efficiency, one-, two-, three-, and four - bedroom units that do not require substantial rehabilitation. An “existing unit” is a unit that, at the time of the HACD’s written notice of selection for project-based assistance, **will not require more than \$1,000 per assisted unit in renovation costs** in order to comply with Housing Quality Standards (including the unit’s prorated share of any work required on common areas or systems).

**Special Needs Populations:** Through collaboration with governmental officials, social service providers and other members of the DeKalb County Community, the HACD has identified populations of individuals/families who may benefit from case management services tied to project-based housing opportunities. Case management services are not exclusively defined as clinical/medical case management services, but may include wraparound services that address educational issues, career enhancement, job readiness, housekeeping, etc. Some of the special needs populations identified in community meetings included: homeless/chronically homeless families; disabled families requiring accessible features; families with members experiencing mental illness, traumatic brain injuries, autism, intellectual disabilities, substance abuse issues; as well as the elderly, ex-offenders, veterans, and youths aging out of foster care. There likely are other special needs populations that may benefit from project-based assistance. Although this RFP does not require collaboration between the Owners and service providers, collaborations are encouraged in an effort to fill gaps in housing opportunities in the community.

## **2. RFP TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

The Deadline for Submission is at 4:30 p.m. CST on **February 12, 2018**.

All proposals must comply with the provisions of the HACD procurement policy, Illinois law, 24 CFR 85.36, and applicable HUD procurement regulations.

The HACD reserves the right to modify this proposed allocation of vouchers and may increase or decrease the total allocation and/or the allocation of vouchers for particular bedroom sizes at its sole discretion based upon the response to this RFP. The HACD also reserves the right to determine the number of vouchers to award to an Offeror. The HACD may award vouchers for some, but not all, units contained in a proposal.

By submission of a proposal and in the event that an Offeror's proposal is accepted, the Offeror agrees to enter into a contract with the HACD that incorporates all of the requirements of this RFP and the HCVP. The Offeror further accepts all of the terms and conditions of this RFP.

All successful applicants must complete an environmental review prior to proceeding.

If the selected Offeror fails to enter into a HAP contract and/or AHAP contract within sixty (60) days following the HAP funding award announcement, then the HACD reserves the right to award the HAP contract to one or more other successful Offerors.

The HACD reserves the right to reject any and all proposals and to waive any technical or informal defects therein. The HACD reserves the right to reject any proposal if it is determined that such proposal does not represent the proposal of an Offeror that is competent to serve as a landlord in the HCVP.

The HACD will not be liable for any costs incurred by the Offerors prior to the issuance of a HAP contract award.

The HACD may award one or more HAP contracts (**Appendix C**) and/or AHAP contracts (**Appendix D**) to the responsible and responsive Offeror(s) whose proposal(s) is(are) considered to be the most advantageous to the HACD, taking into consideration minimum and comparative evaluation criteria set forth in the RFP. At the HACD's sole discretion it may determine that no award shall be made.

Offerors' responses to this RFP may be modified only by written and sealed communication with Michelle Perkins, Executive Director of the HACD.

Offeror agrees to indemnify, hold harmless, and defend the Housing Authority of the County of DeKalb, its Commissioners, employees, officers and agents, from and against all liabilities, claims, penalties, forfeitures, suits and the cost and expenses incident thereto (including, but not limited to the cost of defense, settlement, judgment, and reasonable attorney's fees), which Housing Authority of the County of DeKalb may hereafter incur, become responsible for, or pay out as a result of death or bodily injury or property damage to any person, destruction or damage to any property, contamination of or adverse effects on the environment, or any violation of governmental laws, regulations or orders for work done pursuant to the terms of this agreement, except liability for personal injury, property damage and/or loss of life or property caused by the sole negligence of the Housing Authority of the County of DeKalb.

All proposals submitted in response to this RFP will become the property of the HACD and will not be returned.

### 3. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

#### A. Communication

In order to maintain a fair and impartial RFP process, the HACD will avoid private communication with prospective Offerors during the entire procurement process, with the exception of providing response to questions properly submitted to the Procurement Department as noted earlier in this RFP. Offerors shall not attempt to query members of the HACD Board, staff, and others who may have information about the RFP. Any questions about the RFP must be submitted in writing to Michelle Perkins, Executive Director, [isperkins@dekcohousing.com](mailto:isperkins@dekcohousing.com) 815-758-2692 x124. Clarification of what is already in the RFP may be given individually. If there is an actual addition, or deletion of any part of the RFP, an addendum will be issued per Section B below. If there are questions about the Project-Based Voucher Program in general, the Offeror may be allowed to have a discussion with HCVP personnel.

#### B. RFP Addenda

The HACD reserves the right to issue addenda to this RFP. If it becomes necessary for the HACD to provide clarification or additional information, to answer questions which have been communicated, or to revise any part of this RFP after it is released, the HACD will provide a written addendum and post it on the HACD website, [www.dekcohousing.com](http://www.dekcohousing.com). The addendum shall be deemed a part of this RFP and will supersede the original RFP requirements and standards. It shall be the Offeror's responsibility to check the HACD website for such addenda before submitting their proposal. See **Appendix J** for Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) we have already compiled.

#### C. Pre-Contractual Expenses

"Pre-contractual expenses" include, but are not limited to, any expense incurred by an Offeror in the preparation and submission of a proposal in response to this RFP and engagement in any other RFP-related activities prior to the date of a contract award.

The HACD shall not, under any circumstances, be liable for any pre-contractual expenses incurred by an Offeror. An Offeror shall not include any such expense in its proposal.

#### D. Proposed Contract(s)

An Offeror selected for contract award (Landlord) shall be required to sign a Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) Contract (**Appendix C**) for Proposal Category 3 or an Agreement to Enter into Housing Assistance Payments (AHAP) Contract with the HACD for Proposal Categories 1 and 2 (**Appendix D**).

#### **4. PROPOSAL FORMAT AND CONTENT**

##### **A. Presentation**

The proposal shall be typed and bound, with tabs clearly identifying each section. Lengthy narrative is discouraged; the presentation should be brief and concise.

The form, content and sequence of the proposal should follow the outline presented below in Sections 4.B and 4.C of this RFP.

In order to be considered by the HACD, a proposal must be date-stamped or bear a handwritten inscription by an authorized HACD representative confirming receipt.

##### **B. Proposal Submission**

The Original proposal (so marked) and three (3) copies shall be enclosed in a sealed envelope. The Offeror shall clearly label the envelope as follows:

Proposal #P18-053 for HCVP Project-Based Assistance  
Name of Offeror (Firm and/or Individual)

The Offeror shall submit proposal to:

Michelle Perkins, Executive Director  
Housing Authority of the County of DeKalb  
310 N. 6<sup>th</sup> Street  
DeKalb IL 60115

Proposals received after stated date and time shall be considered nonresponsive and will not be considered.

A proposal shall constitute a firm offer subject to acceptance by the HACD, and may not be withdrawn for a period of ninety (90) days following the last day to accept proposals.

##### **C. Proposal Content**

The Proposal shall include the following information, marked by numbered tabs:

###### **Tab 1 – Letter of Transmittal**

The Letter of Transmittal (Letter) shall be addressed to Michelle Perkins, Housing Authority of the County of DeKalb, 310 N. 6<sup>th</sup> Street, DeKalb, IL 60115. The Letter shall be signed by a company/ agency official or other person authorized to bind the Offeror (Official). The Letter should include the Official's name, address, telephone number, fax number, e-mail address, and identify all parties to the proposal. The Letter should also acknowledge any RFP addenda which have been issued. It shall be the



Offeror's responsibility to check the HACD website [www.dekcohousing.com](http://www.dekcohousing.com), for such addenda before submitting their proposal.

The Letter should provide information about the Offeror including background information about the Offeror's company/agency if applicable, including date of founding, legal form (sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation/state of incorporation), and for-profit or nonprofit status.

The Letter must clearly state the optimal number of vouchers sought and the minimum number that the Offeror will accept. The Letter must also state that the units will be available for occupancy **no later than sixty (60) days for existing units and one hundred and eighty (180) days for new construction. The HACD may elect in its sole discretion to extend this occupancy deadline upon written request.**

Finally, the Letter must indicate whether or not any of the parties to the proposal at any time have been disbarred or otherwise prevented from participation in HUD-funded contracts.

#### **Tab 2 – Table of Contents**

Include a table of contents for material contained in the proposal.

#### **Tab 3 – Minimum Evaluation Criteria Certification**

Include the Minimum Evaluation Criteria Certification that is marked as **Appendix E**, signed by the Official defined in Section 4.C, Tab 1, of this RFP.

#### **Tab 4 – Property Description**

It is expected that Offerors will propose different types of units located in different types of settings. The HACD would like to know as much about the units and their particular settings as possible. Some units may be located in large developments; others may be duplex units; others may be single-family homes. In this tabbed section, please provide the following information describing the proposed units, the development in which they will be located, and the property.

This tabbed section should clearly describe each unit and the development/ associated property for which the Offeror seeks a voucher(s) including, but not limited to, the following information:

##### **a. Property Description**

- Street address, city, state, zip code, Census Tract
- Physical description of site, including acreage and access to roads
- Proof of site control or ownership
- Proof of utility service
- Zoning of site, and proof that current zoning supports proposed developments/units

- Evidence that site is free from environmental hazards
- Neighborhood characteristics and nearby amenities (proximity to workplace opportunities, public transportation, medical facilities, retail locations, schools and educational facilities, civic locations, recreational areas and facilities).
- Photos, surveys and/or GIS Maps of site

**b. Development Description**

- Basic description, including number and type of units and buildings and construction type
- Photos, sketches or renderings of buildings/units
- Site layout plan
- Site accessibility and visitability for individuals with mobility impairments
- Unit's/development's amenities including security services/measures in place, availability of laundry rooms, community rooms, recreational facilities
- Off-street parking, garages
- Any other amenities that enhance tenants' quality of life
- Proposal development team, including proposed ownership entity (will be more extensive or detailed for projects proposing new construction)
- Development financial pro-forma (project sources and uses)
- Operating financial pro-forma (income and expense after completion)
- Information on the income ranges and demographics of anticipated resident household
- Documentation of the demand and need in the housing market area for the proposed units

**c. Unit Descriptions**

- Unit types (e.g. townhomes, flats, single family detached, duplex, etc.) and numbers
- Unit sizes and numbers of bedroom
- Accessibility features proposed for those with mobility and audio/visual impairments, and number of such units
- Unit age (if existing)
- Last Major Modernization/Rehabilitation Work, if existing
- Energy efficient and sustainable ("green") development information
- Include a photo of the interior of unit type (existing) or proposed floor plans (new construction)
- Each unit under consideration within a development must be assigned a specific number or letter/number combination to identify that unit for evaluation purposes. Any drawings or photos of individual units should bear the same designation.

**d. Supportive Services (if applicable)**

- Name, address, contact information of service provider
- A description of the service provider's experience
- Types of services to be offered

- Cost and frequency of services and location of services offered

**e. Vouchers Sought**

Specify the number of vouchers sought for each bedroom size at each development and specify the minimum number of vouchers that the Offeror will accept at each development.

For example, “The Offeror seeks project-based assistance for three (3) one-bedroom units at King’s Court and one (1) two-bedroom unit at XYZ Gardens.”

**Tab 5 – References**

Provide the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of three individuals/businesses whom the HACD may contact as references for the Offeror’s ability to serve as a Project-Based landlord and/or developer. If supportive services will be provided in conjunction with the project-based units, provide the names, addresses and telephone numbers of three individuals/businesses whom the HACD may contact as references for the service provider to service the property’s clientele and provide positive outcomes.

**Tab 6 – Mandatory Affidavits and Certification Forms**

Include the following mandatory forms in the order listed below:

- Minimum Evaluation Criteria Certification (**Appendix E**)
- Certifications and Representations of Offerors - Non-Construction Contract (Form HUD-5369-C) (**Appendix F**)
- Corporate Certification or Partnership Certificate (**Appendix G**)
- Noncollusion Affidavit (**Appendix H**)

The Offeror should complete each form and sign and notarize the form when required. The Offeror should mark a form “Not Applicable” where appropriate.

## 5. PROJECT-BASED VOUCHERS – GENERAL INFORMATION

This information is offered to assist Offerors in understanding the terms of the Program.

- A. If it is approved, the HACD will maintain a separate waiting list for the project in accordance with the HACD's Administrative Plan that is available for review at the HACD's Central Office located at 310 N. 6<sup>th</sup> Street, DeKalb, IL 60115 or on the HACD's website at [www.dekcohousing.com](http://www.dekcohousing.com).
- B. In determining an appropriate rental assistance payment for a unit assisted under the Project-Based Program, the HACD will examine just those costs associated with the housing component of the unit. Costs related to supportive services associated with the unit, if any, may not be considered when establishing reasonable rental assistance payments for the unit.
- C. The gross rent for the unit is the amount of assistance for rent and tenant-provided utilities. The gross rent shall not exceed the amounts in the HACD's Voucher Payment Standards set forth in **Appendix I**. Rents may be adjusted during the term of the HAP contract; however, the adjusted rents must be reasonable in comparison with rents charged for comparable units in the private, unassisted local market.

## 6. PROPOSAL EVALUATION AND VOUCHER AWARD

### A. Evaluation Committee

The Evaluation Committee will consist of three (3) members and will be responsible for developing a recommendation to the HACD Board. The Evaluation Committee may designate non-voting technical advisors in its evaluation process.

### B. Evaluation Process – An Overview

The Evaluation Committee will conduct a review of the Minimum Evaluation Criteria. **Proposals that do not meet the Minimum Evaluation Criteria will be disqualified from further consideration.**

The Evaluation Committee shall next conduct an evaluation using the Comparative Evaluation Criteria set forth in Section 6.D of this RFP. The Evaluation Committee shall arrive at a rating using the designated scoring system. If a proposal contains multiple developments, each development will be evaluated separately and will be assigned a composite rating. Each proposal and the units in them will be graded on their own merit and not in competition with any other proposals.

### C. Minimum Evaluation Criteria

The proposal must comply with HUD program regulations and requirements including a determination that the property is eligible housing (see 24 CFR 983.53 and 24 CFR

983.54), complies with the cap on the number of project-based assisted units per building (24 CFR 983.56) and meets the site selection standards (24 CFR 983.57).

Developments of Proposal Category 1 (new construction) which propose units in census tracts with a poverty rate greater than 20% or with a minority concentration greater than 20% must demonstrate an overriding need for these affordable housing units in the proposed location. Submit under Tab 4(a) Property Description.

The units must be in the jurisdiction of the HACD which is DeKalb County but should not be in the “north west corridor” of the City of DeKalb.

The units must be ready for occupancy no later than sixty (60) days for existing units and one hundred and eighty (180) days for new construction, unless the HACD in its sole discretion grants an extension to the contract awardee.

#### **D. Comparative Evaluation Criteria**

The Evaluation Committee will evaluate each unit proposed using the process described above and the factors specified below. Each unit will be assigned a rating. Award of vouchers will not be made to any project/property/unit that fails to receive a minimum of 60 points in the Comparative Evaluation Criteria component of this RFP.

##### **a. Property Rating (Up to 22 Points)**

- Physical Suitability of Site for Proposed Development (Topography, Access, Freedom from Environmental Hazards) 6 Points
- Legal Suitability of Site for Proposed Development (Zoning, Utility existence, Site Control) 6 Points
- Neighborhood Suitability (proximity to workplace opportunities, public transportation, medical facilities, retail locations, schools, civic locations, recreational areas and facilities). NOTE: Proposed Developments in Census tracts with a poverty rate greater than 20%, with or a minority concentration greater than 20% are limited to 6 points for this element. 5 Points
- Properties located outside areas of poverty and/or minority concentration 5 Points

##### **b. Development Rating (Up to 35 Points)**

- Quality of Proposed Site Layout, including parking and Accessibility and Overall Development Plan 7 Points
- Development Amenities 7 Points
- Experience and Capability of Development Team 7 Points
- Financial Feasibility of Proposed Development 7 Points
- Demand for the Proposed Units 7 Points

**c. Unit Rating (Up to 28 Points)**

- Housing Quality of Proposed Units, their sizes and bedroom mix 7 Points
- Unit accessibility for individuals with mobility and visual impairments 7 Points
- Energy efficiency of the units and sustainable development features 7 Points
- Financial feasibility of proposed development 7 Points

**d. Case Management Services (Up to 15 Points)**

- Demonstrated Experience and Capability of Social Service Provider 15 Points

***Note: In accordance with 24 CFR 983.103, after the Evaluation Committee determines that a proposal qualifies for project-based assistance, the HACD will inspect the unit(s) to ensure that it substantially complies with Housing Quality Standards. If it does not substantially comply with HQS, the unit will be deemed ineligible for project-based assistance.***

**E. Contract Award**

The HACD reserves the right to award the contract(s) to the Offeror(s) whose proposal(s) is/are determined by HACD in its sole judgment to be the most advantageous proposal(s), taking into consideration the evaluation criteria. Should a selected finalist fail to enter into a HAP/AHAP with the HACD within sixty (60) days after award of the contract, the HACD reserves the right to award the contract to another/other Offeror(s). As an alternative, the HACD may choose to reissue the RFP if the rejection of all proposals is in the best interest of the HACD.

## ELECTRONIC CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS

Appendix B

e-CFR data is current as of January 12, 2018

Title 24 → Subtitle B → Chapter IX → Part 983

Title 24: Housing and Urban Development

**PART 983—PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER (PBV) PROGRAM****Contents****Subpart A—General**

- §983.1 When the PBV rule (24 CFR part 983) applies.
- §983.2 When the tenant-based voucher rule (24 CFR part 982) applies.
- §983.3 PBV definitions.
- §983.4 Cross-reference to other Federal requirements.
- §983.5 Description of the PBV program.
- §983.6 Maximum amount of PBV assistance.
- §983.7 Uniform Relocation Act.
- §983.8 Equal opportunity requirements.
- §983.9 Special housing types.
- §983.10 Project-based certificate (PBC) program.

**Subpart B—Selection of PBV Owner Proposals**

- §983.51 Owner proposal selection procedures.
- §983.52 Housing type.
- §983.53 Prohibition of assistance for ineligible units.
- §983.54 Prohibition of assistance for units in subsidized housing.
- §983.55 Prohibition of excess public assistance.
- §983.56 Cap on number of PBV units in each project.
- §983.57 Site selection standards.
- §983.58 Environmental review.
- §983.59 PHA-owned units.

**Subpart C—Dwelling Units**

- §983.101 Housing quality standards.
- §983.102 Housing accessibility for persons with disabilities.
- §983.103 Inspecting units.

**Subpart D—Requirements for Rehabilitated and Newly Constructed Units**

- §983.151 Applicability.
- §983.152 Purpose and content of the Agreement to enter into HAP contract.
- §983.153 When Agreement is executed.
- §983.154 Conduct of development work.
- §983.155 Completion of housing.
- §983.156 PHA acceptance of completed units.
- §983.157 Broadband infrastructure.

**Subpart E—Housing Assistance Payments Contract**

- §983.201 Applicability.
- §983.202 Purpose of HAP contract.
- §983.203 HAP contract information.
- §983.204 When HAP contract is executed.
- §983.205 Term of HAP contract.
- §983.206 Statutory notice requirements: Contract termination or expiration.
- §983.207 HAP contract amendments (to add or substitute contract units).
- §983.208 Condition of contract units.
- §983.209 Owner responsibilities.

- §983.210 Owner certification.  
 §983.211 Removal of unit from HAP contract.

### Subpart F—Occupancy

- §983.251 How participants are selected.  
 §983.252 PHA information for accepted family.  
 §983.253 Leasing of contract units.  
 §983.254 Vacancies.  
 §983.255 Tenant screening.  
 §983.256 Lease.  
 §983.257 Owner termination of tenancy and eviction.  
 §983.258 Continuation of housing assistance payments.  
 §983.259 Security deposit: amounts owed by tenant.  
 §983.260 Overcrowded, under-occupied, and accessible units.  
 §983.261 Family right to move.  
 §983.262 When occupancy may exceed 25 percent cap on the number of PBV units in each project.

### Subpart G—Rent to Owner

- §983.301 Determining the rent to owner.  
 §983.302 Redetermination of rent to owner.  
 §983.303 Reasonable rent.  
 §983.304 Other subsidy: effect on rent to owner.  
 §983.305 Rent to owner: effect of rent control and other rent limits.

### Subpart H—Payment to Owner

- §983.351 PHA payment to owner for occupied unit.  
 §983.352 Vacancy payment.  
 §983.353 Tenant rent; payment to owner.  
 §983.354 Other fees and charges.

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 1437f and 3535(d).

SOURCE: 70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, unless otherwise noted.

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## Subpart A—General

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### §983.1 When the PBV rule (24 CFR part 983) applies.

Part 983 applies to the project-based voucher (PBV) program. The PBV program is authorized by section 8(o)(13) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)(13)).

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### §983.2 When the tenant-based voucher rule (24 CFR part 982) applies.

(a) *24 CFR Part 982.* Part 982 is the basic regulation for the tenant-based voucher program. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section describe the provisions of part 982 that do not apply to the PBV program. The rest of part 982 applies to the PBV program. For use and applicability of voucher program definitions at §982.4, see §983.3.

(b) *Types of 24 CFR part 982 provisions that do not apply to PBV.* The following types of provisions in 24 CFR part 982 do not apply to PBV assistance under part 983.

(1) Provisions on issuance or use of a voucher;

(2) Provisions on portability;

(3) Provisions on the following special housing types: Shared housing, manufactured home space rental, and the homeownership option.

(c) *Specific 24 CFR part 982 provisions that do not apply to PBV assistance.* Except as specified in this paragraph, the following specific provisions in 24 CFR part 982 do not apply to PBV assistance under part 983.



- (1) In subpart E of part 982: paragraph (b)(2) of §982.202 and paragraph (d) of §982.204;
- (2) Subpart G of part 982 does not apply, with the following exceptions:
  - (i) Section 982.310 (owner termination of tenancy) applies to the PBV program, but to the extent that those provisions differ from §983.257, the provisions of §983.257 govern; and
  - (ii) Section 982.312 (absence from unit) applies to the PBV Program, but to the extent that those provisions differ from §983.256(g), the provisions of §983.256(g) govern; and
  - (iii) Section 982.316 (live-in aide) applies to the PBV Program;
- (3) Subpart H of part 982;
- (4) In subpart I of part 982: §982.401(j); paragraphs (a)(3), (c), and (d) of §982.402; §982.403; §982.405(a); and §982.407;
- (5) In subpart J of part 982: §982.455;
- (6) Subpart K of Part 982: subpart K does not apply, except that the following provisions apply to the PBV Program:
  - (i) Section 982.503 (for determination of the payment standard amount and schedule for a Fair Market Rent (FMR) area or for a designated part of an FMR area). However, provisions authorizing approval of a higher payment standard as a reasonable accommodation for a particular family that includes a person with disabilities do not apply (since the payment standard amount does not affect availability of a PBV unit for occupancy by a family or the amount paid by the family);
  - (ii) Section 982.516 (family income and composition; regular and interim examinations);
  - (iii) Section 982.517 (utility allowance schedule);
- (7) In subpart M of part 982:
  - (i) Sections 982.603, 982.607, 982.611, 982.613(c)(2), 982.619(a), (b)(1), (b)(4), (c); and
  - (ii) Provisions concerning shared housing (§982.615 through §982.618), manufactured home space rental (§982.622 through §982.624), and the homeownership option (§982.625 through §982.641).

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 12377, Mar. 8, 2016]

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### **§983.3 PBV definitions.**

(a) *Use of PBV definitions*—(1) *PBV terms (defined in this section)*. This section defines PBV terms that are used in this part 983. For PBV assistance, the definitions in this section apply to use of the defined terms in part 983 and in applicable provisions of 24 CFR part 982. (Section 983.2 specifies which provisions in part 982 apply to PBV assistance under part 983.)

(2) *Other voucher terms (terms defined in 24 CFR 982.4)*. (i) The definitions in this section apply instead of definitions of the same terms in 24 CFR 982.4.

(ii) Other voucher terms are defined in §982.4, but are not defined in this section. Those §982.4 definitions apply to use of the defined terms in this part 983 and in provisions of part 982 that apply to part 983.

(b) *PBV definitions. 1937 Act*. The United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437 *et seq.*).

*Activities of daily living*. Eating, bathing, grooming, dressing, and home management activities.

*Admission*. The point when the family becomes a participant in the PHA's tenant-based or project-based voucher program (initial receipt of tenant-based or project-based assistance). After admission, and so long as the family is continuously assisted with tenant-based or project-based voucher assistance from the PHA, a shift from tenant-based or project-based assistance to the other form of voucher assistance is not a new admission.

*Agreement to enter into HAP contract (Agreement)*. The Agreement is a written contract between the PHA and the owner in the form prescribed by HUD. The Agreement defines requirements for development of housing to be assisted under this section. When development is completed by the owner in accordance with the Agreement, the PHA enters into a HAP contract with the owner. The Agreement is not used for existing housing assisted under this section. HUD will keep the public informed about changes to the Agreement and other forms and contracts related to this program through appropriate means.

*Assisted living facility*. A residence facility (including a facility located in a larger multifamily property) that meets all the following criteria:

- (1) The facility is licensed and regulated as an assisted living facility by the state, municipality, or other political subdivision;
- (2) The facility makes available supportive services to assist residents in carrying out activities of daily living; and
- (3) The facility provides separate dwelling units for residents and includes common rooms and other facilities appropriate and actually available to provide supportive services for the residents.

*Comparable rental assistance.* A subsidy or other means to enable a family to obtain decent housing in the PHA jurisdiction renting at a gross rent that is not more than 40 percent of the family's adjusted monthly gross income.

*Contract units.* The housing units covered by a HAP contract.

*Covered housing provider.* For Project-Based Voucher (PBV) program, "covered housing provider," as such term is used in HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L (Protection for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking) refers to the PHA or owner (as defined in 24 CFR 982.4), as applicable given the responsibilities of the covered housing provider as set forth in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L. For example, the PHA is the covered housing provider responsible for providing the notice of occupancy rights under VAWA and certification form described at 24 CFR 5.2005(a). In addition, the owner is the covered housing provider that may choose to bifurcate a lease as described at 24 CFR 5.2009(a), while the PHA is the covered housing provider responsible for complying with emergency transfer plan provisions at 24 CFR 5.2005(e).

*Development.* Construction or rehabilitation of PBV housing after the proposal selection date.

*Excepted units* (units in a multifamily project not counted against the 25 percent per- project cap). See §983.56(b)(2)(i).

*Existing housing.* Housing units that already exist on the proposal selection date and that substantially comply with the HQS on that date. (The units must fully comply with the HQS before execution of the HAP contract.)

*Household.* The family and any PHA-approved live-in aide.

*Housing assistance payment.* The monthly assistance payment for a PBV unit by a PHA, which includes:

- (1) A payment to the owner for rent to owner under the family's lease minus the tenant rent; and
- (2) An additional payment to or on behalf of the family, if the utility allowance exceeds the total tenant payment, in the amount of such excess.

*Housing credit agency.* For purposes of performing subsidy layering reviews for proposed PBV projects, a housing credit agency includes a State housing finance agency, a State participating jurisdiction under HUD's HOME program (see 24 CFR part 92), or other State housing agencies that meet the definition of "housing credit agency" as defined by section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

*Housing quality standards (HQS).* The HUD minimum quality standards for housing assisted under the program. See 24 CFR 982.401.

*Lease.* A written agreement between an owner and a tenant for the leasing of a PBV dwelling unit by the owner to the tenant. The lease establishes the conditions for occupancy of the dwelling unit by a family with housing assistance payments under a HAP contract between the owner and the PHA.

*Multifamily building.* A building with five or more dwelling units (assisted or unassisted).

*Newly constructed housing.* Housing units that do not exist on the proposal selection date and are developed after the date of selection pursuant to an Agreement between the PHA and owner for use under the PBV program.

*Partially assisted project.* A project in which there are fewer contract units than residential units.

*PHA-owned unit.* A dwelling unit owned by the PHA that administers the voucher program. PHA-owned means that the PHA or its officers, employees, or agents hold a direct or indirect interest in the building in which the unit is located, including an interest as titleholder or lessee, or as a stockholder, member or general or limited partner, or member of a limited liability corporation, or an entity that holds any such direct or indirect interest.

*Premises.* The project in which the contract unit is located, including common areas and grounds.

*Program.* The voucher program under section 8 of the 1937 Act, including tenant-based or project-based assistance.

*Project.* A project is a single building, multiple contiguous buildings, or multiple buildings on contiguous parcels of land. *Contiguous* in this definition includes "adjacent to", as well as touching along a boundary or a point.

*Project-based certificate (PBC) program.* The program in which project-based assistance is attached to units pursuant to an Agreement executed by a PHA and owner before January 16, 2001 (see §983.10).

*Proposal selection date.* The date the PHA gives written notice of PBV proposal selection to an owner whose proposal is selected in accordance with the criteria established in the PHA's administrative plan.

*Qualifying families* (for purpose of exception to 25 percent per-project cap). See §983.56(b)(2)(ii).

*Rehabilitated housing.* Housing units that exist on the proposal selection date, but do not substantially comply with the HQS on that date, and are developed, pursuant to an Agreement between the PHA and owner, for use under the PBV program.

*Release of funds* (for purposes of environmental review). Release of funds in the case of the project-based voucher program, under 24 CFR 58.1(b)(6)(iii) and §983.58, means that HUD approves the local PHA's Request for Release of Funds and Certification by issuing a Letter to Proceed (in lieu of using form HUD-7015.16) that authorizes the PHA to execute an "agreement to enter into housing assistance payment contract" (AHAP) or, for existing housing, to directly enter into a HAP with an owner of units selected under the PBV program.

*Rent to owner.* The total monthly rent payable by the family and the PHA to the owner under the lease for a contract unit. Rent to owner includes payment for any housing services, maintenance, and utilities to be provided by the owner in accordance with the lease. (Rent to owner must not include charges for non-housing services including payment for food, furniture, or supportive services provided in accordance with the lease.)

*Responsible entity (RE) (for environmental review).* The unit of general local government within which the project is located that exercises land use responsibility or, if HUD determines this infeasible, the county or, if HUD determines that infeasible, the state.

*Single-family building.* A building with no more than four dwelling units (assisted or unassisted).

*Site.* The grounds where the contract units are located, or will be located after development pursuant to the Agreement.

*Special housing type.* Subpart M of 24 CFR part 982 states the special regulatory requirements for single-room occupancy (SRO) housing, congregate housing, group homes, and manufactured homes. Subpart M provisions on shared housing, manufactured home space rental, and the homeownership option do not apply to PBV assistance under this part.

*Tenant-paid utilities.* Utility service that is not included in the tenant rent (as defined in 24 CFR 982.4), and which is the responsibility of the assisted family.

*Total tenant payment.* The amount described in 24 CFR 5.628.

*Utility allowance.* See 24 CFR 5.603.

*Utility reimbursement.* See 24 CFR 5.603.

*Wrong-size unit.* A unit occupied by a family that does not conform to the PHA's subsidy guideline for family size, by being either too large or too small compared to the guideline.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

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#### **§983.4 Cross-reference to other Federal requirements.**

The following provisions apply to assistance under the PBV program.

*Civil money penalty.* Penalty for owner breach of HAP contract. See 24 CFR 30.68.

*Debarment.* Prohibition on use of debarred, suspended, or ineligible contractors. See 24 CFR 5.105(c) and 2 CFR part 2424.

*Definitions.* See 24 CFR part 5, subpart D.

*Disclosure and verification of income information.* See 24 CFR part 5, subpart B.

*Environmental review.* See 24 CFR parts 50 and 58 (see also provisions on PBV environmental review at §983.58).

*Fair housing.* Nondiscrimination and equal opportunity. See 24 CFR 5.105(a) and section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act.

*Fair market rents.* See 24 CFR part 888, subpart A.

*Fraud.* See 24 CFR part 792. PHA retention of recovered funds.

*Funds.* See 24 CFR part 791. HUD allocation of voucher funds.

*Income and family payment.* See 24 CFR part 5, subpart F (especially §5.603 (definitions), §5.609 (annual income), §5.611 (adjusted income), §5.628 (total tenant payment), §5.630 (minimum rent), §5.603 (utility allowance), §5.603 (utility reimbursements), and §5.661 (section 8 project-based assistance programs: approval for police or other security personnel to live in project)).

*Labor standards.* Regulations implementing the Davis-Bacon Act, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3701-3708), 29 CFR part 5, and other federal laws and regulations pertaining to labor standards applicable to development (including rehabilitation) of a project comprising nine or more assisted units.

*Lead-based paint.* Regulations implementing the Lead-based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821-4846) and the Residential Lead-based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851-4856). See 24 CFR part 35, subparts A, B, H, and R.

*Lobbying restriction.* Restrictions on use of funds for lobbying. See 24 CFR 5.105(b).

*Noncitizens.* Restrictions on assistance. See 24 CFR part 5, subpart E.

*Program accessibility.* Regulations implementing Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794). See 24 CFR parts 8 and 9.

*Protection for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.* See 24 CFR part 5, subpart L.

*Protection for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.* See 24 CFR part 5, subpart L (Protection for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking). For purposes of compliance with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, the covered housing provider is the PHA or owner, as applicable given the responsibilities of the covered housing provider as set forth in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L.

*Relocation assistance.* Regulations implementing the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (URA) (42 U.S.C. 4201-4655). See 49 CFR part 24.

*Section 3—Training, employment, and contracting opportunities in development.* Regulations implementing Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u). See 24 CFR part 135.

*Uniform financial reporting standards.* See 24 CFR part 5, subpart H.

*Waiver of HUD rules.* See 24 CFR 5.110.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 72 FR 73497, Dec. 27, 2007; 73 FR 72345, Nov. 28, 2008; 75 FR 66264, Oct. 24, 2010; 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

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### **§983.5 Description of the PBV program.**

(a) *How PBV works.* (1) The PBV program is administered by a PHA that already administers the tenant-based voucher program under an annual contributions contract (ACC) with HUD. In the PBV program, the assistance is "attached to the structure." (See description of the difference between "project-based" and "tenant-based" rental assistance at 24 CFR 982.1(b).)

(2) The PHA enters into a HAP contract with an owner for units in existing housing or in newly constructed or rehabilitated housing.

(3) In the case of newly constructed or rehabilitated housing, the housing is developed under an Agreement between the owner and the PHA. In the Agreement, the PHA agrees to execute a HAP contract after the owner completes the construction or rehabilitation of the units.

(4) During the term of the HAP contract, the PHA makes housing assistance payments to the owner for units leased and occupied by eligible families.

(b) *How PBV is funded.* (1) If a PHA decides to operate a PBV program, the PHA's PBV program is funded with a portion of appropriated funding (budget authority) available under the PHA's voucher ACC. This pool of funding is used to pay housing assistance for both tenant-based and project-based voucher units and to pay PHA administrative fees for administration of tenant-based and project-based voucher assistance.

(2) There is no special or additional funding for project-based vouchers. HUD does not reserve additional units for project-based vouchers and does not provide any additional funding for this purpose.

(c) *PHA discretion to operate PBV program.* A PHA has discretion whether to operate a PBV program. HUD approval is not required, except that the PHA must notify HUD of its intent to project-base its vouchers, in accordance with §983.6(d).

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014]

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### §983.6 Maximum amount of PBV assistance.

(a) The PHA may select owner proposals to provide project-based assistance for up to 20 percent of the amount of budget authority allocated to the PHA by HUD in the PHA voucher program. PHAs are not required to reduce the number of PBV units selected under an Agreement or HAP contract if the amount of budget authority is subsequently reduced.

(b) All PBC and project-based voucher units for which the PHA has issued a notice of proposal selection or which are under an Agreement or HAP contract for PBC or project-based voucher assistance count against the 20 percent maximum.

(c) The PHA is responsible for determining the amount of budget authority that is available for project-based vouchers and for ensuring that the amount of assistance that is attached to units is within the amounts available under the ACC.

(d) Before a PHA issues a Request for Proposals in accordance with §983.51(b)(1) or makes a selection in accordance with §983.51(b)(2), the PHA must submit the following information to a HUD field office for review:

(1) The total amount of annual budget authority;

(2) The percentage of annual budget authority available to be project-based; and

(3) The total amount of annual budget authority the PHA is planning to project-base pursuant to the selection and the number of units that such budget authority will support.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014]

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### §983.7 Uniform Relocation Act.

(a) *Relocation assistance for displaced person.* (1) A displaced person must be provided relocation assistance at the levels described in and in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (URA) (42 U.S.C. 4201-4655) and implementing regulations at 49 CFR part 24.

(2) The cost of required relocation assistance may be paid with funds provided by the owner, or with local public funds, or with funds available from other sources. Relocation costs may not be paid from voucher program funds; however, provided payment of relocation benefits is consistent with state and local law, PHAs may use their administrative fee reserve to pay for relocation assistance after all other program administrative expenses are satisfied. Use of the administrative fee reserve in this manner must be consistent with legal and regulatory requirements, including the requirements of 24 CFR 982.155 and other official HUD issuances.

(b) *Real property acquisition requirements.* The acquisition of real property for a PBV project is subject to the URA and 49 CFR part 24, subpart B.

(c) *Responsibility of PHA.* The PHA must require the owner to comply with the URA and 49 CFR part 24.

(d) *Definition of initiation of negotiations.* In computing a replacement housing payment to a residential tenant displaced as a direct result of privately undertaken rehabilitation or demolition of the real property, the term "initiation of negotiations" means the execution of the Agreement between the owner and the PHA.

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### §983.8 Equal opportunity requirements.

(a) The PBV program requires compliance with all equal opportunity requirements under federal law and regulation, including the authorities cited at 24 CFR 5.105(a).

(b) The PHA must comply with the PHA Plan civil rights and affirmatively furthering fair housing certification submitted by the PHA in accordance with 24 CFR 903.7(o).

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**§983.9 Special housing types.**

- (a) *Applicability.* (1) For applicability of rules on special housing types at 24 CFR part 982, subpart M, see §983.2.
- (2) In the PBV program, the PHA may not provide assistance for shared housing, manufactured home space rental, or the homeownership option.
- (b) *Group homes.* A group home may include one or more group home units. A separate lease is executed for each elderly person or person with disabilities who resides in a group home.
- (c) *Cooperative housing.* (1) *Applicability of part 983.* Except as provided in paragraph (c)(3) of this section, assistance under this housing type is subject to the regulations of part 983, except the following sections of part 983, subpart F: §§983.256 (b) and (c), 983.258 and 983.259 do not apply.
- (2) *Applicability of part 982.* (i) Cooperative housing under the PBV program is also subject to the requirements of 24 CFR 982.619(b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(5), (d), and (e).
- (ii) Cooperative housing under the PBV program is not subject to the requirements of 24 CFR 982.619(a), (b)(1), (b)(4), and (c).
- (3) *Assistance in cooperative housing.* Rental assistance for PBV cooperative housing where families lease cooperative housing units from cooperative members is not a special housing type and all requirements of 24 CFR 983 apply.
- (4) *Rent to owner.* The regulations of 24 CFR part 983, subpart G, apply to PBV housing under paragraph (c) of this section. The reasonable rent for a cooperative unit is determined in accordance with §983.303. For cooperative housing, the rent to owner is the monthly carrying charge under the occupancy agreement/lease between the member and the cooperative.
- (5) *Other fees and charges.* Fees such as application fees, credit report fees, and transfer fees shall not be included in the rent to owner.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014]

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**§983.10 Project-based certificate (PBC) program.**

- (a) *What is it?* "PBC program" means project-based assistance attached to units pursuant to an Agreement executed by a PHA and owner before January 16, 2001, and in accordance with:
- (1) The regulations for the PBC program at 24 CFR part 983, codified as of May 1, 2001 and contained in 24 CFR part 983 revised as of April 1, 2002; and
- (2) Section 8(d)(2) of the 1937 Act, as in effect before October 21, 1998 (the date of enactment of Title V of Public Law 105-276, the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998, codified at 42 U.S.C. 1437 *et seq.*).
- (b) *What rules apply?* Units under the PBC program are subject to the provisions of 24 CFR part 983, codified as of May 1, 2001, with the following exceptions:
- (1) *PBC renewals.* (i) *General.* Consistent with the PBC HAP contract, at the sole option of the PHA, HAP contracts may be renewed for terms for an aggregate total (including the initial and any renewal terms) of 15 years, subject to the availability of appropriated funds.
- (ii) *Renewal of PBC as PBV.* At the sole discretion of the PHA, upon the request of an owner, PHAs may renew a PBC HAP contract as a PBV HAP contract. All PBV regulations (including 24 CFR part 983, subpart G—Rent to Owner) apply to a PBC HAP contract renewed as a PBV HAP contract with the exception of §§983.51, 983.56, and 983.57(b)(1). In addition, the following conditions apply:
- (A) The term of the HAP contract for PBC contracts renewed as PBV contracts shall be consistent with §983.205.
- (B) A PHA must make the determination, within one year before expiration of a PBC HAP contract, that renewal of the contract under the PBV program is appropriate to continue providing affordable housing for low-income families.
- (C) The renewal of PBC assistance as PBV assistance is effectuated by the execution of a PBV HAP contract addendum as prescribed by HUD and a PBV HAP contract for existing housing.
- (2) *Housing quality standards.* The regulations in 24 CFR 982.401 (housing quality standards) (HQS) apply to units assisted under the PBC program.

(i) *Special housing types.* HQS requirements for eligible special housing types, under this program, apply (See 24 CFR 982.605, 982.609 and 982.614).

(ii) *Lead-based paint requirements.* (A) The lead-based paint requirements at 24 CFR 982.401(j) do not apply to the PBC program.

(B) The Lead-based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821-4846), the Residential Lead-based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851-4856), and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 35, subparts A, B, H, and R, apply to the PBV program.

(iii) *HQS enforcement.* The regulations in 24 CFR parts 982 and 983 do not create any right of the family or any party, other than HUD or the PHA, to require enforcement of the HQS requirements or to assert any claim against HUD or the PHA for damages, injunction, or other relief for alleged failure to enforce the HQS.

(c) *Statutory notice requirements.* In addition to provisions of 24 CFR part 983 codified as of May 1, 2001, §983.206 applies to the PBC program.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36166, June 25, 2014]

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## Subpart B—Selection of PBV Owner Proposals

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### §983.51 Owner proposal selection procedures.

(a) *Procedures for selecting PBV proposals.* The PHA administrative plan must describe the procedures for owner submission of PBV proposals and for PHA selection of PBV proposals. Before selecting a PBV proposal, the PHA must determine that the PBV proposal complies with HUD program regulations and requirements, including a determination that the property is eligible housing (§§983.53 and 983.54), complies with the cap on the number of PBV units per project (§983.56), and meets the site selection standards (§983.57).

(b) *Selection of PBV proposals.* The PHA must select PBV proposals in accordance with the selection procedures in the PHA administrative plan. The PHA must select PBV proposals by either of the following two methods.

(1) *PHA request for PBV Proposals.* The PHA may not limit proposals to a single site or impose restrictions that explicitly or practically preclude owner submission of proposals for PBV housing on different sites.

(2) *Selection based on previous competition.* The PHA may select, without competition, a proposal for housing assisted under a federal, State, or local government housing assistance, community development, or supportive services program that required competitive selection of proposals (e.g., HOME, and units for which competitively awarded low-income housing tax credits (LIHTCs) have been provided), where the proposal has been selected in accordance with such program's competitive selection requirements within 3 years of the PBV proposal selection date, and the earlier competitively selected housing assistance proposal did not involve any consideration that the project would receive PBV assistance.

(c) *Public notice of PHA request for PBV proposals.* If the PHA will be selecting proposals under paragraph (b)(1) of this section, PHA procedures for selecting PBV proposals must be designed and actually operated to provide broad public notice of the opportunity to offer PBV proposals for consideration by the PHA. The public notice procedures may include publication of the public notice in a local newspaper of general circulation and other means designed and actually operated to provide broad public notice. The public notice of the PHA request for PBV proposals must specify the submission deadline. Detailed application and selection information must be provided at the request of interested parties.

(d) *PHA notice of owner selection.* The PHA must give prompt written notice to the party that submitted a selected proposal and must also give prompt public notice of such selection. Public notice procedures may include publication of public notice in a local newspaper of general circulation and other means designed and actually operated to provide broad public notice.

(e) *PHA-owned units.* A PHA-owned unit may be assisted under the PBV program only if the HUD field office or HUD-approved independent entity reviews the selection process and determines that the PHA-owned units were appropriately selected based on the selection procedures specified in the PHA administrative plan. Under no circumstances may PBV assistance be used with a public housing unit.

(f) *Public review of PHA selection decision documentation.* The PHA must make documentation available for public inspection regarding the basis for the PHA selection of a PBV proposal.

(g) *Owner proposal selection does not require submission of form HUD-2530 or other HUD previous participation clearance.*

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36166, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.52 Housing type.**

The PHA may attach PBV assistance for units in existing housing or for newly constructed or rehabilitated housing developed under and in accordance with an Agreement.

(a) *Existing housing*—A housing unit is considered an existing unit for purposes of the PBV program, if at the time of notice of PHA selection the units substantially comply with HQS.

(1) Units for which rehabilitation or new construction began after owner's proposal submission but prior to execution of the AHAP do not subsequently qualify as existing housing.

(2) Units that were newly constructed or rehabilitated in violation of program requirements also do not qualify as existing housing.

(b) Subpart D of this part applies to newly constructed and rehabilitated housing.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36166, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.53 Prohibition of assistance for ineligible units.**

(a) *Ineligible unit.* The PHA may not attach or pay PBV assistance for units in the following types of housing:

(1) Shared housing;

(2) Units on the grounds of a penal, reformatory, medical, mental, or similar public or private institution;

(3) Nursing homes or facilities providing continuous psychiatric, medical, nursing services, board and care, or intermediate care. However, the PHA may attach PBV assistance for a dwelling unit in an assisted living facility that provides home health care services such as nursing and therapy for residents of the housing;

(4) Units that are owned or controlled by an educational institution or its affiliate and are designated for occupancy by students of the institution;

(5) Manufactured homes; and

(6) Transitional Housing.

(b) *Prohibition against assistance for owner-occupied unit.* The PHA may not attach or pay PBV assistance for a unit occupied by an owner of the housing. A member of a cooperative who owns shares in the project assisted under the PBV program shall not be considered an owner for purposes of participation in the PBV program.

(c) *Prohibition against selecting unit occupied by an ineligible family.* Before a PHA selects a specific unit to which assistance is to be attached, the PHA must determine whether the unit is occupied and, if occupied, whether the unit's occupants are eligible for assistance. The PHA must not select or enter into an Agreement or HAP contract for a unit occupied by a family ineligible for participation in the PBV program.

(d) *Prohibition against assistance for units for which commencement of construction or rehabilitation occurred prior to AHAP.* The PHA may not attach or pay PBV assistance for units for which construction or rehabilitation has commenced as defined in §983.152 after proposal submission and prior to execution of an AHAP.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36166, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.54 Prohibition of assistance for units in subsidized housing.**

A PHA may not attach or pay PBV assistance to units in any of the following types of subsidized housing:

(a) A public housing dwelling unit;

(b) A unit subsidized with any other form of Section 8 assistance (tenant-based or project-based);

(c) A unit subsidized with any governmental rent subsidy (a subsidy that pays all or any part of the rent);



- (d) A unit subsidized with any governmental subsidy that covers all or any part of the operating costs of the housing;
- (e) A unit subsidized with Section 236 rental assistance payments (12 U.S.C. 1715z-1). However, the PHA may attach assistance to a unit subsidized with Section 236 interest reduction payments;
- (f) A unit subsidized with rental assistance payments under Section 521 of the Housing Act of 1949, 42 U.S.C. 1490a (a Rural Housing Service Program). However, the PHA may attach assistance for a unit subsidized with Section 515 interest reduction payments (42 U.S.C. 1485);
- (g) A Section 202 project for non-elderly persons with disabilities (assistance under Section 162 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1987, 12 U.S.C. 1701q note);
- (h) Section 811 project-based supportive housing for persons with disabilities (42 U.S.C. 8013);
- (i) Section 202 supportive housing for the elderly (12 U.S.C. 1701q);
- (j) A Section 101 rent supplement project (12 U.S.C. 1701s);
- (k) A unit subsidized with any form of tenant-based rental assistance (as defined at 24 CFR 982.1(b)(2)) (e.g., a unit subsidized with tenant-based rental assistance under the HOME program, 42 U.S.C. 12701 *et seq.*);
- (l) A unit with any other duplicative federal, state, or local housing subsidy, as determined by HUD or by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements. For this purpose, "housing subsidy" does not include the housing component of a welfare payment; a social security payment; or a federal, state, or local tax concession (such as relief from local real property taxes).

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#### **§983.55 Prohibition of excess public assistance.**

(a) *Subsidy layering requirements.* The PHA may provide PBV assistance only in accordance with HUD subsidy layering regulations (24 CFR 4.13) and other requirements. The subsidy layering review is intended to prevent excessive public assistance for the housing by combining (layering) housing assistance payment subsidy under the PBV program with other governmental housing assistance from federal, state, or local agencies, including assistance such as tax concessions or tax credits. The subsidy layering requirements are not applicable to existing housing. A further subsidy layering review is not required for housing selected as new construction or rehabilitation of housing, if HUD's designee has conducted a review, which included a review of PBV assistance, in accordance with HUD's PBV subsidy layering review guidelines.

(b) *When subsidy layering review is conducted.* The PHA may not enter into an Agreement or HAP contract until HUD or a housing credit agency approved by HUD has conducted any required subsidy layering review and determined that the PBV assistance is in accordance with HUD subsidy layering requirements.

(c) *Owner certification.* The HAP contract must contain the owner's certification that the project has not received and will not receive (before or during the term of the HAP contract) any public assistance for acquisition, development, or operation of the housing other than assistance disclosed in the subsidy layering review in accordance with HUD requirements.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36166, June 25, 2014]

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#### **§983.56 Cap on number of PBV units in each project.**

(a) *25 percent per project cap.* Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the PHA may not select a proposal to provide PBV assistance for units in a project or enter into an Agreement or HAP contract to provide PBV assistance for units in a project, if the total number of dwelling units in the project that will receive PBV assistance during the term of the PBV HAP is more than 25 percent of the number of dwelling units (assisted or unassisted) in the project.

(b) *Exception to 25 percent per building cap—(1) When PBV units are not counted against cap.* In the following cases, PBV units are not counted against the 25 percent per project cap:

- (i) Units in a single-family building;
  - (ii) Excepted units in a multifamily project.
- (2) Terms (i) "Excepted units" means units in a multifamily project that are specifically made available for qualifying families.
- (ii) "Qualifying families" means:

(A) Elderly and/or disabled families; and/or

(B) Families receiving supportive services. PHAs must include in the PHA administrative plan the type of services offered to families for a project to qualify for the exception and the extent to which such services will be provided. It is not necessary that the services be provided at or by the project, if they are approved services. To qualify, a family must have at least one member receiving at least one qualifying supportive service. A PHA may not require participation in medical or disability-related services other than drug and alcohol treatment in the case of current abusers as a condition of living in an excepted unit, although such services may be offered. If a family at the time of initial tenancy is receiving, and while the resident of an excepted unit has received, FSS supportive services or any other supportive services as defined in the PHA administrative plan, and successfully completes the FSS contract of participation or the supportive services requirement, the unit continues to count as an excepted unit for as long as the family resides in the unit. If a family in an excepted unit fails without good cause to complete its FSS contract of participation or if the family fails to complete the supportive services requirement as outlined in the PHA administrative plan, the PHA will take the actions provided under §983.262(d), and the owner may terminate the lease in accordance with §983.257(c). Also, at the time of initial lease execution between the family and the owner, the family and the PHA must sign a statement of family responsibility. The statement of family responsibility must contain all family obligations including the family's participation in a service program under this section. Failure by the family without good cause to fulfill its service obligation will require the PHA to terminate assistance. If the unit at the time of such termination is an excepted unit, the exception continues to apply to the unit as long as the unit is made available to another qualifying family.

(C) The PHA must monitor the excepted family's continued receipt of supportive services and take appropriate action regarding those families that fail without good cause to complete their supportive services requirement. The PHA administrative plan must state the form and frequency of such monitoring.

(3) *Combining exception categories.* Exception categories in a multifamily housing project may be combined.

(4) *Set-aside for qualifying families.* (i) In leasing units in a multifamily project pursuant to the PBV HAP, the owner must set aside the number of excepted units made available for occupancy by qualifying families.

(ii) The PHA may refer only qualifying families for occupancy of excepted units.

(c) *Additional, local requirements promoting partially assisted projects.* A PHA may establish local requirements designed to promote PBV assistance in partially assisted projects. For example, a PHA may:

(1) Establish a per-project cap on the number of units that will receive PBV assistance or other project-based assistance in a multifamily project containing excepted units or in a single-family building,

(2) Determine not to provide PBV assistance for excepted units, or

(3) Establish a per-project cap of less than 25 percent.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.57 Site selection standards.**

(a) *Applicability.* The site selection requirements in paragraph (d) of this section apply only to site selection for existing housing and rehabilitated PBV housing. The site selection requirements in paragraph (e) of this section apply only to site selection for newly constructed PBV housing. Other provisions of this section apply to selection of a site for any form of PBV housing, including existing housing, newly constructed housing, and rehabilitated housing.

(b) *Compliance with PBV goals, civil rights requirements, and HQS.* The PHA may not select a proposal for existing, newly constructed, or rehabilitated PBV housing on a site or enter into an Agreement or HAP contract for units on the site, unless the PHA has determined that:

(1) Project-based assistance for housing at the selected site is consistent with the goal of deconcentrating poverty and expanding housing and economic opportunities. The standard for deconcentrating poverty and expanding housing and economic opportunities must be consistent with the PHA Plan under 24 CFR part 903 and the PHA Administrative Plan. In developing the standards to apply in determining whether a proposed PBV development will be selected, a PHA must consider the following:

(i) Whether the census tract in which the proposed PBV development will be located is in a HUD-designated Enterprise Zone, Economic Community, or Renewal Community;

(ii) Whether a PBV development will be located in a census tract where the concentration of assisted units will be or has decreased as a result of public housing demolition;

(iii) Whether the census tract in which the proposed PBV development will be located is undergoing significant revitalization;

(iv) Whether state, local, or federal dollars have been invested in the area that has assisted in the achievement of the statutory requirement;

(v) Whether new market rate units are being developed in the same census tract where the proposed PBV development will be located and the likelihood that such market rate units will positively impact the poverty rate in the area;

(vi) If the poverty rate in the area where the proposed PBV development will be located is greater than 20 percent, the PHA should consider whether in the past five years there has been an overall decline in the poverty rate;

(vii) Whether there are meaningful opportunities for educational and economic advancement in the census tract where the proposed PBV development will be located.

(2) The site is suitable from the standpoint of facilitating and furthering full compliance with the applicable provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d-2000d(4)) and HUD's implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 1; Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3601-3629); and HUD's implementing regulations at 24 CFR parts 100 through 199; Executive Order 11063 (27 FR 11527; 3 CFR, 1959-1963 Comp., p. 652) and HUD's implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 107. The site must meet the section 504 site selection requirements described in 24 CFR 8.4(b)(5).

(3) The site meets the HQS site standards at 24 CFR 982.401(l).

(c) *PHA PBV site selection policy.* (1) The PHA administrative plan must establish the PHA's policy for selection of PBV sites in accordance with this section.

(2) The site selection policy must explain how the PHA's site selection procedures promote the PBV goals.

(3) The PHA must select PBV sites in accordance with the PHA's site selection policy in the PHA administrative plan.

(d) *Existing and rehabilitated housing site and neighborhood standards.* A site for existing or rehabilitated housing must meet the following site and neighborhood standards. The site must:

(1) Be adequate in size, exposure, and contour to accommodate the number and type of units proposed, and adequate utilities and streets must be available to service the site. (The existence of a private disposal system and private sanitary water supply for the site, approved in accordance with law, may be considered adequate utilities.)

(2) Promote greater choice of housing opportunities and avoid undue concentration of assisted persons in areas containing a high proportion of low-income persons.

(3) Be accessible to social, recreational, educational, commercial, and health facilities and services and other municipal facilities and services that are at least equivalent to those typically found in neighborhoods consisting largely of unassisted, standard housing of similar market rents.

(4) Be so located that travel time and cost via public transportation or private automobile from the neighborhood to places of employment providing a range of jobs for lower-income workers is not excessive. While it is important that housing for the elderly not be totally isolated from employment opportunities, this requirement need not be adhered to rigidly for such projects.

(e) *New construction site and neighborhood standards.* A site for newly constructed housing must meet the following site and neighborhood standards:

(1) The site must be adequate in size, exposure, and contour to accommodate the number and type of units proposed, and adequate utilities (water, sewer, gas, and electricity) and streets must be available to service the site.

(2) The site must not be located in an area of minority concentration, except as permitted under paragraph (e)(3) of this section, and must not be located in a racially mixed area if the project will cause a significant increase in the proportion of minority to non-minority residents in the area.

(3) A project may be located in an area of minority concentration only if:

(i) Sufficient, comparable opportunities exist for housing for minority families in the income range to be served by the proposed project outside areas of minority concentration (see paragraph (e)(3)(iii), (iv), and (v) of this section for further guidance on this criterion); or

(ii) The project is necessary to meet overriding housing needs that cannot be met in that housing market area (see paragraph (e) (3)(vi)) of this section for further guidance on this criterion).

(iii) As used in paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this section, "sufficient" does not require that in every locality there be an equal number of assisted units within and outside of areas of minority concentration. Rather, application of this standard should produce a reasonable distribution of assisted units each year, that, over a period of several years, will approach an appropriate balance of housing choices within and outside areas of minority concentration. An appropriate balance in any jurisdiction must be determined in light of local conditions affecting the range of housing choices available for low-income minority families and in relation to the racial mix of the locality's population.

(iv) Units may be considered "comparable opportunities," as used in paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this section, if they have the same household type (elderly, disabled, family, large family) and tenure type (owner/renter); require approximately the same tenant contribution towards rent; serve the same income group; are located in the same housing market; and are in standard condition.

(v) Application of this sufficient, comparable opportunities standard involves assessing the overall impact of HUD-assisted housing on the availability of housing choices for low-income minority families in and outside areas of minority concentration, and must take into account the extent to which the following factors are present, along with other factors relevant to housing choice:

(A) A significant number of assisted housing units are available outside areas of minority concentration.

(B) There is significant integration of assisted housing projects constructed or rehabilitated in the past 10 years, relative to the racial mix of the eligible population.

(C) There are racially integrated neighborhoods in the locality.

(D) Programs are operated by the locality to assist minority families that wish to find housing outside areas of minority concentration.

(E) Minority families have benefited from local activities (e.g., acquisition and write-down of sites, tax relief programs for homeowners, acquisitions of units for use as assisted housing units) undertaken to expand choice for minority families outside of areas of minority concentration.

(F) A significant proportion of minority households has been successful in finding units in non-minority areas under the tenant-based assistance programs.

(G) Comparable housing opportunities have been made available outside areas of minority concentration through other programs.

(vi) Application of the "overriding housing needs" criterion, for example, permits approval of sites that are an integral part of an overall local strategy for the preservation or restoration of the immediate neighborhood and of sites in a neighborhood experiencing significant private investment that is demonstrably improving the economic character of the area (a "revitalizing area"). An "overriding housing need," however, may not serve as the basis for determining that a site is acceptable, if the only reason the need cannot otherwise be feasibly met is that discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status, or disability renders sites outside areas of minority concentration unavailable or if the use of this standard in recent years has had the effect of circumventing the obligation to provide housing choice.

(4) The site must promote greater choice of housing opportunities and avoid undue concentration of assisted persons in areas containing a high proportion of low-income persons.

(5) The neighborhood must not be one that is seriously detrimental to family life or in which substandard dwellings or other undesirable conditions predominate, unless there is actively in progress a concerted program to remedy the undesirable conditions.

(6) The housing must be accessible to social, recreational, educational, commercial, and health facilities and services and other municipal facilities and services that are at least equivalent to those typically found in neighborhoods consisting largely of unassisted, standard housing of similar market rents.

(7) Except for new construction, housing designed for elderly persons, travel time, and cost via public transportation or private automobile from the neighborhood to places of employment providing a range of jobs for lower-income workers, must not be excessive.

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#### **§983.58 Environmental review.**

(a) *HUD environmental regulations.* Activities under the PBV program are subject to HUD environmental regulations in 24 CFR parts 50 and 58.

(b) *Who performs the environmental review?* (1) Under 24 CFR part 58, a unit of general local government, a county or a state (the "responsible entity" or "RE") is responsible for the federal environmental review under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*) and related applicable federal laws and authorities in accordance with 24 CFR 58.5 and 58.6.

(2) If a PHA objects in writing to having the RE perform the federal environmental review, or if the RE declines to perform it, then HUD may perform the review itself (24 CFR 58.11). 24 CFR part 50 governs HUD performance of the review.

(c) *Existing housing.* In the case of existing housing under this part 983, the RE that is responsible for the environmental review under 24 CFR part 58 must determine whether or not PBV assistance is categorically excluded from review under the National Environmental Policy Act and whether or not the assistance is subject to review under the laws and authorities listed in 24 CFR 58.5.

(d) *Limitations on actions before completion of the environmental review.* (1) The PHA may not enter into an Agreement or HAP contract with an owner, and the PHA, the owner, and its contractors may not acquire, rehabilitate, convert, lease, repair, dispose of, demolish, or construct real property or commit or expend program or local funds for PBV activities under this part, until one of the following occurs:

(i) The responsible entity has completed the environmental review procedures required by 24 CFR part 58, and HUD has approved the environmental certification and HUD has given a release of funds, as defined in §983.3(b);

(ii) The responsible entity has determined that the project to be assisted is exempt under 24 CFR 58.34 or is categorically excluded and not subject to compliance with environmental laws under 24 CFR 58.35(b); or

(iii) HUD has performed an environmental review under 24 CFR part 50 and has notified the PHA in writing of environmental approval of the site.

(2) HUD will not approve the release of funds for PBV assistance under this part if the PHA, the owner, or any other party commits funds (*i.e.*, enters an Agreement or HAP contract or otherwise incurs any costs or expenditures to be paid or reimbursed with such funds) before the PHA submits and HUD approves its request for release of funds (where such submission is required).

(e) *PHA duty to supply information.* The PHA must supply all available, relevant information necessary for the RE (or HUD, if applicable) to perform any required environmental review for any site.

(f) *Mitigating measures.* The PHA must require the owner to carry out mitigating measures required by the RE (or HUD, if applicable) as a result of the environmental review.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

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#### **§983.59 PHA-owned units.**

(a) *Selection of PHA-owned units.* The selection of PHA-owned units must be done in accordance with §983.51(e).

(b) *Inspection and determination of reasonable rent by independent entity.* In the case of PHA-owned units, the following program services may not be performed by the PHA, but must be performed instead by an independent entity approved by HUD.

(1) *Determination of rent to owner for the PHA-owned units.* Rent to owner for PHA-owned units is determined pursuant to §§983.301 through 983.305 in accordance with the same requirements as for other units, except that the independent entity approved by HUD must establish the initial contract rents based on PBV program requirements;

(2) *Initial and renewal HAP contract term.* The term of the HAP contract and any HAP contract renewal for PHA-owned units must be agreed upon by the PHA and the independent entity approved by HUD. Any costs associated with implementing this requirement must be paid for by the PHA; and

(3) Inspection of PHA-owned units as required by §983.103(f).

(c) *Nature of independent entity.* The independent entity that performs these program services may be the unit of general local government for the PHA jurisdiction (unless the PHA is itself the unit of general local government or an agency of such government) or another HUD-approved public or private independent entity.

(d) *Payment to independent entity.* (1) The PHA may compensate the independent entity from PHA ongoing administrative fee income (including amounts credited to the administrative fee reserve). The PHA may not use other program receipts to compensate the independent entity for its services.

(2) The PHA, and the independent entity, may not charge the family any fee for the services provided by the independent entity.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

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## Subpart C—Dwelling Units

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### §983.101 Housing quality standards.

(a) *HQS applicability.* Except as otherwise provided in this section, 24 CFR 982.401 (housing quality standards) applies to the PBV program. The physical condition standards at 24 CFR 5.703 do not apply to the PBV program.

(b) *HQS for special housing types.* For special housing types assisted under the PBV program, HQS in 24 CFR part 982 apply to the PBV program. (Shared housing, manufactured home space rental, and the homeownership option are not assisted under the PBV program.) HQS contained within 24 CFR part 982 that are inapplicable to the PBV program pursuant to §983.2 are also inapplicable to special housing types under the PBV program.

(c) *Lead-based paint requirements.* (1) The lead-based paint requirements at §982.401(j) of this chapter do not apply to the PBV program.

(2) The Lead-based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821-4846), the Residential Lead-based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851-4856), and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 35, subparts A, B, H, and R, apply to the PBV program.

(d) *HQS enforcement.* Parts 982 and 983 of this chapter do not create any right of the family or any party, other than HUD or the PHA, to require enforcement of the HQS requirements or to assert any claim against HUD or the PHA for damages, injunction, or other relief for alleged failure to enforce the HQS.

(e) *Additional PHA quality and design requirements.* This section establishes the minimum federal housing quality standards for PBV housing. However, the PHA may elect to establish additional requirements for quality, architecture, or design of PBV housing, and any such additional requirements must be specified in the Agreement.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

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### §983.102 Housing accessibility for persons with disabilities.

(a) *Program accessibility.* The housing must comply with program accessibility requirements of section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 8. The PHA shall ensure that the percentage of accessible dwelling units complies with the requirements of section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), as implemented by HUD's regulations at 24 CFR part 8, subpart C.

(b) *Design and construction.* Housing first occupied after March 13, 1991, must comply with design and construction requirements of the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 and implementing regulations at 24 CFR 100.205, as applicable.

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### §983.103 Inspecting units.

(a) *Pre-selection inspection—(1) Inspection of site.* The PHA must examine the proposed site before the proposal selection date.

(2) *Inspection of existing units.* If the units to be assisted already exist, the PHA must inspect all the units before the proposal selection date, and must determine whether the units substantially comply with the HQS. To qualify as existing housing, units must substantially comply with the HQS on the proposal selection date. However, the PHA may not execute the HAP contract until the units fully comply with the HQS.

(b) *Pre-HAP contract inspections.* The PHA must inspect each contract unit before execution of the HAP contract. The PHA may not enter into a HAP contract covering a unit until the unit fully complies with the HQS.

(c) *Turnover inspections.* Before providing assistance to a new family in a contract unit, the PHA must inspect the unit. The PHA may not provide assistance on behalf of the family until the unit fully complies with the HQS.

(d) *Biennial inspections.* (1) At least biennially during the term of the HAP contract, the PHA must inspect a random sample, consisting of at least 20 percent of the contract units in each building, to determine if the contract units and the premises are maintained in accordance with the HQS. Turnover inspections pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section are not counted toward meeting this inspection requirement.

(2) If more than 20 percent of the sample of inspected contract units in a building fail the initial inspection, then the PHA must reinspect 100 percent of the contract units in the building.

(3) A PHA may also use the procedures applicable to HCV units in 24 CFR 982.406.

(e) *Other inspections.* (1) The PHA must inspect contract units whenever needed to determine that the contract units comply with the HQS and that the owner is providing maintenance, utilities, and other services in accordance with the HAP contract. The PHA must take into account complaints and any other information coming to its attention in scheduling inspections.

(2) The PHA must conduct follow-up inspections needed to determine if the owner (or, if applicable, the family) has corrected an HQS violation, and must conduct inspections to determine the basis for exercise of contractual and other remedies for owner or family violation of the HQS. (Family HQS obligations are specified in 24 CFR 982.404(b).)

(3) In conducting PHA supervisory quality control HQS inspections, the PHA should include a representative sample of both tenant-based and project-based units.

(f) *Inspecting PHA-owned units.* (1) In the case of PHA-owned units, the inspections required under this section must be performed by an independent agency designated in accordance with §983.59, rather than by the PHA.

(2) The independent entity must furnish a copy of each inspection report to the PHA and to the HUD field office where the project is located.

(3) The PHA must take all necessary actions in response to inspection reports from the independent agency, including exercise of contractual remedies for violation of the HAP contract by the PHA owner.

(g) *Mixed-finance properties.* In the case of a property assisted with project-based vouchers (authorized at 42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)(13)) that is subject to an alternative inspection, the PHA may rely upon inspections conducted at least triennially to demonstrate compliance with the inspection requirement of 24 CFR 982.405(a).

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 81 FR 12377, Mar. 8, 2016]

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## **Subpart D—Requirements for Rehabilitated and Newly Constructed Units**

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### **§983.151 Applicability.**

This Subpart D applies to PBV assistance for newly constructed or rehabilitated housing. This Subpart D does not apply to PBV assistance for existing housing. Housing selected under this subpart cannot be selected as existing housing, as defined in §983.52, at a later date.

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### **§983.152 Purpose and content of the Agreement to enter into HAP contract.**

(a) *Purpose of Agreement.* In the Agreement the owner agrees to develop the contract units to comply with the HQS, and the PHA agrees that, upon timely completion of such development in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, the PHA will enter into a HAP contract with the owner for the contract units.

(b) *Requirement.* The PHA must enter into an Agreement with the owner at such time as provided in §983.153. The Agreement must be in the form required by HUD headquarters (see 24 CFR 982.162).

(c) *Commencement of construction or rehabilitation.* The PHA may not enter into an agreement if commencement of construction or rehabilitation has commenced after proposal submission.

(1) Construction begins when excavation or site preparation (including clearing of the land) begins for the housing;

(2) Rehabilitation begins with the physical commencement of rehabilitation activity on the housing.

(d) *Description of housing.* (1) At a minimum, the Agreement must describe the following features of the housing to be developed (newly constructed or rehabilitated) and assisted under the PBV program:

- (i) Site;
- (ii) Location of contract units on site;
- (iii) Number of contract units by area (size) and number of bedrooms and bathrooms;
- (iv) Services, maintenance, or equipment to be supplied by the owner without charges in addition to the rent to owner;
- (v) Utilities available to the contract units, including a specification of utility services to be paid by owner (without charges in addition to rent) and utility services to be paid by the tenant;
- (vi) Indication of whether or not the design and construction requirements of the Fair Housing Act and implementing regulations at 24 CFR 100.205 and the accessibility requirements of section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR 8.22 and 8.23 apply to units under the Agreement. If these requirements are applicable, any required work item resulting from these requirements must be included in the description of work to be performed under the Agreement, as specified in paragraph (c)(i)(viii) of this section.

(vii) Estimated initial rents to owner for the contract units;

(viii) Description of the work to be performed under the Agreement. If the Agreement is for rehabilitation of units, the work description must include the rehabilitation work write up and, where determined necessary by the PHA, specifications, and plans. If the Agreement is for new construction, the work description must include the working drawings and specifications.

(2) At a minimum, the housing must comply with the HQS. The PHA may elect to establish additional requirements for quality, architecture, or design of PBV housing, over and above the HQS, and any such additional requirement must be specified in the Agreement.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

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#### **§983.153 When Agreement is executed.**

The agreement must be promptly executed, in accordance with the following conditions:

(a) *Prohibition of excess subsidy.* The PHA may not enter the Agreement with the owner until the subsidy layering review is completed (see §983.55).

(b) *Environmental approval.* The PHA may not enter the Agreement with the owner until the environmental review is completed and the PHA has received the environmental approval (see §983.58).

(c) *Prohibition on construction or rehabilitation.* The PHA shall not enter into the Agreement with the owner if construction or rehabilitation has commenced after proposal submission.

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#### **§983.154 Conduct of development work.**

(a) *Development requirements.* The owner must carry out development work in accordance with the Agreement and the requirements of this section.

(b) *Labor standards.* (1) In the case of an Agreement for development of nine or more contract units (whether or not completed in stages), the owner and the owner's contractors and subcontractors must pay Davis-Bacon wages to laborers and mechanics employed in development of the housing.

(2) The HUD prescribed form of Agreement shall include the labor standards clauses required by HUD, such as those involving Davis-Bacon wage rates.

(3) The owner and the owner's contractors and subcontractors must comply with the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR part 5, and other applicable federal labor relations laws and regulations. The PHA must monitor compliance with labor standards.



(c) *Equal opportunity.* (1) *Section 3—Training, employment, and contracting opportunities.* The owner must comply with Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u) and the implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 135.

(2) *Equal employment opportunity.* The owner must comply with federal equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Orders 11246 as amended (3 CFR, 1964-1965 Comp., p. 339), 11625 (3 CFR, 1971-1975 Comp., p. 616), 12432 (3 CFR, 1983 Comp., p. 198) and 12138 (3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 393).

(d) *Eligibility to participate in federal programs and activities.* The Agreement and HAP contract shall include a certification by the owner that the owner and other project principals (including the officers and principal members, shareholders, investors, and other parties having a substantial interest in the project) are not on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from federal procurement and nonprocurement programs.

(e) *Disclosure of conflict of interest.* The owner must disclose any possible conflict of interest that would be a violation of the Agreement, the HAP contract, or HUD regulations.

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### **§983.155 Completion of housing.**

(a) *Completion deadline.* The owner must develop and complete the housing in accordance with the Agreement. The Agreement must specify the deadlines for completion of the housing and for submission by the owner of the required evidence of completion.

(b) *Required evidence of completion—(1) Minimum submission.* At a minimum, the owner must submit the following evidence of completion to the PHA in the form and manner required by the PHA:

(i) Owner certification that the work has been completed in accordance with the HQS and all requirements of the Agreement; and

(ii) Owner certification that the owner has complied with labor standards and equal opportunity requirements in development of the housing.

(2) *Additional documentation.* At the discretion of the PHA, the Agreement may specify additional documentation that must be submitted by the owner as evidence of housing completion. For example, such documentation may include:

(i) A certificate of occupancy or other evidence that the units comply with local requirements (such as code and zoning requirements); and

(ii) An architect's certification that the housing complies with:

(A) HUD housing quality standards;

(B) State, local, or other building codes;

(C) Zoning;

(D) The rehabilitation work write-up (for rehabilitated housing) or the work description (for newly constructed housing); or

(E) Any additional design or quality requirements pursuant to the Agreement.

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### **§983.156 PHA acceptance of completed units.**

(a) *PHA determination of completion.* When the PHA has received owner notice that the housing is completed:

(1) The PHA must inspect to determine if the housing has been completed in accordance with the Agreement, including compliance with the HQS and any additional requirement imposed by the PHA under the Agreement.

(2) The PHA must determine if the owner has submitted all required evidence of completion.

(3) If the work has not been completed in accordance with the Agreement, the PHA must not enter into the HAP contract.

(b) *Execution of HAP contract.* If the PHA determines that the housing has been completed in accordance with the Agreement and that the owner has submitted all required evidence of completion, the PHA must submit the HAP contract for execution by the owner and must then execute the HAP contract.

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### **§983.157 Broadband infrastructure.**

Any new construction or substantial rehabilitation, as substantial rehabilitation is defined by 24 CFR 5.100, of a building with more than 4 rental units and where the date of the notice of owner proposal selection or the start of the rehabilitation while under a HAP contract is after January 19, 2017 must include installation of broadband infrastructure, as this term is also defined in 24 CFR 5.100, except where the owner determines and documents the determination that:

(a) The location of the new construction or substantial rehabilitation makes installation of broadband infrastructure infeasible;

(b) The cost of installing broadband infrastructure would result in a fundamental alteration in the nature of its program or activity or in an undue financial burden; or

(c) The structure of the housing to be substantially rehabilitated makes installation of broadband infrastructure infeasible.

[81 FR 92639, Dec. 20, 2016]

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## **Subpart E—Housing Assistance Payments Contract**

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### **§983.201 Applicability.**

Subpart E applies to all PBV assistance under part 983 (including assistance for existing, newly constructed, or rehabilitated housing).

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### **§983.202 Purpose of HAP contract.**

(a) *Requirement.* The PHA must enter into a HAP contract with the owner. With the exception of single family scattered site projects, a HAP contract shall cover a single project. If multiple projects exist, each project shall be covered by a separate HAP contract. The HAP contract must be in such form as may be prescribed by HUD.

(b) *Purpose of HAP contract.* (1) The purpose of the HAP contract is to provide housing assistance payments for eligible families.

(2) The PHA makes housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract. Housing assistance is paid for contract units leased and occupied by eligible families during the HAP contract term.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.203 HAP contract information.**

The HAP contract must specify:

(a) The total number of contract units by number of bedrooms;

(b) Information needed to identify the site and the building or buildings where the contract units are located. The information must include the project's name, street address, city or county, state and zip code, block and lot number (if known), and any other information necessary to clearly identify the site and the building;

(c) Information needed to identify the specific contract units in each building. The information must include the number of contract units in the building, the location of each contract unit, the area of each contract unit, and the number of bedrooms and bathrooms in each contract unit;

(d) Services, maintenance, and equipment to be supplied by the owner without charges in addition to the rent to owner;

(e) Utilities available to the contract units, including a specification of utility services to be paid by the owner (without charges in addition to rent) and utility services to be paid by the tenant;

(f) Features provided to comply with program accessibility requirements of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 8;

(g) The HAP contract term;

(h) The number of units in any project that will exceed the 25 percent per-project cap (as described in §983.56), which will be set-aside for occupancy by qualifying families (elderly and/or disabled families and families receiving supportive services); and

(i) The initial rent to owner (for the first 12 months of the HAP contract term).

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

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#### **§983.204 When HAP contract is executed.**

(a) *PHA inspection of housing.* (1) Before execution of the HAP contract, the PHA must inspect each contract unit in accordance with §983.103(b).

(2) The PHA may not enter into a HAP contract for any contract unit until the PHA has determined that the unit complies with the HQS.

(b) *Existing housing.* In the case of existing housing, the HAP contract must be executed promptly after PHA selection of the owner proposal and PHA inspection of the housing.

(c) *Newly constructed or rehabilitated housing.* (1) In the case of newly constructed or rehabilitated housing the HAP contract must be executed after the PHA has inspected the completed units and has determined that the units have been completed in accordance with the Agreement and the owner has furnished all required evidence of completion (see §§983.155 and 983.156).

(2) In the HAP contract, the owner certifies that the units have been completed in accordance with the Agreement. Completion of the units by the owner and acceptance of units by the PHA is subject to the provisions of the Agreement.

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#### **§983.205 Term of HAP contract.**

(a) *15-year initial term.* The PHA may enter into a HAP contract with an owner for an initial term of up to 15 years for each contract unit. The length of the term of the HAP contract for any contract unit may not be less than one year, nor more than 15 years. In the case of PHA-owned units, the term of the initial HAP contract shall be determined in accordance with §983.59.

(b) *Extension of term.* A PHA may agree to enter into an extension at the time of the initial HAP contract term or any time before expiration of the contract, for an additional term of up to 15 years if the PHA determines an extension is appropriate to continue providing affordable housing for low-income families. A HAP contract extension may not exceed 15 years. A PHA may provide for multiple extensions; however, in no circumstance may such extensions exceed 15 years, cumulatively. Extensions after the initial extension are allowed at the end of any extension term provided that not more than 24 months prior to the expiration of the previous extension contract, the PHA agrees to extend the term, and that such extension is appropriate to continue providing affordable housing for low-income families or to expand housing opportunities. Extensions after the initial extension term shall not begin prior to the expiration date of the previous extension term. Subsequent extensions are subject to the same limitations described in this paragraph. Any extension of the term must be on the form and subject to the conditions prescribed by HUD at the time of the extension. In the case of PHA-owned units, any extension of the initial term of the HAP contract shall be determined in accordance with §983.59.

(c) *Termination by PHA—insufficient funding.* (1) The HAP contract must provide that the term of the PHA's contractual commitment is subject to the availability of sufficient appropriated funding (budget authority) as determined by HUD or by the PHA in accordance with HUD instructions. For purposes of this section, "sufficient funding" means the availability of appropriations, and of funding under the ACC from such appropriations, to make full payment of housing assistance payments payable to the owner for any contract year in accordance with the terms of the HAP contract.

(2) The availability of sufficient funding must be determined by HUD or by the PHA in accordance with HUD instructions. If it is determined that there may not be sufficient funding to continue housing assistance payments for all contract units and for the full term of the HAP contract, the PHA has the right to terminate the HAP contract by notice to the owner for all or any of the contract units. Such action by the PHA shall be implemented in accordance with HUD instructions.

(d) *Termination by owner—reduction below initial rent.* The owner may terminate the HAP contract, upon notice to the PHA, if the amount of the rent to owner for any contract unit, as adjusted in accordance with §983.302, is reduced below the amount of the initial rent to owner (rent to owner at the beginning of the HAP contract term). In this case, the assisted families residing in the contract units will be offered tenant-based voucher assistance.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.206 Statutory notice requirements: Contract termination or expiration.**

(a) Notices required in accordance with this section must be provided in the form prescribed by HUD.

(b) Not less than one year before termination of a PBV or PBC HAP contract, the owner must notify the PHA and assisted tenants of the termination.

(c) For purposes of this section, the term "termination" means the expiration of the HAP contract or an owner's refusal to renew the HAP contract.

(d)(1) If an owner does not give timely notice of termination, the owner must permit the tenants in assisted units to remain in their units for the required notice period with no increase in the tenant portion of their rent, and with no eviction as a result of an owner's inability to collect an increased tenant portion of rent.

(2) An owner may renew the terminating contract for a period of time sufficient to give tenants one-year advance notice under such terms as HUD may require.

[79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.207 HAP contract amendments (to add or substitute contract units).**

(a) *Amendment to substitute contract units.* At the discretion of the PHA and subject to all PBV requirements, the HAP contract may be amended to substitute a different unit with the same number of bedrooms in the same building for a previously covered contract unit. Prior to such substitution, the PHA must inspect the proposed substitute unit and must determine the reasonable rent for such unit.

(b) *Amendment to add contract units.* At the discretion of the PHA, and provided that the total number of units in a project that will receive PBV assistance will not exceed 25 percent of the total number of dwelling units in the project (assisted and unassisted), (unless units were initially identified in the HAP contract as excepted from the 25 percent limitation in accordance with §983.56(b)), or the 20 percent of authorized budget authority as provided in §983.6, a HAP contract may be amended during the three-year period immediately following the execution date of the HAP contract to add additional PBV contract units in the same project. An amendment to the HAP contract is subject to all PBV requirements (e.g., rents are reasonable), except that a new PBV request for proposals is not required. The anniversary and expiration dates of the HAP contract for the additional units must be the same as the anniversary and expiration dates of the HAP contract term for the PBV units originally placed under HAP contract.

(c) *Staged completion of contract units.* Even if contract units are placed under the HAP contract in stages commencing on different dates, there is a single annual anniversary for all contract units under the HAP contract. The annual anniversary for all contract units is the annual anniversary date for the first contract units placed under the HAP contract. The expiration of the HAP contract for all the contract units completed in stages must be concurrent with the end of the HAP contract term for the units originally placed under HAP contract.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated and amended at 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.208 Condition of contract units.**

(a) *Owner maintenance and operation.* (1) The owner must maintain and operate the contract units and premises in accordance with the HQS, including performance of ordinary and extraordinary maintenance.

(2) The owner must provide all the services, maintenance, equipment, and utilities specified in the HAP contract with the PHA and in the lease with each assisted family.

(3) At the discretion of the PHA, the HAP contract may also require continuing owner compliance during the HAP term with additional housing quality requirements specified by the PHA (in addition to, but not in place of, compliance with the HUD-prescribed HQS). Such additional requirements may be designed to assure continued compliance with any design, architecture, or quality requirement specified in the Agreement.

(b) *Remedies for HQS violation.* (1) The PHA must vigorously enforce the owner's obligation to maintain contract units in accordance with the HQS. The PHA may not make any HAP payment to the owner for a contract unit covering any period during which the contract unit does not comply with the HQS.

(2) If the PHA determines that a contract unit is not in accordance with the housing quality standards (or other HAP contract requirement), the PHA may exercise any of its remedies under the HAP contract for all or any contract units. Such remedies include termination of housing assistance payments, abatement or reduction of housing assistance payments, reduction of contract units, and termination of the HAP contract.

(c) *Maintenance and replacement—Owner's standard practice.* Maintenance and replacement (including redecoration) must be in accordance with the standard practice for the building concerned as established by the owner.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated at 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.209 Owner responsibilities.**

The owner is responsible for performing all of the owner responsibilities under the Agreement and the HAP contract. 24 CFR 982.452 (Owner responsibilities) applies.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated at 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.210 Owner certification.**

By execution of the HAP contract, the owner certifies that at such execution and at all times during the term of the HAP contract:

(a) All contract units are in good and tenantable condition. The owner is maintaining the premises and all contract units in accordance with the HQS.

(b) The owner is providing all the services, maintenance, equipment, and utilities as agreed to under the HAP contract and the leases with assisted families.

(c) Each contract unit for which the owner is receiving housing assistance payments is leased to an eligible family referred by the PHA, and the lease is in accordance with the HAP contract and HUD requirements.

(d) To the best of the owner's knowledge, the members of the family reside in each contract unit for which the owner is receiving housing assistance payments, and the unit is the family's only residence.

(e) The owner (including a principal or other interested party) is not the spouse, parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of a family residing in a contract unit.

(f) The amount of the housing assistance payment is the correct amount due under the HAP contract.

(g) The rent to owner for each contract unit does not exceed rents charged by the owner for other comparable unassisted units.

(h) Except for the housing assistance payment and the tenant rent as provided under the HAP contract, the owner has not received and will not receive any payment or other consideration (from the family, the PHA, HUD, or any other public or private source) for rental of the contract unit.

(i) The family does not own or have any interest in the contract unit. The certification required by this section does not apply in the case of an assisted family's membership in a cooperative.

(j) Repair work on a project selected as an existing project that is performed after HAP execution within such post-execution period as specified by HUD may constitute development activity, and if determined to be development activity, the repair work undertaken shall be in compliance with Davis-Bacon wage requirements.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated and amended at 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.211 Removal of unit from HAP contract.**

(a) Units occupied by families whose income has increased during their tenancy resulting in the tenant rent equaling the rent to the owner, shall be removed from the HAP Contract 180 days following the last housing assistance payment on behalf of the family.

(b) If the project is fully assisted, a PHA may reinstate the unit removed under paragraph (a) of this section to the HAP contract after the ineligible family vacates the property. If the project is partially assisted, a PHA may substitute a different unit for the unit removed under paragraph (a) of this section to the HAP contract when the first eligible substitute becomes available.

(c) A reinstatement or substitution of units under the HAP contract, in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section, must be permissible under §983.207. The anniversary and expirations dates of the HAP contract for the unit must be the same as it was when it was originally placed under the HAP contract. The PHA must refer eligible families to the owner in accordance with the PHA's selection policies.

[79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

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## Subpart F—Occupancy

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### §983.251 How participants are selected.

(a) *Who may receive PBV assistance?* (1) The PHA may select families who are participants in the PHA's tenant-based voucher program and families who have applied for admission to the voucher program.

(2) Except for voucher participants (determined eligible at original admission to the voucher program), the PHA may only select families determined eligible for admission at commencement of PBV assistance.

(3) The protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, apply to admission to the project-based program.

(4) A PHA may not approve a tenancy if the owner (including a principal or other interested party) of a unit is the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA determines that approving the unit would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.

(b) *Protection of in-place families.* (1) The term "in-place family" means an eligible family residing in a proposed contract unit on the proposal selection date.

(2) In order to minimize displacement of in-place families, if a unit to be placed under contract that is either an existing unit or one requiring rehabilitation is occupied by an eligible family on the proposal selection date, the in-place family must be placed on the PHA's waiting list (if the family is not already on the list) and, once its continued eligibility is determined, given an absolute selection preference and referred to the project owner for an appropriately sized PBV unit in the project. (However, the PHA may deny assistance for the grounds specified in 24 CFR 982.552 and 982.553.) Admission of such families is not subject to income-targeting under 24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)(i), and such families must be referred to the owner from the PHA's waiting list. A PHA shall give such families priority for admission to the PBV program. This protection does not apply to families that are not eligible to participate in the program on the proposal selection date.

(c) *Selection from PHA waiting list.* (1) Applicants who will occupy PBV units must be selected by the PHA from the PHA waiting list. The PHA must select applicants from the waiting list in accordance with the policies in the PHA administrative plan.

(2) The PHA may use a separate waiting list for admission to PBV units or may use the same waiting list for both tenant-based assistance and PBV assistance. If the PHA chooses to use a separate waiting list for admission to PBV units, the PHA must offer to place applicants who are listed on the waiting list for tenant-based assistance on the waiting list for PBV assistance.

(3) The PHA may use separate waiting lists for PBV units in individual projects or buildings (or for sets of such units) or may use a single waiting list for the PHA's whole PBV program. In either case, the waiting list may establish criteria or preferences for occupancy of particular units.

(4) The PHA may merge the waiting list for PBV assistance with the PHA waiting list for admission to another assisted housing program.

(5) The PHA may place families referred by the PBV owner on its PBV waiting list.

(6) Not less than 75 percent of the families admitted to a PHA's tenant-based and project-based voucher programs during the PHA fiscal year from the PHA waiting list shall be extremely low-income families. The income-targeting requirements at 24 CFR 982.201(b)(2) apply to the total of admissions to the PHA's project-based voucher program and tenant-based voucher program during the PHA fiscal year from the PHA waiting list for such programs.

(7) In selecting families to occupy PBV units with special accessibility features for persons with disabilities, the PHA must first refer families who require such accessibility features to the owner (see 24 CFR 8.26 and 100.202).

(d) *Preference for services offered.* In selecting families, PHAs may give preference to disabled families who need services offered at a particular project in accordance with the limits under this paragraph. The prohibition on granting preferences to persons with a specific disability at 24 CFR 982.207(b)(3) continues to apply.

(1) *Preference limits.* (i) The preference is limited to the population of families (including individuals) with disabilities that significantly interfere with their ability to obtain and maintain themselves in housing;

(ii) Who, without appropriate supportive services, will not be able to obtain or maintain themselves in housing; and

(iii) For whom such services cannot be provided in a nonsegregated setting.

(2) Disabled residents shall not be required to accept the particular services offered at the project.

(3) In advertising the project, the owner may advertise the project as offering services for a particular type of disability; however, the project must be open to all otherwise eligible persons with disabilities who may benefit from services provided in the project.

(e) *Offer of PBV assistance.* (1) If a family refuses the PHA's offer of PBV assistance, such refusal does not affect the family's position on the PHA waiting list for tenant-based assistance.

(2) If a PBV owner rejects a family for admission to the owner's PBV units, such rejection by the owner does not affect the family's position on the PHA waiting list for tenant-based assistance.

(3) The PHA may not take any of the following actions against an applicant who has applied for, received, or refused an offer of PBV assistance:

(i) Refuse to list the applicant on the PHA waiting list for tenant-based assistance;

(ii) Deny any admission preference for which the applicant is currently qualified;

(iii) Change the applicant's place on the waiting list based on preference, date, and time of application, or other factors affecting selection under the PHA selection policy;

(iv) Remove the applicant from the waiting list for tenant-based voucher assistance.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 72345, Nov. 28, 2008; 75 FR 66264, Oct. 27, 2010; 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

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#### **§983.252 PHA information for accepted family.**

(a) *Oral briefing.* When a family accepts an offer of PBV assistance, the PHA must give the family an oral briefing. The briefing must include information on the following subjects:

(1) A description of how the program works; and

(2) Family and owner responsibilities.

(b) *Information packet.* The PHA must give the family a packet that includes information on the following subjects:

(1) How the PHA determines the total tenant payment for a family;

(2) Family obligations under the program; and

(3) Applicable fair housing information.

(c) *Providing information for persons with disabilities.* (1) If the family head or spouse is a disabled person, the PHA must take appropriate steps to assure effective communication, in accordance with 24 CFR 8.6, in conducting the oral briefing and in providing the written information packet, including in alternative formats.

(2) The PHA shall have some mechanism for referring to accessible PBV units a family that includes a person with mobility impairment.

(d) *Providing information for persons with limited English proficiency.* The PHA should take reasonable steps to assure meaningful access by persons with limited English proficiency in accordance with obligations contained in Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Executive Order 13166.

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**§983.253 Leasing of contract units.**

(a) *Owner selection of tenants.* (1) During the term of the HAP contract, the owner must lease contract units only to eligible families selected and referred by the PHA from the PHA waiting list.

(2) The owner is responsible for adopting written tenant selection procedures that are consistent with the purpose of improving housing opportunities for very low-income families and reasonably related to program eligibility and an applicant's ability to perform the lease obligations.

(3) An owner must promptly notify in writing any rejected applicant of the grounds for any rejection.

(4) The owner must comply with 24 CFR part 5, subpart L (Protection for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking).

(b) *Size of unit.* The contract unit leased to each family must be appropriate for the size of the family under the PHA's subsidy standards.

(c) The protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, apply to tenant screening.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

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**§983.254 Vacancies.**

(a) *Filling vacant units.* (1) The owner must promptly notify the PHA of any vacancy or expected vacancy in a contract unit. After receiving the owner notice, the PHA must make every reasonable effort to refer promptly a sufficient number of families for the owner to fill such vacancies.

(2) The owner must lease vacant contract units only to eligible families on the PHA waiting list referred by the PHA.

(3) The PHA and the owner must make reasonable good faith efforts to minimize the likelihood and length of any vacancy.

(b) *Reducing number of contract units.* If any contract units have been vacant for a period of 120 or more days since owner notice of vacancy (and notwithstanding the reasonable good faith efforts of the PHA to fill such vacancies), the PHA may give notice to the owner amending the HAP contract to reduce the number of contract units by subtracting the number of contract units (by number of bedrooms) that have been vacant for such period.

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**§983.255 Tenant screening.**

(a) *PHA option.* (1) The PHA has no responsibility or liability to the owner or any other person for the family's behavior or suitability for tenancy. However, the PHA may opt to screen applicants for family behavior or suitability for tenancy and may deny admission to an applicant based on such screening.

(2) The PHA must conduct any such screening of applicants in accordance with policies stated in the PHA administrative plan.

(b) *Owner responsibility.* (1) The owner is responsible for screening and selection of the family to occupy the owner's unit.

(2) The owner is responsible for screening of families on the basis of their tenancy histories. An owner may consider a family's background with respect to such factors as:

(i) Payment of rent and utility bills;

(ii) Caring for a unit and premises;

(iii) Respecting the rights of other residents to the peaceful enjoyment of their housing;

(iv) Drug-related criminal activity or other criminal activity that is a threat to the health, safety, or property of others; and

(v) Compliance with other essential conditions of tenancy;

(c) *Providing tenant information to owner.* (1) The PHA must give the owner:

(i) The family's current and prior address (as shown in the PHA records); and



(ii) The name and address (if known to the PHA) of the landlord at the family's current and any prior address.

(2) When a family wants to lease a dwelling unit, the PHA may offer the owner other information in the PHA possession about the family, including information about the tenancy history of family members or about drug trafficking and criminal activity by family members.

(3) The PHA must give the family a description of the PHA policy on providing information to owners.

(4) The PHA policy must provide that the PHA will give the same types of information to all owners.

(d) The protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, apply to tenant screening.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 72345, Nov. 28, 2008; 75 FR 66264, Oct. 27, 2010; 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

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### §983.256 Lease.

(a) *Tenant's legal capacity.* The tenant must have legal capacity to enter a lease under state and local law. "Legal capacity" means that the tenant is bound by the terms of the lease and may enforce the terms of the lease against the owner.

(b) *Form of lease.* (1) The tenant and the owner must enter a written lease for the unit. The lease must be executed by the owner and the tenant.

(2) If the owner uses a standard lease form for rental to unassisted tenants in the locality or the premises, the lease must be in such standard form, except as provided in paragraph (b)(4) of this section. If the owner does not use a standard lease form for rental to unassisted tenants, the owner may use another form of lease, such as a PHA model lease.

(3) In all cases, the lease must include a HUD-required tenancy addendum. The tenancy addendum must include, word-for-word, all provisions required by HUD.

(4) The PHA may review the owner's lease form to determine if the lease complies with state and local law. The PHA may decline to approve the tenancy if the PHA determines that the lease does not comply with state or local law.

(c) *Required information.* The lease must specify all of the following:

(1) The names of the owner and the tenant;

(2) The unit rented (address, apartment number, if any, and any other information needed to identify the leased contract unit);

(3) The term of the lease (initial term and any provision for renewal);

(4) The amount of the tenant rent to owner. The tenant rent to owner is subject to change during the term of the lease in accordance with HUD requirements;

(5) A specification of what services, maintenance, equipment, and utilities are to be provided by the owner; and

(6) The amount of any charges for food, furniture, or supportive services.

(d) *Tenancy addendum.* (1) The tenancy addendum in the lease shall state:

(i) The program tenancy requirements (as specified in this part);

(ii) The composition of the household as approved by the PHA (names of family members and any PHA-approved live-in aide).

(2) All provisions in the HUD-required tenancy addendum must be included in the lease. The terms of the tenancy addendum shall prevail over other provisions of the lease.

(e) *Changes in lease.* (1) If the tenant and the owner agree to any change in the lease, such change must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give the PHA a copy of all such changes.

(2) The owner must notify the PHA in advance of any proposed change in lease requirements governing the allocation of tenant and owner responsibilities for utilities. Such changes may be made only if approved by the PHA and in accordance with the terms of the lease relating to its amendment. The PHA must redetermine reasonable rent, in accordance with §983.303(c), based on any change in the allocation of responsibility for utilities between the owner and the tenant, and the redetermined reasonable rent shall be used in calculation of rent to owner from the effective date of the change.

- (f) *Term of lease.* (1) The initial lease term must be for at least one year.
- (2) The lease must provide for automatic renewal after the initial term of the lease. The lease may provide either:
- (i) For automatic renewal for successive definite terms (e.g., month-to-month or year-to-year); or
  - (ii) For automatic indefinite extension of the lease term.
- (3) The term of the lease terminates if any of the following occurs:
- (i) The owner terminates the lease for good cause;
  - (ii) The tenant terminates the lease;
  - (iii) The owner and the tenant agree to terminate the lease;
  - (iv) The PHA terminates the HAP contract; or
  - (v) The PHA terminates assistance for the family.

(g) *Lease provisions governing absence from the unit.* The lease may specify a maximum period of family absence from the unit that may be shorter than the maximum period permitted by PHA policy. (PHA termination-of-assistance actions due to family absence from the unit are subject to 24 CFR 982.312, except that the unit is not terminated from the HAP contract if the family is absent for longer than the maximum period permitted.)

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

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#### **§983.257 Owner termination of tenancy and eviction.**

(a) In general. 24 CFR 982.310 applies with the exception that §982.310(d)(1)(iii) and (iv) do not apply to the PBV program. (In the PBV program, "good cause" does not include a business or economic reason or desire to use the unit for an individual, family, or non-residential rental purpose.) 24 CFR 5.858 through 5.861 on eviction for drug and alcohol abuse apply to this part. 24 CFR part 5, subpart L (Protection for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking) applies to this part.

(b) If a family resides in a project-based unit excepted from the 25 percent per-project cap on project-basing because of participation in an FSS or other supportive services program, and the family fails without good cause to complete its FSS contract of participation or supportive services requirement, such failure is grounds for lease termination by the owner.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 72345, Nov. 28, 2008; 75 FR 66265, Oct. 27, 2010; 79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

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#### **§983.258 Continuation of housing assistance payments.**

Housing assistance payments shall continue until the tenant rent equals the rent to owner. The cessation of housing assistance payments at such point will not affect the family's other rights under its lease, nor will such cessation preclude the resumption of payments as a result of later changes in income, rents, or other relevant circumstances if such changes occur within 180 days following the date of the last housing assistance payment by the PHA. After the 180-day period, the unit shall be removed from the HAP contract pursuant to §983.211.

[79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014]

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#### **§983.259 Security deposit: amounts owed by tenant.**

(a) The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant.

(b) The PHA may prohibit security deposits in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants.

(c) When the tenant moves out of the contract unit, the owner, subject to state and local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, in accordance with the lease, as reimbursement for any unpaid tenant rent, damages to the unit, or other amounts which the tenant owes under the lease.

(d) The owner must give the tenant a written list of all items charged against the security deposit and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount used to reimburse the owner, the owner must promptly refund the full amount of the balance to the tenant.

(e) If the security deposit is not sufficient to cover amounts the tenant owes under the lease, the owner may seek to collect the balance from the tenant. However, the PHA has no liability or responsibility for payment of any amount owed by the family to the owner.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated at 79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.260 Overcrowded, under-occupied, and accessible units.**

(a) *Family occupancy of wrong-size or accessible unit.* The PHA subsidy standards determine the appropriate unit size for the family size and composition. If the PHA determines that a family is occupying a:

(1) Wrong-size unit, or

(2) Unit with accessibility features that the family does not require, and the unit is needed by a family that requires the accessibility features, the PHA must promptly notify the family and the owner of this determination, and of the PHA's offer of continued assistance in another unit pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) *PHA offer of continued assistance.* (1) If a family is occupying a:

(i) Wrong-size unit, or

(ii) Unit with accessibility features that the family does not require, and the unit is needed by a family that requires the accessibility features, the PHA must offer the family the opportunity to receive continued housing assistance in another unit.

(2) The PHA policy on such continued housing assistance must be stated in the administrative plan and may be in the form of:

(i) Project-based voucher assistance in an appropriate-size unit (in the same project or in another project);

(ii) Other project-based housing assistance (e.g., by occupancy of a public housing unit);

(iii) Tenant-based rental assistance under the voucher program; or

(iv) Other comparable public or private tenant-based assistance (e.g., under the HOME program).

(c) *PHA termination of housing assistance payments.* (1) If the PHA offers the family the opportunity to receive tenant-based rental assistance under the voucher program, the PHA must terminate the housing assistance payments for a wrong-sized or accessible unit at the earlier of the expiration of the term of the family's voucher (including any extension granted by the PHA) or the date upon which the family vacates the unit. If the family does not move out of the wrong-sized unit or accessible unit by the expiration date of the term of the family's voucher, the PHA must remove the unit from the HAP contract.

(2) If the PHA offers the family the opportunity for another form of continued housing assistance in accordance with paragraph (b)(2) of this section (not in the tenant-based voucher program), and the family does not accept the offer, does not move out of the PBV unit within a reasonable time as determined by the PHA, or both, the PHA must terminate the housing assistance payments for the wrong-sized or accessible unit, at the expiration of a reasonable period as determined by the PHA, and remove the unit from the HAP contract.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated and amended at 79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.261 Family right to move.**

(a) The family may terminate the assisted lease at any time after the first year of occupancy. The family must give the owner advance written notice of intent to vacate (with a copy to the PHA) in accordance with the lease.

(b) If the family has elected to terminate the lease in this manner, the PHA must offer the family the opportunity for continued tenant-based rental assistance, in the form of either assistance under the voucher program or other comparable tenant-based rental assistance.

(c) Before providing notice to terminate the lease under paragraph (a) of this section, a family must contact the PHA to request comparable tenant-based rental assistance if the family wishes to move with continued assistance. If voucher or other

comparable tenant-based rental assistance is not immediately available upon termination of the family's lease of a PBV unit, the PHA must give the family priority to receive the next available opportunity for continued tenant-based rental assistance.

(1) The above policies do not apply when the family or a member of the family is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, as provided in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, and the move is needed to protect the health or safety of the family or family member, or any family member has been the victim of a sexual assault that occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the family's request to move. A PHA may not terminate assistance if the family, with or without prior notification to the PHA, moves out of a unit in violation of the lease, if such move occurs to protect the health or safety of a family member who is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking and who reasonably believed he or she was threatened with imminent harm from further violence if he or she remained in the dwelling unit, or any family member has been the victim of a sexual assault that occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the family's request to move.

(2) If a family breaks up as a result of an occurrence of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, as provided in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, the PHA may offer the victim the opportunity for continued tenant-based rental assistance.

(d) If the family terminates the assisted lease before the end of one year, the family relinquishes the opportunity for continued tenant-based assistance.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated at 79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

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### **§983.262 When occupancy may exceed 25 percent cap on the number of PBV units in each project.**

(a) Except as provided in §983.56(b), the PHA may not pay housing assistance under the HAP contract for contract units in excess of the 25 percent cap pursuant to §983.56(a).

(b) In referring families to the owner for admission to excepted units, the PHA must give preference to elderly and/or disabled families, or to families receiving supportive services.

(c) If a family at the time of initial tenancy is receiving and while the resident of an excepted unit has received FSS supportive services or any other service as defined in the PHA administrative plan, and successfully completes the FSS contract of participation or the supportive services requirement, the unit continues to count as an excepted unit for as long as the family resides in the unit.

(d) A family (or the remaining members of the family) residing in an excepted unit that no longer meets the criteria for a "qualifying family" in connection with the 25 percent per project cap exception (i.e., a family that does not successfully complete its FSS contract of participation or the supportive services requirement as defined in the PHA administrative plan or the remaining members of a family that no longer qualifies for elderly or disabled family status where the PHA does not exercise its discretion under paragraph (e) of this section) must vacate the unit within a reasonable period of time established by the PHA, and the PHA shall cease paying housing assistance payments on behalf of the non-qualifying family. If the family fails to vacate the unit within the established time, the unit must be removed from the HAP contract unless the project is partially assisted, and it is possible for the HAP contract to be amended to substitute a different unit in the project in accordance with §983.207(a); or the owner terminates the lease and evicts the family. The housing assistance payments for a family residing in an excepted unit that is not in compliance with its family obligations (e.g., a family fails, without good cause, to successfully complete its FSS contract of participation or supportive services requirement) shall be terminated by the PHA.

(e) The PHA may allow a family that initially qualified for occupancy of an excepted unit based on elderly or disabled family status to continue to reside in a unit, where through circumstances beyond the control of the family (e.g., death of the elderly or disabled family member or long term or permanent hospitalization or nursing care), the elderly or disabled family member no longer resides in the unit. In this case, the unit may continue to count as an excepted unit for as long as the family resides in that unit. Once the family vacates the unit, in order to continue as an excepted unit under the HAP contract, the unit must be made available to and occupied by a qualifying family.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated and amended at 79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014]

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## **Subpart G—Rent to Owner**

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### **§983.301 Determining the rent to owner.**

(a) *Initial and redetermined rents.* (1) The amount of the initial and redetermined rent to owner is determined in accordance with this section and §983.302.

(2) The amount of the initial rent to owner is established at the beginning of the HAP contract term. For rehabilitated or newly constructed housing, the Agreement states the estimated amount of the initial rent to owner, but the actual amount of the initial rent to owner is established at the beginning of the HAP contract term.

(3) The rent to owner is also redetermined in accordance with §983.302.

(b) *Amount of rent to owner.* Except for certain tax credit units as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the rent to owner must not exceed the lowest of:

(1) An amount determined by the PHA, not to exceed 110 percent of the applicable fair market rent (or any exception payment standard approved by the Secretary) for the unit bedroom size minus any utility allowance;

(2) The reasonable rent; or

(3) The rent requested by the owner.

(c) *Rent to owner for certain tax credit units.* (1) This paragraph (c) applies if:

(i) A contract unit receives a low-income housing tax credit under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (see 26 U.S.C. 42);

(ii) The contract unit is not located in a qualified census tract;

(iii) In the same building, there are comparable tax credit units of the same unit bedroom size as the contract unit and the comparable tax credit units do not have any form of rental assistance other than the tax credit; and

(iv) The tax credit rent exceeds the applicable fair market rental (or any exception payment standard) as determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section.

(2) In the case of a contract unit described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, the rent to owner must not exceed the lowest of:

(i) The tax credit rent minus any utility allowance;

(ii) The reasonable rent; or

(iii) The rent requested by the owner.

(3) The "tax credit rent" is the rent charged for comparable units of the same bedroom size in the building that also receive the low-income housing tax credit but do not have any additional rental assistance (e.g., additional assistance such as tenant-based voucher assistance).

(4) A "qualified census tract" is any census tract (or equivalent geographic area defined by the Bureau of the Census) in which:

(i) At least 50 percent of households have an income of less than 60 percent of Area Median Gross Income (AMGI); or

(ii) Where the poverty rate is at least 25 percent and where the census tract is designated as a qualified census tract by HUD.

(d) *Rent to owner for other tax credit units.* Except in the case of a tax-credit unit described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, the rent to owner for all other tax credit units may be determined by the PHA pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section.

(e) *Reasonable rent.* The PHA shall determine the reasonable rent in accordance with §983.303. The rent to the owner for each contract unit may at no time exceed the reasonable rent, except in cases where, the PHA has elected within the HAP contract not to reduce rents below the initial rent to owner and, upon redetermination of the rent to owner, the reasonable rent would result in a rent below the initial rent. If the PHA has not elected within the HAP contract to establish the initial rent to owner as the rent floor, the rent to owner shall not at any time exceed the reasonable rent.

(f) *Use of FMRs and utility allowance schedule in determining the amount of rent to owner—(1) Amounts used.* (i) *Determination of initial rent (at beginning of HAP contract term).* When determining the initial rent to owner, the PHA shall use the most recently published FMR in effect and the utility allowance schedule in effect at execution of the HAP contract. At its discretion, the PHA may use the amounts in effect at any time during the 30-day period immediately before the beginning date of the HAP contract.

(ii) *Redetermination of rent to owner.* When redetermining the rent to owner, the PHA shall use the most recently published FMR and the PHA utility allowance schedule in effect at the time of redetermination. At its discretion, the PHA may use the amounts in effect at any time during the 30-day period immediately before the redetermination date.

(2) *Exception payment standard and PHA utility allowance schedule.* (i) Any HUD-approved exception payment standard amount under 24 CFR 982.503(c) applies to both the tenant-based and project-based voucher programs. HUD will not approve a different exception payment standard amount for use in the PBV program.

(ii) The PHA may not establish or apply different utility allowance amounts for the PBV program. The same PHA utility allowance schedule applies to both the tenant-based and PBV programs.

(g) *PHA-owned units.* For PHA-owned PBV units, the initial rent to owner and the annual redetermination of rent at the annual anniversary of the HAP contract are determined by the independent entity approved by HUD in accordance with §983.59. The PHA must use the rent to owner established by the independent entity.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80583, Nov. 16, 2016]

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### **§983.302 Redetermination of rent to owner.**

(a) The PHA must redetermine the rent to owner:

- (1) Upon the owner's request; or
- (2) When there is a 10 percent decrease in the published FMR.

(b) *Rent increase.* (1) The PHA may not make any rent increase other than an increase in the rent to owner as determined pursuant to §983.301. (Provisions for special adjustments of contract rent pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1437f(b)(2)(B) do not apply to the voucher program.)

(2) The owner must request an increase in the rent to owner at the annual anniversary of the HAP contract by written notice to the PHA. The length of the required notice period of the owner request for a rent increase at the annual anniversary may be established by the PHA. The request must be submitted in the form and manner required by the PHA.

(3) The PHA may not approve and the owner may not receive any increase of rent to owner until and unless the owner has complied with all requirements of the HAP contract, including compliance with the HQS. The owner may not receive any retroactive increase of rent for any period of noncompliance.

(c) *Rent decrease.* (1) If there is a decrease in the rent to owner, as established in accordance with §983.301, the rent to owner must be decreased, regardless of whether the owner requested a rent adjustment.

(2) If the PHA has elected within the HAP contract to not reduce rents below the initial rent to owner, the rent to owner shall not be reduced below the initial rent to owner for dwelling units under the initial HAP contract, except:

- (i) To correct errors in calculations in accordance with HUD requirements;
- (ii) If additional housing assistance has been combined with PBV assistance after the execution of the initial HAP contract and a rent decrease is required pursuant to §983.55; or
- (iii) If a decrease in rent to owner is required based on changes in the allocation of responsibility for utilities between the owner and the tenant.

(d) *Notice of rent redetermination.* Rent to owner is redetermined by written notice by the PHA to the owner specifying the amount of the redetermined rent (as determined in accordance with §§983.301 and 983.302). The PHA notice of the rent adjustment constitutes an amendment of the rent to owner specified in the HAP contract.

(e) *Contract year and annual anniversary of the HAP contract.* (1) The contract year is the period of 12 calendar months preceding each annual anniversary of the HAP contract during the HAP contract term. The initial contract year is calculated from the first day of the first calendar month of the HAP contract term.

(2) The annual anniversary of the HAP contract is the first day of the first calendar month after the end of the preceding contract year. The adjusted rent to owner amount applies for the period of 12 calendar months from the annual anniversary of the HAP contract.

(3) See §983.207(c) for information on the annual anniversary of the HAP contract for contract units completed in stages.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36170, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80583, Nov. 16, 2016]

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### **§983.303 Reasonable rent.**

(a) *Comparability requirement.* At all times during the term of the HAP contract, the rent to the owner for a contract unit may not exceed the reasonable rent as determined by the PHA, except that where the PHA has elected in the HAP contract to not reduce rents below the initial rent under the initial HAP contract, the rent to owner shall not be reduced below the initial rent in accordance with §983.302(e)(2).

(b) *Redetermination.* The PHA must redetermine the reasonable rent:

(1) Whenever there is a 10 percent decrease in the published FMR in effect 60 days before the contract anniversary (for the unit sizes specified in the HAP contract) as compared with the FMR in effect 1 year before the contract anniversary.

(2) Whenever the PHA approves a change in the allocation of responsibility for utilities between the owner and the tenant;

(3) Whenever the HAP contract is amended to substitute a different contract unit in the same building or project; and

(4) Whenever there is any other change that may substantially affect the reasonable rent.

(c) *How to determine reasonable rent.* (1) The reasonable rent of a contract unit must be determined by comparison to rent for other comparable unassisted units.

(2) In determining the reasonable rent, the PHA must consider factors that affect market rent, such as:

(i) The location, quality, size, unit type, and age of the contract unit; and

(ii) Amenities, housing services, maintenance, and utilities to be provided by the owner.

(d) *Comparability analysis.* (1) For each unit, the PHA comparability analysis must use at least three comparable units in the private unassisted market, which may include comparable unassisted units in the premises or project.

(2) The PHA must retain a comparability analysis that shows how the reasonable rent was determined, including major differences between the contract units and comparable unassisted units.

(3) The comparability analysis may be performed by PHA staff or by another qualified person or entity. A person or entity that conducts the comparability analysis and any PHA staff or contractor engaged in determining the housing assistance payment based on the comparability analysis may not have any direct or indirect interest in the property.

(e) *Owner certification of comparability.* By accepting each monthly housing assistance payment from the PHA, the owner certifies that the rent to owner is not more than rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises. The owner must give the PHA information requested by the PHA on rents charged by the owner for other units in the premises or elsewhere.

(f) *Determining reasonable rent for PHA-owned units.* (1) For PHA-owned units, the amount of the reasonable rent must be determined by an independent agency approved by HUD in accordance with §983.59, rather than by the PHA. The reasonable rent must be determined in accordance with this section.

(2) The independent entity must furnish a copy of the independent entity determination of reasonable rent for PHA-owned units to the PHA and to the HUD field office where the project is located.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36170, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80583, Nov. 16, 2016]

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#### **§983.304 Other subsidy: effect on rent to owner.**

(a) *General.* In addition to the rent limits established in accordance with §983.301 and 24 CFR 982.302, the following restrictions apply to certain units.

(b) *HOME.* For units assisted under the HOME program, rents may not exceed rent limits as required by the HOME program (24 CFR 92.252).

(c) *Subsidized projects.* (1) This paragraph (c) applies to any contract units in any of the following types of federally subsidized project:

(i) An insured or non-insured Section 236 project;

(ii) A formerly insured or non-insured Section 236 project that continues to receive Interest Reduction Payment following a decoupling action;

(iii) A Section 221(d)(3) below market interest rate (BMIR) project;

(iv) A Section 515 project of the Rural Housing Service;

(v) Any other type of federally subsidized project specified by HUD.

(2) The rent to owner may not exceed the subsidized rent (basic rent) as determined in accordance with requirements for the applicable federal program listed in paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

(d) *Combining subsidy.* Rent to owner may not exceed any limitation required to comply with HUD subsidy layering requirements. See §983.55.

(e) *Other subsidy: rent reduction.* To comply with HUD subsidy layering requirements, at the direction of HUD or its designee, a PHA shall reduce the rent to owner because of other governmental subsidies, including tax credits or tax exemptions, grants, or other subsidized financing.

(f) *Prohibition of other subsidy.* For provisions that prohibit PBV assistance to units in certain types of subsidized housing, see §983.54.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 72 FR 65207, Nov. 19, 2007; 79 FR 36170, June 25, 2014]

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### **§983.305 Rent to owner: effect of rent control and other rent limits.**

In addition to the limitation to 110 percent of the FMR in §983.301(b)(1), the rent reasonableness limit under §§983.301(b)(2) and 983.303, the rental determination provisions of §983.301(f), the special limitations for tax credit units under §983.301(c), and other rent limits under this part, the amount of rent to owner also may be subject to rent control or other limits under local, state, or federal law.

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## **Subpart H—Payment to Owner**

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### **§983.351 PHA payment to owner for occupied unit.**

(a) *When payments are made.* (1) During the term of the HAP contract, the PHA shall make housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the terms of the HAP contract. The payments shall be made for the months during which a contract unit is leased to and actually occupied by an eligible family.

(2) Except for discretionary vacancy payments in accordance with §983.352, the PHA may not make any housing assistance payment to the owner for any month after the month when the family moves out of the unit (even if household goods or property are left in the unit).

(b) *Monthly payment.* Each month, the PHA shall make a housing assistance payment to the owner for each contract unit that complies with the HQS and is leased to and occupied by an eligible family in accordance with the HAP contract.

(c) *Calculating amount of payment.* The monthly housing assistance payment by the PHA to the owner for a contract unit leased to a family is the rent to owner minus the tenant rent (total tenant payment minus the utility allowance).

(d) *Prompt payment.* The housing assistance payment by the PHA to the owner under the HAP contract must be paid to the owner on or about the first day of the month for which payment is due, unless the owner and the PHA agree on a later date.

(e) *Owner compliance with contract.* To receive housing assistance payments in accordance with the HAP contract, the owner must comply with all the provisions of the HAP contract. Unless the owner complies with all the provisions of the HAP contract, the owner does not have a right to receive housing assistance payments.

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### **§983.352 Vacancy payment.**

(a) *Payment for move-out month.* If an assisted family moves out of the unit, the owner may keep the housing assistance payment payable for the calendar month when the family moves out ("move-out month"). However, the owner may not keep the payment if the PHA determines that the vacancy is the owner's fault.

(b) *Vacancy payment at PHA discretion.* (1) At the discretion of the PHA, the HAP contract may provide for vacancy payments to the owner (in the amounts determined in accordance with paragraph (b)(2) of this section) for a PHA-determined



period of vacancy extending from the beginning of the first calendar month after the move-out month for a period not exceeding two full months following the move-out month.

(2) The vacancy payment to the owner for each month of the maximum two-month period will be determined by the PHA, and cannot exceed the monthly rent to owner under the assisted lease, minus any portion of the rental payment received by the owner (including amounts available from the tenant's security deposit). Any vacancy payment may cover only the period the unit remains vacant.

(3) The PHA may make vacancy payments to the owner only if:

(i) The owner gives the PHA prompt, written notice certifying that the family has vacated the unit and containing the date when the family moved out (to the best of the owner's knowledge and belief);

(ii) The owner certifies that the vacancy is not the fault of the owner and that the unit was vacant during the period for which payment is claimed;

(iii) The owner certifies that it has taken every reasonable action to minimize the likelihood and length of vacancy; and

(iv) The owner provides any additional information required and requested by the PHA to verify that the owner is entitled to the vacancy payment.

(4) The owner must submit a request for vacancy payments in the form and manner required by the PHA and must provide any information or substantiation required by the PHA to determine the amount of any vacancy payment.

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### **§983.353 Tenant rent; payment to owner.**

(a) *PHA determination.* (1) The tenant rent is the portion of the rent to owner paid by the family. The PHA determines the tenant rent in accordance with HUD requirements.

(2) Any changes in the amount of the tenant rent will be effective on the date stated in a notice by the PHA to the family and the owner.

(b) *Tenant payment to owner.* (1) The family is responsible for paying the tenant rent (total tenant payment minus the utility allowance).

(2) The amount of the tenant rent as determined by the PHA is the maximum amount the owner may charge the family for rent of a contract unit. The tenant rent is payment for all housing services, maintenance, equipment, and utilities to be provided by the owner without additional charge to the tenant, in accordance with the HAP contract and lease.

(3) The owner may not demand or accept any rent payment from the tenant in excess of the tenant rent as determined by the PHA. The owner must immediately return any excess payment to the tenant.

(4) The family is not responsible for payment of the portion of the rent to owner covered by the housing assistance payment under the HAP contract. The owner may not terminate the tenancy of an assisted family for nonpayment of the PHA housing assistance payment.

(c) *Limit of PHA responsibility.* (1) The PHA is responsible only for making housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of a family in accordance with the HAP contract. The PHA is not responsible for paying the tenant rent, or for paying any other claim by the owner.

(2) The PHA may not use housing assistance payments or other program funds (including any administrative fee reserve) to pay any part of the tenant rent or to pay any other claim by the owner. The PHA may not make any payment to the owner for any damage to the unit, or for any other amount owed by a family under the family's lease or otherwise.

(d) *Utility reimbursement.* (1) If the amount of the utility allowance exceeds the total tenant payment, the PHA shall pay the amount of such excess as a reimbursement for tenant-paid utilities ("utility reimbursement") and the tenant rent to the owner shall be zero.

(2) The PHA either may pay the utility reimbursement to the family or may pay the utility bill directly to the utility supplier on behalf of the family.

(3) If the PHA chooses to pay the utility supplier directly, the PHA must notify the family of the amount paid to the utility supplier.

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**§983.354 Other fees and charges.**

(a) *Meals and supportive services.* (1) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, the owner may not require the tenant or family members to pay charges for meals or supportive services. Non-payment of such charges is not grounds for termination of tenancy.

(2) In assisted living developments receiving project-based assistance, owners may charge tenants, family members, or both for meals or supportive services. These charges may not be included in the rent to owner, nor may the value of meals and supportive services be included in the calculation of reasonable rent. Non-payment of such charges is grounds for termination of the lease by the owner in an assisted living development.

(b) *Other charges by owner.* The owner may not charge the tenant or family members extra amounts for items customarily included in rent in the locality or provided at no additional cost to unsubsidized tenants in the premises.

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Need assistance?

**U.S. Department Of Housing and Urban Development  
Office of Public and Indian Housing**

**SECTION 8 PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM**

**PBV HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT  
EXISTING HOUSING**

**PART 1 OF HAP CONTRACT**

This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless that collection displays a valid OMB control number. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection.

**1. CONTRACT INFORMATION**

**a. Parties**

This housing assistance payments (HAP) contract is entered into between:

\_\_\_\_\_ (PHA) and

\_\_\_\_\_ (owner).

**b. Contents of contract**

The HAP contract consists of Part 1, Part 2 and the contract exhibits listed in paragraph c.

**c. Contract exhibits**

The HAP contract includes the following exhibits:

**EXHIBIT A: TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS IN PROJECT COVERED BY THIS HAP CONTRACT; INITIAL RENT TO OWNER; AND THE NUMBER AND DESCRIPTION OF THE CONTRACT UNITS. (See 24 CFR 983.203 for required items.)**

**Project-based Voucher Program  
HAP Contract for Existing Housing**

Previous editions are obsolete

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of Part 1  
(04/2015)**

**APPENDIX C**

EXHIBIT B: SERVICES, MAINTENANCE AND EQUIPMENT TO BE PROVIDED BY THE OWNER WITHOUT CHARGES IN ADDITION TO RENT TO OWNER

EXHIBIT C: UTILITIES AVAILABLE IN THE CONTRACT UNITS, INCLUDING A LISTING OF UTILITY SERVICES TO BE PAID BY THE OWNER (WITHOUT CHARGES IN ADDITION TO RENT TO OWNER) AND UTILITIES TO BE PAID BY THE TENANTS

EXHIBIT D: FEATURES PROVIDED TO COMPLY WITH PROGRAM ACCESSIBILITY FEATURES OF SECTION 504 OF THE REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973

ADDITIONAL EXHIBITS

**d. Effective date and term of HAP contract**

**1. Effective date**

a. The PHA may not enter into a HAP contract for any contract unit until the PHA has determined that the unit complies with the housing quality standards.

b. For all contract units, the effective date of the HAP contract is:

\_\_\_\_\_.

c. The term of the HAP contract begins on the effective date.

**2. Length of initial term**

a. Subject to paragraph 2.b, the initial term of the HAP contract for all contract units is: \_\_\_\_\_.

b. The initial term of the HAP contract may not be less than one year, nor more than fifteen years.

**3. Extension of term**

The PHA and owner may agree to enter into an extension of the HAP contract at

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the time of initial HAP contract execution or any time prior to expiration of the contract. Any extension, including the term of such extension, must be in accordance with HUD requirements. A PHA must determine that any extension is appropriate to achieve long-term affordability of the housing or expand housing opportunities.

**4. Requirement for sufficient appropriated funding**

- a. The length of the initial term and any extension term shall be subject to availability, as determined by HUD, or by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements, of sufficient appropriated funding (budget authority), as provided in appropriations acts and in the PHA's annual contributions contract (ACC) with HUD, to make full payment of housing assistance payments due to the owner for any contract year in accordance with the HAP contract.
- b. The availability of sufficient funding must be determined by HUD or by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements. If it is determined that there may not be sufficient funding to continue housing assistance payments for all contract units and for the full term of the HAP contract, the PHA has the right to terminate the HAP contract by notice to the owner for all or any of the contract units. Such action by the PHA shall be implemented in accordance with HUD requirements.

**e. Occupancy and payment**

**1. Payment for occupied unit**

During the term of the HAP contract, the PHA shall make housing assistance payments to the owner for the months during which a contract unit is leased to and occupied by an eligible family. If an assisted family moves out of a contract unit, the owner may keep the housing assistance payment for the calendar month when the family moves out ("move-out month"). However, the owner may not keep the payment if the PHA determines that the vacancy is the owner's fault.

**2. Vacancy payment**

THE PHA HAS DISCRETION WHETHER TO INCLUDE THE VACANCY PAYMENT PROVISION (PARAGRAPH e.2), OR TO STRIKE THIS PROVISION FROM THE HAP CONTRACT FORM.

- a. If an assisted family moves out of a contract unit, the PHA may provide vacancy

payments to the owner for a PHA-determined vacancy period extending from the beginning of the first calendar month after the move-out month for a period not exceeding two full months following the move-out month.

- b. The vacancy payment to the owner for each month of the maximum two-month period will be determined by the PHA, and cannot exceed the monthly rent to owner under the assisted lease, minus any portion of the rental payment received by the owner (including amounts available from the tenant's security deposit). Any vacancy payment may only cover the period the unit remains vacant.
- c. The PHA may only make vacancy payments to the owner if:
  - 1. The owner gives the PHA prompt, written notice certifying that the family has vacated the unit and the date when the family moved out (to the best of the owner's knowledge and belief);
  - 2. The owner certifies that the vacancy is not the fault of the owner and that the unit was vacant during the period for which payment is claimed;
  - 3. The owner certifies that it has taken every reasonable action to minimize the likelihood and length of vacancy; and
  - 4. The owner provides any additional information required and requested by the PHA to verify that the owner is entitled to the vacancy payment.
- d. The PHA must take every reasonable action to minimize the likelihood and length of vacancy.
- e. The owner may refer families to the PHA, and recommend selection of such families from the PHA waiting list for occupancy of vacant units.
- f. The owner must submit a request for vacancy payments in the form and manner required by the PHA and must provide any information or substantiation required by the PHA to determine the amount of any vacancy payments.

**3. PHA is not responsible for family damage or debt to owner**

Except as provided in this paragraph e (Occupancy and Payment), the PHA will not make any other payment to the owner under the HAP contract. The PHA will not make any payment to owner for any damages to the unit, or for any other

amounts owed by a family under the family's lease.

**f. Income-mixing requirement**

1. Except as provided in paragraphs f.2 and 3, the PHA will not make housing assistance payments under the HAP contract for more than 25 percent of the total number of dwelling units (assisted or unassisted) in any project. The term "project" means a single building, multiple contiguous buildings, or multiple buildings on contiguous parcels of land assisted under this HAP contract.
2. The limitation in paragraph f.1 does not apply to single-family buildings.
3. In referring eligible families to the owner for admission to the number of contract units in any project exceeding the 25 percent limitation under paragraph f.1, the PHA shall give preference to elderly or disabled families, or to families receiving supportive services, for the number of contract units designated for occupancy by such families. The owner shall rent the designated number of contract units to such families referred by the PHA from the PHA waiting list.
4. The PHA and owner must comply with all HUD requirements regarding income mixing.
5. The following specifies the number of contract units (if any):
  - a. Designated for occupancy by disabled families;
  - b. Designated for occupancy by elderly families;
  - c. Designated for occupancy by elderly or disabled families; or
  - d. Designated for occupancy by families receiving supportive services.

Check this box if any contract units are designated for disabled families.

The following number of contract units shall be rented to disabled

families: \_\_\_\_\_.

- Check this box if any contract units are designated for elderly families.

The following number of contract units shall be rented to elderly families:

\_\_\_\_\_.

- Check this box if any contract units are designated for elderly or disabled families.

The following number of contract units shall be rented to elderly or disabled families:

\_\_\_\_\_.

- Check this box if any contract units are designated for families receiving supportive services.

The following number of contract units shall be rented to families receiving supportive services: \_\_\_\_\_.



**EXECUTION OF HAP CONTRACT FOR EXISTING HOUSING**

<b>PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY (PHA)</b> Name of PHA (Print)
By: Signature of authorized representative
Name and official title (Print)
Date
<b>OWNER</b> Name of Owner (Print)
By: Signature of authorized representative
Name and title (Print)
Date

**U.S. Department Of Housing and Urban Development  
Office of Public and Indian Housing**

**SECTION 8 PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM**

**PBV HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT  
EXISTING HOUSING**

**PART 2 OF HAP CONTRACT**

This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless that collection displays a valid OMB control number. Assurance of confidentiality are not provided under this collection.

## **2. DEFINITIONS**

**Contract units.** The housing units covered by this HAP contract. The contract units are described in Exhibit A.

**Existing housing.** Housing units that already exist on the proposal selection date and that substantially comply with the housing quality standards on that date. The units must fully comply with the housing quality standards before execution of the HAP contract.

**Family.** The persons approved by the PHA to reside in a contract unit with assistance under the program.

**HAP contract.** This housing assistance payments contract between the PHA and the owner. The contract consists of Part 1, Part 2, and the contract exhibits (listed in section 1.c of the HAP contract).

**Housing assistance payment.** The monthly assistance payment by the PHA for a contract unit, which includes: (1) a payment to the owner for rent to the owner under the family's lease minus the tenant rent; and (2) an additional payment to or on behalf of the family if the utility allowance exceeds total tenant payment.

**Household.** The family and any PHA-approved live-in aide.

**Housing quality standards (HQS).** The HUD minimum quality standards for dwelling units occupied by families receiving project-based voucher program assistance.

**HUD.** U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

**HUD requirements.** HUD requirements which apply to the project-based voucher program. HUD requirements are issued by HUD headquarters, as regulations, Federal Register notices or other binding program directives.

**Owner.** Any person or entity who has the legal right to lease or sublease a unit to a participant.

**Premises.** The building or complex in which a contract unit is located, including common areas or grounds.

**Principal or interested party.** This term includes a management agent and other persons or entities participating in project management, and the officers and principal members, shareholders, investors, and other parties having a substantial interest in the HAP contract, or in any proceeds or benefits arising from the HAP contract.

**Program.** The project-based voucher program (see authorization for project-based assistance at 42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)(13)).

**PHA.** Public Housing Agency. The agency that has entered into the HAP contract with the owner. The agency is a public housing agency as defined in the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437a(b)(6)).

**Proposal selection date.** The date the PHA gives written notice of proposal selection to the owner whose proposal is selected in accordance with the criteria established in the PHA's administrative plan.

**Rent to owner.** The total monthly rent payable to the owner under the lease for a contract unit. Rent to owner includes payment for any housing services, maintenance and utilities to be provided by the owner in accordance with the lease.

**Tenant.** The person or persons (other than a live-in aide) who executes the lease as a lessee of the dwelling unit.

**Tenant rent.** The portion of the rent to owner payable by the family, as determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA is not responsible for paying any part of the tenant rent.

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**3. PURPOSE**

- a. This is a HAP contract between the PHA and the owner.

- b. The purpose of the HAP contract is to provide housing assistance payments for eligible families who lease contract units that comply with the HUD HQS from the owner.
- c. The PHA must make housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract for contract units leased and occupied by eligible families during the HAP contract term. HUD provides funds to the PHA to make housing assistance payments to owners for eligible families.

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**4. RENT TO OWNER; HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS**

**a. Amount of initial rent to owner**

The initial rent to owner for each contract unit is stated in Exhibit A, which is attached to and made a part of the HAP contract. At the beginning of the HAP contract term, and until rent to owner is adjusted in accordance with section 5 of the HAP contract, the rent to owner for each bedroom size (number of bedrooms) shall be the initial rent to owner amount listed in Exhibit A.

**b. HUD rent requirements**

Notwithstanding any other provision of the HAP contract, the rent to owner may in no event exceed the amount authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA has the right to reduce the rent to owner, at any time, to correct any errors in establishing or adjusting the rent to owner in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA may recover any overpayment from the owner.

**c. PHA payment to owner**

- 1. Each month the PHA must make a housing assistance payment to the owner for a unit under lease to and occupied by an eligible family in accordance with the HAP contract.
- 2. The monthly housing assistance payment to the owner for a contract unit is equal to the amount by which the rent to owner exceeds the tenant rent.
- 3. Payment of the tenant rent is the responsibility of the family. The PHA is not responsible for paying any part of the tenant rent, or for paying any other claim by the owner against a family. The PHA is only responsible for making housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of a family in accordance with the HAP contract.

4. The owner will be paid the housing assistance payment under the HAP contract on or about the first day of the month for which payment is due, unless the owner and the PHA agree on a later date.
5. To receive housing assistance payments in accordance with the HAP contract, the owner must comply with all the provisions of the HAP contract. Unless the owner complies with all the provisions of the HAP contract, the owner does not have a right to receive housing assistance payments.
6. If the PHA determines that the owner is not entitled to the payment or any part of it, the PHA, in addition to other remedies, may deduct the amount of the overpayment from any amounts due the owner, including amounts due under any other housing assistance payments contract.
7. The owner will notify the PHA promptly of any change of circumstances that would affect the amount of the monthly housing assistance payment, and will return any payment that does not conform to the changed circumstances.

**d. Termination of assistance for family**

The PHA may terminate housing assistance for a family under the HAP contract in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA must notify the owner in writing of its decision to terminate housing assistance for the family in such case.

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**5. ADJUSTMENT OF RENT TO OWNER**

**a. PHA determination of adjusted rent**

1. At each annual anniversary during the term of the HAP contract, the PHA shall adjust the amount of rent to owner, upon request to the PHA by the owner, in accordance with law and HUD requirements. In addition, the PHA shall adjust the rent to owner when there is a five percent or greater decrease in the published, applicable Fair Market Rent in accordance with 24 CFR 983.302.
2. The adjustment of rent to owner shall always be determined in accordance with all HUD requirements. The amount of the rent to owner may be adjusted up or down, in the amount defined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

**b. Reasonable rent**

The rent to owner for each contract unit, as adjusted by the PHA in accordance with 24 CFR 983.303, may at no time exceed the reasonable rent charged for comparable units in the private unassisted market. The reasonable rent shall be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

**c. No special adjustments**

The PHA will not make any special adjustments of the rent to owner.

**d. Owner compliance with HAP contract**

The PHA shall not approve, and the owner shall not receive, any increase of rent to owner unless all contract units are in accordance with the HQS, and the owner has complied with the terms of the assisted leases and the HAP contract.

**e. Notice of rent adjustment**

Rent to owner shall be adjusted by written notice by the PHA to the owner in accordance with this section. Such notice constitutes an amendment of the rents specified in Exhibit A.

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**6. OWNER RESPONSIBILITY**

The owner is responsible for:

- a. Performing all management and rental functions for the contract units.
- b. Maintaining the units in accordance with HQS.
- c. Complying with equal opportunity requirements.
- d. Enforcing tenant obligations under the lease.
- e. Paying for utilities and housing services (unless paid by the family under the lease).
- f. Collecting from the tenant:
  1. Any security deposit;

2. The tenant rent; and
3. Any charge for unit damage by the family.

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**7. OWNER CERTIFICATION**

The owner certifies that at all times during the term of the HAP contract:

- a. All contract units are in good and tenable condition. The owner is maintaining the premises and all contract units in accordance with the HQS.
- b. The owner is providing all the services, maintenance and utilities as agreed to under the HAP contract and the leases with assisted families.
- c. Each contract unit for which the owner is receiving housing assistance payments is leased to an eligible family referred by the PHA, and the lease is in accordance with the HAP contract and HUD requirements.
- d. To the best of the owner's knowledge, the members of the family reside in each contract unit for which the owner is receiving housing assistance payments, and the unit is the family's only residence.
- e. The owner (including a principal or other interested party) is not the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of a family residing in a contract unit.
- f. The amount of the housing assistance payment is the correct amount due under the HAP contract.
- g. The rent to owner for each contract unit does not exceed rents charged by the owner for other comparable unassisted units.
- h. Except for the housing assistance payment and the tenant rent as provided under the HAP contract, the owner has not received and will not receive any payments or other consideration (from the family, the PHA, HUD, or any other public or private source) for rental of the contract unit.
- i. The family does not own, or have any interest in the contract unit. If the owner is a cooperative, the family may be a member of the cooperative.

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**8. CONDITION OF UNITS**

**a. Owner maintenance and operation**

The owner must maintain and operate the contract units and premises to provide decent, safe and sanitary housing in accordance with the HQS, including performance of ordinary and extraordinary maintenance. The owner must provide all the services, maintenance and utilities set forth in Exhibits B and C, and in the lease with each assisted family.

**b. PHA inspections**

1. The PHA must inspect each contract unit before execution of the HAP contract. The PHA may not enter into a HAP contract covering a unit until the unit fully complies with the HQS.
2. Before providing assistance to a new family in a contract unit, the PHA must inspect the unit. The PHA may not provide assistance on behalf of the family until the unit fully complies with the HQS.
3. At least annually during the term of the HAP contract, the PHA must inspect a random sample, consisting of at least 20 percent of the contract units in each building, to determine if the contract units and the premises are maintained in accordance with the HQS. Turnover inspections pursuant to paragraph 2 of this section are not counted towards meeting this annual inspection requirement.
4. If more than 20 percent of the annual sample of inspected contract units in a building fail the initial inspection, the PHA must reinspect 100 percent of the contract units in the building.
5. The PHA must inspect contract units whenever needed to determine that the contract units comply with the HQS and that the owner is providing maintenance, utilities, and other services in accordance with the HAP contract. The PHA must take into account complaints and any other information that comes to its attention in scheduling inspections.

**c. Violation of the housing quality standards**

1. If the PHA determines a contract unit is not in accordance with the HQS, the PHA may exercise any of its remedies under the HAP contract for all



or any contract units. Such remedies include termination, suspension or reduction of housing assistance payments, and termination of the HAP contract.

2. The PHA may exercise any such contractual remedy respecting a contract unit even if the family continues to occupy the unit.
3. The PHA shall not make any housing assistance for a dwelling unit that fails to meet the HQS, unless the owner corrects the defect within the period specified by the PHA and the PHA verifies the correction. If a defect is life threatening, the owner must correct the defect within no more than 24 hours. For other defects, the owner must correct the defect within no more than 30 calendar days (or any PHA-approved extension).

**d. Maintenance and replacement—owner’s standard practice**

Maintenance and replacement (including redecoration) must be in accordance with the standard practice for the building concerned as established by the owner.

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**9. LEASING CONTRACT UNITS**

**a. Selection of tenants**

1. During the term of the HAP contract, the owner must lease all contract units to eligible families selected and referred by the PHA from the PHA waiting list. (See 24 CFR 983.251.)
2. The owner is responsible for adopting written tenant selection procedures that are consistent with the purpose of improving housing opportunities for very low-income families and reasonably related to program eligibility and an applicant’s ability to perform the lease obligations.
3. Consistent with HUD requirements, the owner may apply its own admission procedures in determining whether to admit a family referred by the PHA for occupancy of a contract unit. The owner may refer families to the PHA, and recommend selection of such families from the PHA waiting list for occupancy of vacant units.
4. The owner must promptly notify in writing any rejected applicant of the grounds for rejection.
5. The PHA must determine family eligibility in accordance with HUD

requirements.

6. The contract unit leased to each family must be appropriate for the size of the family under the PHA's subsidy standards.
7. If a contract unit was occupied by an eligible family at the time the unit was selected by the PHA, or is so occupied on the effective date of the HAP contract, the owner must offer the family the opportunity to lease the same or another appropriately-sized contract unit with assistance under the HAP contract.
8. The owner is responsible for screening and selecting tenants from the families referred by the PHA from its waiting list.

**b. Vacancies**

1. The owner must promptly notify the PHA of any vacancy in a contract unit. After receiving the owner notice, the PHA shall make every reasonable effort to refer a sufficient number of families for owner to fill the vacancy.
2. The owner must rent vacant contract units to eligible families on the PHA waiting list referred by the PHA.
3. The PHA and the owner must make reasonable good faith efforts to minimize the likelihood and length of any vacancy.
4. If any contract units have been vacant for a period of 120 or more days since owner notice of vacancy (and notwithstanding the reasonable good faith efforts of the PHA to fill such vacancies), the PHA may give notice to the owner amending the HAP contract to reduce the number of contract units by subtracting the number of contract units (by number of bedrooms) that have been vacant for such period.

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**10. TENANCY**

**a. Lease**

The lease between the owner and each assisted family must be in accordance with HUD requirements. In all cases, the lease must include the HUD-required tenancy addendum. The tenancy addendum must include, word-for-word, all provisions required by HUD.

**b. Termination of tenancy**

1. The owner may only terminate a tenancy in accordance with the lease and HUD requirements.
2. The owner must give the PHA a copy of any owner eviction notice to the tenant at the same time that the owner gives notice to the tenant. Owner eviction notice means a notice to vacate, or a complaint or other initial pleading used to commence an eviction action under State or local law.

**c. Family payment**

1. The portion of the monthly rent to owner payable by the family (“tenant rent”) will be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements. The amount of the tenant rent is subject to change during the term of the HAP contract. Any changes in the amount of the tenant rent will be effective on the date stated in a notice by the PHA to the family and the owner.
2. The amount of the tenant rent as determined by the PHA is the maximum amount the owner may charge the family for rent of a contract unit, including all housing services, maintenance and utilities to be provided by the owner in accordance with the HAP contract and the lease.
3. The owner may not demand or accept any rent payment from the tenant in excess of the tenant rent as determined by the PHA. The owner must immediately return any excess rent payment to the tenant.
4. The family is not responsible for payment of the portion of the contract rent covered by the housing assistance payment under the HAP contract. The owner may not terminate the tenancy of an assisted family for nonpayment of the PHA housing assistance payment.
5. The PHA is only responsible for making the housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of the family in accordance with the HAP contract. The PHA is not responsible for paying the tenant rent, or any other claim by the owner.

**d. Other owner charges**

1. Except as provided in paragraph 2, the owner may not require the tenant or

family members to pay charges for meals or supportive services. Nonpayment of such charges is not grounds for termination of tenancy.

2. In assisted living developments receiving project-based voucher assistance, owners may charge tenants, family members, or both for meals or supportive services. These charges may not be included in the rent to owner, nor may the value of meals and supportive services be included in the calculation of reasonable rent. Non-payment of such charges is grounds for termination of the lease by the owner in an assisted living development.
3. The owner may not charge the tenant or family members extra amounts for items customarily included in rent in the locality or provided at no additional cost to the unsubsidized tenant in the premises.

**e. Security deposit**

1. The owner may collect a security deposit from the family.
2. The owner must comply with HUD and PHA requirements, which may change from time to time, regarding security deposits from a tenant.
3. The PHA may prohibit security deposits in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted families.
4. When the family moves out of the contract unit, the owner, subject to State and local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, in accordance with the lease, as reimbursement for any unpaid tenant rent, damages to the unit or other amounts which the family owes under the lease. The owner must give the family a written list of all items charged against the security deposit and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount used as reimbursement to the owner, the owner must promptly refund the full amount of the balance to the family.
5. If the security deposit is not sufficient to cover amounts the family owes under the lease, the owner may seek to collect the balance from the family. However, the PHA has no liability or responsibility for payment of any amount owed by the family to the owner.

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**11. FAMILY RIGHT TO MOVE**

- a. The family may terminate its lease at any time after the first year of occupancy. The family must give the owner advance written notice of intent to vacate (with a copy to the PHA) in accordance with the lease. If the family has elected to terminate the lease in this manner, the PHA must offer the family the opportunity for tenant-based rental assistance in accordance with HUD requirements.
  
- b. Before providing notice to terminate the lease under paragraph a, the family must first contact the PHA to request tenant-based rental assistance if the family wishes to move with continued assistance. If tenant-based rental assistance is not immediately available upon lease termination, the PHA shall give the family priority to receive the next available opportunity for tenant-based rental assistance.

**12. OVERCROWDED, UNDER-OCCUPIED, AND ACCESSIBLE UNITS**

The PHA subsidy standards determine the appropriate unit size for the family size and composition. The PHA and owner must comply with the requirements in 24 CFR 983.259.

**13. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATION**

- a. The owner may not refuse to lease contract units to, or otherwise discriminate against any person or family in leasing of a contract unit, because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, disability, age or familial status.
  
- b. The owner must comply with the following requirements: The Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601–19) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 100 *et seq.* ; Executive Order 11063, as amended by Executive Order 12259 (3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 652 and 3 CFR, 1980 Comp., p. 307) (Equal Opportunity in Housing Programs) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 107; title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d-2000d-4) (Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 1; the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6101–6107) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 146; section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at part 8 of this title; title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. 12101 *et seq.* ; 24 CFR part 8; section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 135; Executive Order 11246, as

amended by Executive Orders 11375, 11478, 12086, and 12107 (3 CFR, 1964–1965 Comp., p. 339; 3 CFR, 1966–1970 Comp., p. 684; 3 CFR, 1966–1970 Comp., p. 803; 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 230; and 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 264, respectively) (Equal Employment Opportunity Programs) and implementing regulations at 41 CFR chapter 60; Executive Order 11625, as amended by Executive Order 12007 (3 CFR, 1971–1975 Comp., p. 616 and 3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 139) (Minority Business Enterprises); Executive Order 12432 (3 CFR, 1983 Comp., p. 198) (Minority Business Enterprise Development); and Executive Order 12138, as amended by Executive Order 12608 (3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 393 and 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p. 245) (Women's Business Enterprise).

- c. The PHA and the owner must cooperate with HUD in the conducting of compliance reviews and complaint investigations pursuant to all applicable civil rights statutes, Executive Orders, and all related rules and regulations.

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#### **14. PHA DEFAULT AND HUD REMEDIES**

If HUD determines that the PHA has failed to comply with the HAP contract, or has failed to take appropriate action to HUD's satisfaction or as directed by HUD, for enforcement of the PHA's rights under the HAP contract, HUD may assume the PHA's rights and obligations under the HAP contract, and may perform the obligations and enforce the rights of the PHA under the HAP contract.

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#### **15. OWNER DEFAULT AND PHA REMEDIES**

##### **a. Owner default**

Any of the following is a default by the owner under the HAP contract:

1. The owner has failed to comply with any obligation under the HAP contract, including the owner's obligations to maintain all contract units in accordance with the housing quality standards.
2. The owner has violated any obligation under any other housing assistance payments contract under Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f).
3. The owner has committed any fraud or made any false statement to the PHA or HUD in connection with the HAP contract.
4. The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing assistance program.

5. If the property where the contract units are located is subject to a lien or security interest securing a HUD loan or a mortgage insured by HUD and:
  - A. The owner has failed to comply with the regulations for the applicable mortgage insurance or loan program, with the mortgage or mortgage note, or with the regulatory agreement; or
  - B. The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the HUD loan or HUD-insured mortgage.
6. The owner has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity.

**b. PHA remedies**

1. If the PHA determines that a breach has occurred, the PHA may exercise any of its rights or remedies under the HAP contract.
2. The PHA must notify the owner in writing of such determination. The notice by the PHA to the owner may require the owner to take corrective action (as verified by the PHA) by a time prescribed in the notice.
3. The PHA's rights and remedies under the HAP contract include recovery of overpayments, termination or reduction of housing assistance payments, and termination of the HAP contract.

**c. PHA remedy is not waived**

The PHA's exercise or non-exercise of any remedy for owner breach of the HAP contract is not a waiver of the right to exercise that remedy or any other right or remedy at any time.

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**16. ~~REQUIRED BY HUD FORMS~~ INFORMATION AND ACCESS**

**a. Required information**

The owner must prepare and furnish any information pertinent to the HAP contract as may reasonably be required from time to time by the PHA or HUD. The owner shall furnish such information in the form and manner required by the

PHA or HUD.

**b. PHA and HUD access to premises**

The owner must permit the PHA or HUD or any of their authorized representatives to have access to the premises during normal business hours and, for the purpose of audit and examination, to have access to any books, documents, papers and records of the owner to the extent necessary to determine compliance with the HAP contract, including the verification of information pertinent to the housing assistance payments or the HAP contract.

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**17. PHA AND OWNER RELATION TO THIRD PARTIES**

**a. Injury because of owner action or failure to act**

The PHA has no responsibility for or liability to any person injured as a result of the owner's action or failure to act in connection with the implementation of the HAP contract, or as a result of any other action or failure to act by the owner.

**b. Legal relationship**

The owner is not the agent of the PHA. The HAP contract does not create or affect any relationship between the PHA and any lender to the owner or any suppliers, employees, contractors or subcontractors used by the owner in connection with the implementation of the HAP contract.

**c. Exclusion of third party claims**

Nothing in the HAP contract shall be construed as creating any right of a family or other third party (other than HUD) to enforce any provision of the HAP contract, or to assert any claim against HUD, the PHA or the owner under the HAP contract.

**d. Exclusion of owner claims against HUD**

Nothing in the HAP contract shall be construed as creating any right of the owner to assert any claim against HUD.



**18. PHA-OWNED UNITS**

Notwithstanding Section 17 of this HAP contract, a PHA may own units assisted under the project-based voucher program, subject to the special requirements in 24 CFR 983.59 regarding PHA-owned units.

**19. CONFLICT OF INTEREST**

**a. Interest of members, officers, or employees of PHA, members of local governing body, or other public officials**

1. No present or former member or officer of the PHA (except tenant-commissioners), no employee of the PHA who formulates policy or influences decisions with respect to the housing choice voucher program or project-based voucher program, and no public official or member of a governing body or State or local legislator who exercises functions or responsibilities with respect to these programs, shall have any direct or indirect interest, during his or her tenure or for one year thereafter, or in the HAP contract.
2. HUD may waive this provision for good cause.

**b. Disclosure**

The owner has disclosed to the PHA any interest that would be a violation of the HAP contract. The owner must fully and promptly update such disclosures.

**c. Interest of member of or delegate to Congress**

No member of or delegate to the Congress of the United States of America or resident-commissioner shall be admitted to any share or part of this HAP Contract or to any benefits arising from the contract.

**20. EXCLUSION FROM FEDERAL PROGRAMS**

**a. Federal requirements**

The owner must comply with and is subject to requirements of 24 CFR part 2424.

**b. Disclosure**

The owner certifies that:

1. The owner has disclosed to the PHA the identity of the owner and any principal or interested party.
2. Neither the owner nor any principal or interested party is listed on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from Federal procurement and nonprocurement programs; and none of such parties are debarred, suspended, subject to a limited denial of participation or otherwise excluded under 2 CFR part 2424.

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**21. TRANSFER OF THE CONTRACT OR PROPERTY**

**a. When consent is required**

1. The owner agrees that neither the HAP contract nor the property may be transferred without the advance written consent of the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
2. "Transfer" includes:
  - A. Any sale or assignment or other transfer of ownership, in any form, of the HAP contract or the property;
  - B. The transfer of any right to receive housing assistance payments that may be payable pursuant to the HAP contract;
  - C. The creation of a security interest in the HAP contract or the property;
  - D. Foreclosure or other execution on a security interest; or
  - E. A creditor's lien, or transfer in bankruptcy.
3. If the owner is a corporation, partnership, trust or joint venture, the owner is not required to obtain advance consent of the PHA pursuant to paragraph a for transfer of a passive and non-controlling interest in the ownership entity (such as a stock transfer or transfer of the interest of a limited partner), if any interests so transferred cumulatively represent less than half the beneficial interest in the HAP contract or the property. The owner must obtain advance consent pursuant to paragraph a for transfer of any interest of a general partner.

**b Transferee assumption of HAP contract**

No transferee (including the holder of a security interest, the security holder's transferee or successor in interest, or the transferee upon exercise of a security interest) shall have any right to receive any payment of housing assistance payments pursuant to the HAP contract, or to exercise any rights or remedies under the HAP contract, unless the PHA has consented in advance, in writing to such transfer, and the transferee has agreed in writing, in a form acceptable to the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements, to assume the obligations of the owner under the HAP contract, and to comply with all the terms of the HAP contract.

**c. Effect of consent to transfer**

1. The creation or transfer of any security interest in the HAP contract is limited to amounts payable under the HAP contract in accordance with the terms of the HAP contract.
2. The PHA's consent to transfer of the HAP contract or the property does not to change the terms of the HAP contract in any way, and does not change the rights or obligations of the PHA or the owner under the HAP contract.
3. The PHA's consent to transfer of the HAP contract or the property to any transferee does not constitute consent to any further transfers of the HAP contract or the property, including further transfers to any successors or assigns of an approved transferee.

**d. When transfer is prohibited**

The PHA will not consent to the transfer if any transferee, or any principal or interested party is debarred, suspended subject to a limited denial of participation, or otherwise excluded under 2 CFR part 2424, or is listed on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from Federal procurement or nonprocurement programs.

~~22. SUBSTITUTED LAYERING~~ Not required for existing housing projects.

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**23. OWNER LOBBYING CERTIFICATIONS**

- a. The owner certifies, to the best of owner's knowledge and belief, that:
1. No Federally appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the owner, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of the HAP contract, or the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of the HAP contract.
  2. If any funds other than Federally appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the HAP contract, the owner must complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- b. This certification by the owner is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352.

**24. TERMINATION OF HAP CONTRACT FOR WRONGFUL SELECTION OF CONTRACT UNITS**

The HAP contract may be terminated upon at least 30 days notice to the owner by the PHA or HUD if the PHA or HUD determines that the contract units were not eligible for selection in conformity with HUD requirements.

**25. NOTICES AND OWNER CERTIFICATIONS**

- a. Where the owner is required to give any notice to the PHA pursuant to the HAP contract or any other provision of law, such notice must be in writing and must be given in the form and manner required by the PHA.
- b. Any certification or warranty by the owner pursuant to the HAP contract shall be deemed a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into.

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**26. ENTIRE AGREEMENT; INTERPRETATION**

- a. The HAP contract, including the exhibits, is the entire agreement between the PHA and the owner.
  
- b. The HAP contract must be interpreted and implemented in accordance with all statutory requirements, and with all HUD requirements, including amendments or changes in HUD requirements during the term of the HAP contract. The owner agrees to comply with all such laws and HUD requirements.

**U.S. Department Of Housing And Urban Development  
Office of Public and Indian Housing**

**SECTION 8 PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM**

**PBV AGREEMENT TO ENTER INTO  
HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT**

**NEW CONSTRUCTION OR REHABILITATION**

**PART I**

This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless that collection displays a valid OMB control number. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection.

**1.1 Parties**

This Agreement to Enter into Housing Assistance Payments Contract (“Agreement”) is entered into between:

\_\_\_\_\_ (“PHA”) and

\_\_\_\_\_ (“owner”).

**1.2 Purpose**

The owner agrees to develop the Housing Assistance Payments Contract (“HAP contract”) units to in accordance with Exhibit B to comply with Housing Quality Standards (“HQS”), and the PHA agrees that, upon timely completion of such development in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, the PHA will enter into a HAP contract with the owner of the contract units.

**1.3 Contents of Agreement**

This Agreement consists of Part I, Part II and the following Exhibits:

EXHIBIT A: The approved owner’s PBV proposal. (Selection of proposals must be in accordance with 24 CFR 983.51.)

EXHIBIT B: Description of work to be performed under this Agreement, including:

- if the Agreement is for rehabilitation of units, this exhibit must include the rehabilitation work write-up and, where the PHA has determined necessary, specifications and plans.
- if the Agreement is for new construction of units, the work description must include the working drawings and specifications.
- any additional requirements beyond HQS relating to quality, design and architecture that the PHA requires.
- work items resulting from compliance with the design and construction requirements of the Fair Housing Act and implementing regulations at 24 CFR 100.205 and the accessibility requirements under section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and implementing regulations at 24 CFR 8.22 and 8.23.

EXHIBIT C: Description of housing, including:

- project site.
- total number of units in project covered by this Agreement.
- location of contract units on site.
- number of contract units by area (size) and number of bedrooms and bathrooms.
- services, maintenance, or equipment to be supplied by the owner without charges in addition to the rent to owner.
- utilities available to the contract units, including a specification of utility services to be paid by owner (without charges in addition to rent) and utility services to be paid by the tenant.
- estimated initial rent to owner for the contract units.

EXHIBIT D: The HAP contract.

#### **1.4 Significant Dates**

- A. Effective Date of the Agreement: The Agreement must be executed promptly after PHA notice of proposal selection to the owner has been given. The PHA may not enter this Agreement with the owner until any required subsidy layering review has been performed and an environmental review has been satisfactorily completed in accordance with HUD requirements.
- B. A project may either be a single-stage or multi-stage project. A single-stage project will have the same Agreement effective date for all contract units. A multi-stage project will have separate effective dates for each stage.

**Single-stage project**

- i. Effective Date for all contract units: \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. Date of Commencement of the Work: The date for commencement of work is not later than \_\_\_\_\_ calendar days after the effective date of this Agreement.
- iii. Time for Completion of Work: The date for completion of the work is not later than \_\_\_\_\_ calendar days after the effective date of this Agreement.

**Multi-Stage Project**

Enter the information for each stage upon execution of the Agreement for the corresponding stage.

STAGE	NUMBER OF UNITS	EFFECTIVE DATE	DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF WORK	TIME FOR COMPLETION OF WORK

**1.5 Nature of the Work**

- This Agreement is for **New Construction** of units to be assisted by the project-based voucher program.
- This Agreement is for **Rehabilitation** of units to be assisted by the project-based voucher program.



## **1.6 Schedule of Completion**

- A. **Timely Performance of Work:** The owner agrees to begin work no later than the date for commencement of work as stated in section 1.4. In the event the work is not commenced, diligently continued and completed as required under this Agreement, the PHA may terminate this Agreement or take other appropriate action. The owner agrees to report promptly to the PHA the date work is commenced and furnish the PHA with progress reports as required by the PHA.
- B. **Time for Completion:** All work must be completed no later than the end of the period stated in section 1.4. Where completion in stages is provided for, work related to units included in each stage shall be completed by the stage completion date and all work on all stages must be completed no later than the end of the period stated in section 1.4.
- C. **Delays:** If there is a delay in the completion due to unforeseen factors beyond the owner's control as determined by the PHA, the PHA agrees to extend the time for completion for an appropriate period as determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

## **1.7 Changes in Work**

- A. The owner must obtain prior PHA approval for any change from the work specified in Exhibit B which would alter the design or quality of the rehabilitation or construction. The PHA is not required to approve any changes requested by the owner. PHA approval of any change may be conditioned on establishment of a lower initial rent to owner as determined by PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
- B. If the owner makes any changes in the work without prior PHA approval, the PHA may establish lower initial rents to owner as determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
- C. The PHA may inspect the work during rehabilitation or construction to ensure that work is proceeding on schedule, is being accomplished in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, meets the level of material described in Exhibit B and meets typical levels of workmanship for the area.

## 1.8 Work Completion

- A. Conformance with Exhibit B: The work must be completed in accordance with Exhibit B. The owner is solely responsible for completion of the work.
- B. Evidence of Completion: When the work is completed, the owner must provide the PHA with the following:
1. A certification by the owner that the work has been completed in accordance with the HQS and all requirements of this Agreement.
  2. A certification by the owner that the owner has complied with labor standards and equal opportunity requirements in the development of the housing. (See 24 CFR 983.155(b)(1)(ii).)
  3. Additional Evidence of Completion: At the discretion of the PHA, or as required by HUD, the owner may be required to submit additional documentation as evidence of completion of the housing. Check the following that apply:
    - A certificate of occupancy or other evidence that the contract units comply with local requirements.
    - An architect or developer's certification that the housing complies with:
      - the HQS;
      - State, local or other building codes;
      - Zoning;
      - The rehabilitation work write-up for rehabilitated housing;
      - The work description for newly constructed housing; or
      - Any additional design or quality requirements pursuant to this Agreement.

## **1.9 Inspection and Acceptance by the PHA of Completed Contract Units**

- A. Completion of Contract Units: Upon receipt of owner notice of completion of contract units, the PHA shall take the following steps:
  - 1. Review all evidence of completion submitted by owner.
  - 2. Inspect the units to determine if the housing has been completed in accordance with this Agreement, including compliance with the HQS and any additional requirements imposed by the PHA under this Agreement.
- B. Non-Acceptance: If the PHA determines the work has not been completed in accordance with this Agreement, including non-compliance with the HQS, the PHA shall promptly notify the owner of this decision and the reasons for the non-acceptance. The parties must not enter into the HAP contract at this point. However, work deficiencies may be corrected in accordance with Section 1.10 of this Agreement.
- C. Acceptance: If the PHA determines that the work has been completed in accordance with this Agreement, and that the owner has submitted all required evidence of completion, the PHA must submit the HAP contract for execution by the owner and must then execute the HAP contract.

## **1.10 Acceptance Where Work Deficiencies Exist**

- A. If the PHA determines that work deficiencies exist, the PHA shall determine whether and to what extent the deficiencies are correctable, whether the units will be accepted after correction of the deficiencies, and the requirements and procedures (consistent with HUD requirements) for such correction and acceptance of contract units. The PHA shall notify the owner of the PHA's decision.
- B. Completion in Stages: When the units will be completed in stages, the procedures of this section shall apply to each stage.

## **1.11 Execution of HAP Contract**

- A. Time and Execution: Upon acceptance of the units by the PHA, the owner and the PHA execute the HAP contract.

- B. **Completion in Stages:** When the units will be completed in stages, the number and types of units in each stage, and the initial rents to owner for such units, shall be separately shown in the HAP contract for each stage. Upon acceptance of the first stage, the owner shall execute the HAP contract and the signature block provided in the HAP contract for that stage. Upon acceptance of each subsequent stage, the owner shall execute the signature block provided in the HAP contract for such stage.
- C. **Form of HAP contract:** The terms of the HAP contract shall be provided in Exhibit D of this Agreement. There shall be no change in the terms of the HAP contract unless such change is approved by HUD headquarters. Prior to execution by the owner, all blank spaces in the HAP contract shall be completed by the PHA.
- D. **Survival of Owner Obligations:** Even after execution of the HAP contract, the owner shall continue to be bound by all owner obligations under the Agreement.

### **1.12 Initial Determination of Rents**

- A. The estimated initial rent to owner shall be established in Exhibit C of this Agreement.
- B. The initial rent to owner is established at the beginning of the HAP contract term.
- C. The estimated and initial contract rents for each unit may in no event exceed the amount authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. Where the estimated or the initial rent to owner exceeds the amount authorized under HUD requirements, the PHA shall establish a lower estimated or initial rent to owner (as applicable), in accordance with HUD requirements.

### **1.13 Uniform Relocation Act**

- A. A displaced person must be provided relocation assistance at the levels described in and in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (URA) (42 U.S.C. 4201-4655) and implementing regulations at 49 CFR part 24.
- B. The cost of required relocation assistance may be paid with funds provided by the owner, or with local public funds, or with funds available from other sources. Payment of relocation assistance must be in accordance with HUD requirements.

- C The acquisition of real property for a project to be assisted under the project-based voucher program is subject to the URA and 49 CFR part 24, subpart B.
- D The PHA must require the owner to comply with the URA and 49 CFR part 24.
- E In computing a replacement housing payment to a residential tenant displaced as a direct result of privately undertaken rehabilitation or demolition of the real property, the term “initiation of negotiations” means the execution of the Agreement between the owner and the PHA.

#### **1.14 Protection of In-Place Families**

- A In order to minimize displacement of in-place families, if a unit to be placed under HAP contract is occupied by an eligible family on the proposal selection date, the in-place family must be placed on the PHA’s waiting list (if it is not already on the list) and, once its continued eligibility is determined, given an absolute selection preference and referred to the project owner for an appropriately sized unit in the project.
- B This protection does not apply to families that are not eligible to participate in the program on the proposal selection date.
- C The term “in-place family” means an eligible family residing in a proposed contract unit on the proposal selection date.
- D Assistance to in-place families may only be provided in accordance with HUD requirements.

#### **1.15 Termination of Agreement and HAP Contract**

The Agreement or HAP contract may be terminated upon at least 30 days notice to the owner by the PHA or HUD if the PHA or HUD determines that the contract units were not eligible for selection in conformity with HUD requirements.

#### **1.16 Rights of HUD if PHA Defaults Under Agreement**

If HUD determines that the PHA has failed to comply with this Agreement, or has failed to take appropriate action, to HUD’s satisfaction or as directed by HUD, for enforcement of the PHA’s rights under this Agreement, HUD may assume the PHA’s rights and obligations under the Agreement, and may perform the obligations and enforce the rights of the PHA under the Agreement. HUD will, if it determines that the owner is not in

default, pay annual contributions for the purpose of providing housing assistance payments with respect to the dwelling unit(s) under this Agreement for the duration of the HAP contract.

### **1.17 Owner Default and PHA Remedies**

#### **A. Owner Default**

Any of the following is a default by the owner under the Agreement:

1. The owner has failed to comply with any obligation under the Agreement.
2. The owner has violated any obligation under any other housing assistance payments contract under Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f).
3. The owner has committed any fraud or made any false statement to the PHA or HUD in connection with the Agreement.
4. The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing assistance program.
5. If the property where the contract units are located is subject to a lien or security interest securing a HUD loan or a mortgage insured by HUD and:
  - A. The owner has failed to comply with the regulations for the applicable mortgage insurance or loan program, with the mortgage or mortgage note, or with the regulatory agreement; or
  - B. The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the HUD loan or HUD-insured mortgage.
6. The owner has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity.

#### **B. PHA Remedies**

1. If the PHA determines that a breach has occurred, the PHA may exercise any of its rights or remedies under the Agreement.

2. The PHA must notify the owner in writing of such determination. The notice by the PHA to the owner may require the owner to take corrective action (as verified by the PHA) by a time prescribed in the notice.
3. The PHA's rights and remedies under the Agreement include, but are not limited to: (i) terminating the Agreement; and (ii) declining to execute the HAP contract for some or all of the units.

C. PHA Remedy is not Waived

The PHA's exercise or non-exercise of any remedy for owner breach of the Agreement is not a waiver of the right to exercise that remedy or any other right or remedy at any time.

### **1.18 PHA and Owner Relation to Third Parties**

A. Selection and Performance of Contractor

1. The PHA has not assumed any responsibility or liability to the owner, or any other party for performance of any contractor, subcontractor or supplier, whether or not listed by the PHA as a qualified contractor or supplier under the program. The selection of a contractor, subcontractor or supplier is the sole responsibility of the owner and the PHA is not involved in any relationship between the owner and any contractor, subcontractor or supplier.
2. The owner must select a competent contractor to undertake rehabilitation or construction. The owner agrees to require from each prospective contractor a certification that neither the contractor nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or otherwise excluded from participation in contracts by any Federal department or agency or the Comptroller General. The owner agrees not to award contracts to, otherwise engage in the service of, or fund any contractor that does not provide this certification.

- B. Injury Resulting from Work under the Agreement: The PHA has not assumed any responsibility for or liability to any person, including a worker or a resident of the unit undergoing work pursuant to this Agreement, injured as a result of the work or as a result of any other action or failure to act by the owner, or any contractor, subcontractor or supplier.

- C. **Legal Relationship:** The owner is not the agent of the PHA and this Agreement does not create or affect any relationship between the PHA and any lender to the owner or any suppliers, employees, contractor or subcontractors used by the owner in the implementation of the Agreement.
- D. **Exclusion of Third Party Claims:** Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as creating any right of any third party (other than HUD) to enforce any provision of this Agreement or the HAP contract, or to assert any claim against HUD, the PHA or the owner under the Agreement or the HAP contract.
- E. **Exclusion of Owner Claims against HUD:** Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as creating any right of the owner to assert any claim against HUD.

### **1.19 PHA-Owned Units**

Notwithstanding Section 1.18 of this Agreement, a PHA may own units assisted under the project-based voucher program, subject to the special requirements in 24 CFR 983.59 regarding PHA-owned units.

### **1.20 Conflict of Interest**

- A. **Interest of Members, Officers, or Employees of PHA, Members of Local Governing Body, or Other Public Officials**
  - 1. No present or former member or officer of the PHA (except tenant-commissioners), no employee of the PHA who formulates policy or influences decisions with respect to the housing choice voucher program or project-based voucher program, and no public official or member of a governing body or State or local legislator who exercises functions or responsibilities with respect to these programs, shall have any direct or indirect interest, during his or her tenure or for one year thereafter, in the Agreement or HAP contract.
  - 2. HUD may waive this provision for good cause.

- B. **Disclosure**

The owner has disclosed to the PHA any interest that would be a violation of the Agreement or HAP contract. The owner must fully and promptly update such disclosures.



## **1.21 Interest of Member or Delegate to Congress**

No member of or delegate to the Congress of the United States of America or resident-commissioner shall be admitted to any share or part of the Agreement or HAP contract or to any benefits arising from the Agreement or HAP contract.

## **1.22 Transfer of the Agreement, HAP Contract or Property**

### **A. PHA Consent to Transfer**

The owner agrees that the owner has not made and will not make any transfer in any form, including any sale or assignment, of the Agreement, HAP contract or the property without the prior written consent of the PHA. A change in ownership in the owner, such as a stock transfer or transfer of the interest of a limited partner, is not subject to the provisions of this section. Transfer of the interest of a general partner is subject to the provisions of this section.

### **B. Procedure for PHA Acceptance of Transferee**

Where the owner requests the consent of the PHA for a transfer in any form, including any sale or assignment, of the Agreement, the HAP contract or the property, the PHA must consent to a transfer of the Agreement or HAP contract if the transferee agrees in writing (in a form acceptable to the PHA) to comply with all the terms of the Agreement and HAP contract, and if the transferee is acceptable to the PHA. The PHA's criteria for acceptance of the transferee must be in accordance with HUD requirements.

### **C. When Transfer is Prohibited**

The PHA will not consent to the transfer if any transferee, or any principal or interested party is debarred, suspended subject to a limited denial of participation, or otherwise excluded under 2 CFR part 2424, or is listed on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from Federal procurement or nonprocurement programs.

## **1.23 Exclusion from Federal Programs**

### **A. Federal Requirements**

The owner must comply with and is subject to requirements of 2 CFR part 2424.

**B. Disclosure**

The owner certifies that:

1. The owner has disclosed to the PHA the identity of the owner and any principal or interested party.
2. Neither the owner nor any principal or interested party is listed on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from Federal procurement and nonprocurement programs; and none of such parties are debarred, suspended, subject to a limited denial of participation or otherwise excluded under 2 CFR part 2424.

**1.24 Lobbying Certifications**

A. The owner certifies, to the best of owner's knowledge and belief, that:

1. No Federally appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the owner, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of the Agreement or HAP contract, or the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of the HAP contract.
2. If any funds other than Federally appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the Agreement or HAP contract, the owner must complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

B. This certification by the owner is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352.

## **1.25 Subsidy Layering**

### **A. Owner Disclosure**

The owner must disclose to the PHA, in accordance with HUD requirements, information regarding any related assistance from the Federal Government, a State, or a unit of general local government, or any agency or instrumentality thereof, that is made available or is expected to be made available with respect to the contract units. Such related assistance includes, but is not limited to, any loan, grant, guarantee, insurance, payment, rebate, subsidy, credit, tax benefit, or any other form of direct or indirect assistance.

### **B. Limit of Payments**

Housing assistance payments under the HAP contract must not be more than is necessary, as determined in accordance with HUD requirements, to provide affordable housing after taking account of such related assistance. The PHA will adjust in accordance with HUD requirements the amount of the housing assistance payments to the owner to compensate in whole or in part for such related assistance.

## **1.26 Prohibition of Discrimination**

- A. The owner may not refuse to lease contract units to, or otherwise discriminate against, any person or family in leasing of a contract unit, because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, disability, age or familial status.
- B. The owner must comply with the following requirements: The Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601–19) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 100 *et seq.* ; Executive Order 11063, as amended by Executive Order 12259 (3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 652 and 3 CFR, 1980 Comp., p. 307) (Equal Opportunity in Housing Programs) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 107; title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d-2000d-4) (Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 1; the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6101–6107) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 146; section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at part 8 of this title; title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. 12101 *et seq.* ; 24 CFR part 8; section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 135; Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Orders 11375, 11478, 12086, and 12107 (3 CFR, 1964–

1965 Comp., p. 339; 3 CFR, 1966–1970 Comp., p. 684; 3 CFR, 1966–1970 Comp., p. 803; 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 230; and 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 264, respectively) (Equal Employment Opportunity Programs) and implementing regulations at 41 CFR chapter 60; Executive Order 11625, as amended by Executive Order 12007 (3 CFR, 1971–1975 Comp., p. 616 and 3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 139) (Minority Business Enterprises); Executive Order 12432 (3 CFR, 1983 Comp., p. 198) (Minority Business Enterprise Development); and Executive Order 12138, as amended by Executive Order 12608 (3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 393 and 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p. 245) (Women's Business Enterprise).

- C. The PHA and the owner must cooperate with HUD in the conducting of compliance reviews and complaint investigations pursuant to all applicable civil rights statutes, Executive Orders, and all related rules and regulations.

### **1.27 PHA and HUD Access to Premises and Owner Records**

- A. The owner must furnish any information pertinent to this Agreement as may be reasonably required from time to time by the PHA or HUD. The owner shall furnish such information in the form and manner required by the PHA or HUD.
- B. The owner must permit the PHA or HUD or any of their authorized representatives to have access to the premises during normal business hours and, for the purpose of audit and examination, to have access to any books, documents, papers and records of the owner to the extent necessary to determine compliance with the Agreement.

### **1.28 Notices and Owner Certifications**

- A. Where the owner is required to give any notice to the PHA pursuant to this Agreement, such notice shall be in writing and shall be given in the manner designated by the PHA.
- B. Any certification or warranty by the owner pursuant to the Agreement shall be deemed a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into.

## 1.29 HUD Requirements

- A. The Agreement and the HAP contract shall be interpreted and implemented in accordance with all statutory requirements, and with all HUD requirements, including amendments or changes in HUD requirements. The owner agrees to comply with all such laws and HUD requirements
- B. HUD requirements are requirements that apply to the project-based voucher program. HUD requirements are issued by HUD Headquarters as regulations, Federal Register notices or other binding program directives.

## 1.30 Applicability of Part II provisions – Check all that apply

- Training, Employment and Contracting Opportunities  
Section 2.1 applies if the total of the contract rents for all units under the proposed HAP contract, over the maximum term of the contract, is more than \$200,000.
- Equal Employment Opportunity  
Section 2.2 only applies to construction contracts of more than \$10,000.
- Labor Standards Requirements  
Sections 2.4, 2.8 and 2.10 apply when this Agreement covers nine or more units.
- Flood Insurance  
Section 2.11 applies if units are located in areas having special flood hazards and in which flood insurance is available under the National Flood Insurance Program.

**EXECUTION OF THE AGREEMENT**

**PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY**

**Name (Print)** \_\_\_\_\_

**By:** \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Authorized Representative

**Official title (Print):** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**OWNER**

**Name (Print)** \_\_\_\_\_

**By:** \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Authorized Representative

**Official Title (Print):** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development  
Office of Public and Indian Housing**

**SECTION 8 PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM**

**PBV AGREEMENT TO ENTER INTO  
HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT**

**NEW CONSTRUCTION OR REHABILITATION**

**PART II**

This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless that collection displays a valid OMB control number. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection.

**2.1 Training, Employment and Contracting Opportunities**

- (a) The project assisted under this Agreement is subject to the requirements of section 3 of the Housing Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 1701u. The owner shall carry out the provisions of section 3 and the regulations issued by HUD as set forth in 24 CFR part 135 and all applicable rules and orders of HUD issued thereunder prior to the execution of this Agreement. This shall be a condition of the Federal financial assistance provided to the project, binding upon the owner, the owner's contractors and subcontractors, successors and assigns. Failure to fulfill these requirements shall subject the owner, the owner's contractors and subcontractors, successors and assigns to the sanctions specified by this Agreement, and to such sanctions as are specified by 24 CFR part 135.
- (b) The owner shall incorporate or cause to be incorporated into any contract or subcontract for work pursuant to this Agreement in excess of \$100,000 the following clause:
  - (1) The work to be performed under this contract is subject to the requirements of section 3 of the Housing Urban Development Act of 1968, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 1701u. The purpose of section 3 is to ensure that employment and other economic opportunities generated by HUD assistance or HUD-assisted projects covered by section 3 shall, to the greatest extent feasible, be directed to low- and very low-income persons, particularly persons who are recipients of HUD assistance for housing.

- (2) The parties to this Agreement agree to comply with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 135, which implement section 3. As evidenced by their execution of this Agreement, the parties to this Agreement certify that they are under no contractual or other impediment that would prevent them from complying with the part 135 regulations.
- (3) The contractor agrees to send to each labor organization or representative of workers with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other understanding, if any, a notice advising the labor organization or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section 3 clause, and will post copies of the notice in conspicuous places at the work site where both employees and applicants for training and employment positions can see the notice. The notice shall describe the section 3 preference, and shall set forth minimum number and job titles subject to hire, availability of apprenticeship and training positions, the qualifications for each; the name and location of the person(s) taking applications for each of the positions; and the anticipated date the work shall begin.
- (4) The contractor agrees to include this section 3 clause in every subcontract subject to compliance with regulations in 24 CFR part 135, and agrees to take appropriate action, as provided in an applicable provision of the subcontract or in this section 3 clause, upon a finding that the subcontractor is in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR part 135. The contractor will not subcontract with any subcontractor where the contractor has notice or knowledge that the subcontractor has been found in violation of the regulations in 24 CFR part 135.
- (5) The contractor will certify that any vacant employment positions, including training positions, that are filled (1) after the contractor is selected but before the contract is executed, and (2) with persons other than those to whom the regulations of 24 CFR part 135 require employment opportunities to be directed, were not filled to circumvent the contractor's obligations under 24 CFR part 135.
- (6) Noncompliance with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 135 may result in sanctions, termination of this Agreement for default, and debarment or suspension from future HUD assisted contracts.
- (7) With respect to work performed in connection with section 3 covered Indian housing assistance, section 7(b) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 405e) also applies to the work to be performed under this contract. Section 7(b) requires that to the greatest extent feasible:
  - (i) preference and opportunities for training and employment shall be given to



Indians, and (ii) preference in the award of contracts and subcontracts shall be given to Indian organizations and Indian-owned Economic Enterprise. Parties to this contract that are subject to the provisions of section 3 and section 7(b) agree to comply with section 3 to the maximum extent feasible, but not in derogation of compliance with section 7(b).

## **2.2 EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY**

- (a) The owner shall incorporate or cause to be incorporated into any contract in excess of \$10,000 for construction work, or modification thereof, as defined in the regulations of the Secretary of Labor at 41 CFR chapter 60, which is to be performed pursuant to this Agreement, the following nondiscrimination clause:

During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

- (1) The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, creed, religion, sex, or national origin. The contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, creed, sex, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoffs or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided by the contracting officer setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.
- (2) The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, creed, sex, or national origin.
- (3) The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by or at the direction of the Government advising the labor union or workers representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

- (4) The contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, and with the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.
  - (5) The contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to its books, records, and accounts by HUD and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations and orders.
  - (6) In the event of the contractor's noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of the rules, regulations, or orders, the contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor may be declared ineligible for further contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions as may be imported and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor or as otherwise provided by law.
  - (7) The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (7) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by the rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the Government may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance; provided, however, that in the event a contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the Government, the contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interest of the United States.
- (b) The owner agrees to be bound by the above nondiscrimination clause with respect to his or her own employment practices when participating in federally assisted construction work.
  - (c) The owner agrees to assist and cooperate actively with HUD and the Secretary of Labor in obtaining the compliance of contractors and subcontractors with the nondiscrimination clause and the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor, to furnish HUD and the Secretary of Labor such information

as they may require for the supervision of such compliance, and to otherwise assist HUD in the discharge of HUD's primary responsibility for securing compliance.

- (d) The owner further agrees to refrain from entering into any contract or contract modification subject to Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, with a contractor debarred from, or who has not demonstrated eligibility for, Government contracts and federally assisted construction contracts pursuant to the Executive Order and will carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of the nondiscrimination clause as may be imposed upon contractors and subcontractors by HUD or the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the Executive Order. In addition, if the owner fails or refuses to comply with these undertakings, HUD may take any or all of the following actions; cancel, terminate, or suspend in whole or in part this Agreement; refrain from extending any further assistance to the owner under the program with respect to which the failure or refusal occurred until satisfactory assurance of future compliance has been received from the owner, and refer the case to the Department of Justice for appropriate legal proceedings.

### **2.3 RESERVED**

### **2.4 HUD-FEDERAL LABOR STANDARDS PROVISIONS**

The owner is responsible for inserting the entire text of section 2.4 of this Agreement in all construction contracts and, if the owner performs any rehabilitation work on the project, the owner must comply with all provisions of section 2.4. (Note: Sections 2.4(b) and (c) apply only when the amount of the prime contract exceeds \$100,000.)

(a)(1)(i) Minimum Wages. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937 or under the Housing Act of 1949 in the construction or development of the project) will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made part hereof regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or

mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv); also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs, which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period.

Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321)) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

(ii)(A) Any class of laborers or mechanics which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. HUD shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

- (1) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;
- (2) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
- (3) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(B) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and HUD or its designee agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by HUD or its designee to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, D. C. 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise HUD or its designee or will notify HUD or its designee within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(C) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and HUD or its designee do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), HUD or its designee shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of HUD or its designee, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within the 30 days of receipt and so advise HUD or its designee or will notify HUD or its designee within 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(D) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to subparagraphs (1)(B) or (C) of this paragraph, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

(iii) Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determinations or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

(iv) If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program: Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

(2) Withholding. HUD or its designee shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractors under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee or helper, employed or working on the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937 or under the Housing Act of 1949 in the construction or development of the project), all or part of the wages required by the contract, HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such

violations have ceased. HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, disburse such amounts withheld for and on account of the contractor or subcontractor to the respective employees to whom they are due.

(3)(i) Payrolls and Basic Records. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937, or under the Housing Act of 1949, in the construction or development of the project). Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5 (a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

(ii)(A) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to HUD or its designee if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the contractor will submit the payrolls to the applicant, sponsor, or owner, as the case may be, for transmission to HUD or its designee. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i). This information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents (Federal Stock Number 029-005-00014-1), U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors.

(B) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(1) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5 (a)(3)(i) and that such information is correct and complete;

(2) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3;

(3) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(C) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph (a)(3)(ii)(B) of this section.

(D) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of Title 18 and section 231 of Title 31 of the United States Code.

(iii) The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of HUD or its designee or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

(4)(i) Apprentices and Trainees. Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Bureau, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary

employment as an apprentice. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeymen's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed. Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination. In the event the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Bureau, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(ii) Trainees. Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee



rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(iii) Equal Employment Opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

(5) Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3 which are incorporated by reference in this Agreement.

(6) Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor will insert in any subcontracts the clauses contained in section 2.4(a)(1) through (11) and such other clauses as HUD or its designee may by appropriate instructions require, and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section 2.4(a).

(7) Contract Terminations; Debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

(8) Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

(9) Disputes Concerning Labor Standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and HUD or its designee, the U. S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

(10)(i) Certification of Eligibility. By entering into this Agreement, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1) or to be awarded HUD contracts or participate in HUD programs pursuant to 24 CFR part 24.

(ii) No part of this Agreement shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1) or to be awarded HUD contracts or participate in HUD programs pursuant to 24 CFR part 24.

(iii) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001. Additionally, U.S. Criminal Code, section 1010, Title 18, U.S.C., "Federal Housing Administration transactions, provides in part: "Whoever, for the purpose of ...influencing in any way the action of such Administration...makes, utters or publishes any statement, knowing the same to be false... shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both."

11. Complaints, Proceedings, or Testimony by Employees. No laborer or mechanic to whom the wage, salary, or other labor standards provisions of this Agreement are applicable shall be discharged or in any other manner discriminated against by the Contractor or any subcontractor because such employee has filed any complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding or has testified or is about to testify in any proceeding under or relating to the labor standards applicable under this Agreement to his employer.

(b) Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. The provisions of this paragraph (b) are applicable only where the amount of the prime contract exceeds \$100,000. As used in this paragraph, the terms "laborers" and "mechanics" include watchmen and guards.

(1) Overtime Requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

(2) Violation; Liability for Unpaid Wages; Liquidated Damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefore shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work

done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph.

(3) Withholding for Unpaid Wages and Liquidated Damages. HUD or its designee shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any monies payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph.

(4) Subcontractors. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in subparagraph (1) through (4) of this paragraph and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in subparagraphs (1) through (4) of this paragraph.

(c) Health and Safety. The provisions of this paragraph (c) are applicable only where the amount of the prime contract exceeds \$100,000.

- (1) No laborer or mechanic shall be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his health and safety as determined under construction safety and health standards promulgated by the Secretary of Labor by regulation.
- (2) The contractor shall comply with all regulations issue by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to Title 29 part 1926 and failure to comply may result in imposition of sanctions pursuant to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, 40 USC 3701 *et seq.*
- (3) The contractor shall include the provisions of this paragraph in every subcontract so that such provisions will be binding on each subcontractor. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any subcontract as the Secretary of Housing and

Urban Development or the Secretary of Labor shall direct as a means of enforcing such provisions.

**2.5-2.7 RESERVED**

**2.8 WAGE AND CLAIMS ADJUSTMENTS**

The owner shall be responsible for the correction of all violations under section 2.4, including violations committed by other contractors. In cases where there is evidence of underpayment of salaries or wages to any laborers or mechanics (including apprentices and trainees) by the owner or other contractor or a failure by the owner or other contractor to submit payrolls and related reports, the owner shall be required to place an amount in escrow, as determined by HUD sufficient to pay persons employed on the work covered by the Agreement the difference between the salaries or wages actually paid such employees for the total number of hours worked and the full amount of wages required under this Agreement, as well as an amount determined by HUD to be sufficient to satisfy any liability of the owner or other contractor for liquidated damages pursuant to section 2.4. The amounts withheld may be disbursed by HUD for and on account of the owner or other contractor to the respective employees to whom they are due, and to the Federal Government in satisfaction of liquidated damages under section 2.4.

**2.9 RESERVED**

**2.10 EVIDENCE OF UNIT(S) COMPLETION; ESCROW**

(a) The owner shall evidence the completion of the unit(s) by furnishing the PHA, in addition to the requirements listed in Part I of this Agreement, a certification of compliance with the provisions of sections 2.4 and 2.8 of this Agreement, and that to the best of the owner's knowledge and belief there are no claims of underpayment to laborers or mechanics in alleged violation of these provisions of the Agreement. In the event there are any such pending claims to the knowledge of the owner, the PHA, or HUD, the owner will place a sufficient amount in escrow, as directed by the PHA or HUD, to assure such payments.

(b) The escrows required under this section and section 2.8 of shall be paid to HUD, as escrowee, or to an escrowee designated by HUD, and the conditions and manner of releasing such escrows shall be designated and approved by HUD.

## **2.11 FLOOD INSURANCE**

If the project is located in an area that has been identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as an area having special flood hazards and if the sale of flood insurance has been made available under the National Flood Insurance Program, the owner agrees that: (1) the project will be covered, during the life of the property, by flood insurance in an amount at least equal to its development or project cost (less estimated land cost) or to the limit of coverage made available with respect to the particular type of property under the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, whichever is less; and (2) that it will advise any prospective purchaser or transferee of the property in writing of the continuing statutory requirement to maintain such flood insurance during the life of the property.

## Minimum Evaluation Criteria Certification

**Offeror's Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

By signing this document, I certify that:

1. This proposal includes all information specified in Section 4 entitled "Proposal Format and Content;" **and**
2. The undersigned further certifies under the penalties of perjury that this Proposal is in all respects bona fide, fair, and made without collusion or fraud with any other person. The undersigned further certifies under the penalty of perjury that the undersigned is not debarred from doing public work under the provisions of any state and/or federal rule or regulation. As used in this certification the word "person" shall mean natural person, joint venture, partnership, corporation, or other business or legal entity.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Offeror's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

**Certifications and  
Representations  
of Offerors  
Non-Construction Contract**

**U.S. Department of Housing  
and Urban Development**  
Office of Public and Indian Housing

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 5 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

This form includes clauses required by OMB's common rule on bidding/offering procedures, implemented by HUD in 24 CFR 85.36, and those requirements set forth in Executive Order 11625 for small, minority, women-owned businesses, and certifications for independent price determination, and conflict of interest. The form is required for nonconstruction contracts awarded by Housing Agencies (HAs). The form is used by bidders/offerors to certify to the HA's Contracting Officer for contract compliance. If the form were not used, HAs would be unable to enforce their contracts. Responses to the collection of information are required to obtain a benefit or to retain a benefit. The information requested does not lend itself to confidentiality.

**1. Contingent Fee Representation and Agreement**

(a) The bidder/offeror represents and certifies as part of its bid/offer that, except for full-time bona fide employees working solely for the bidder/offeror, the bidder/offeror:

- (1)  has,  has not employed or retained any person or company to solicit or obtain this contract; and
- (2)  has,  has not paid or agreed to pay to any person or company employed or retained to solicit or obtain this contract any commission, percentage, brokerage, or other fee contingent upon or resulting from the award of this contract.

(b) If the answer to either (a)(1) or (a) (2) above is affirmative, the bidder/offeror shall make an immediate and full written disclosure to the PHA Contracting Officer.

(c) Any misrepresentation by the bidder/offeror shall give the PHA the right to (1) terminate the resultant contract; (2) at its discretion, to deduct from contract payments the amount of any commission, percentage, brokerage, or other contingent fee; or (3) take other remedy pursuant to the contract.

**2. Small, Minority, Women-Owned Business Concern Representation**

The bidder/offeror represents and certifies as part of its bid/offer that it:

- (a)  is,  is not a small business concern. "Small business concern," as used in this provision, means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding, and qualified as a small business under the criteria and size standards in 13 CFR 121.
- (b)  is,  is not a women-owned small business concern. "Women-owned," as used in this provision, means a small business that is at least 51 percent owned by a woman or women who are U.S. citizens and who also control and operate the business.
- (c)  is,  is not a minority enterprise which, pursuant to Executive Order 11625, is defined as a business which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more minority group members or, in the case of a publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its voting stock is owned by one or more minority group members, and whose management and daily operations are controlled by one or more such individuals.

For the purpose of this definition, minority group members are: (Check the block applicable to you)

- Black Americans                       Asian Pacific Americans
- Hispanic Americans                       Asian Indian Americans
- Native Americans                       Hasidic Jewish Americans

**3. Certificate of Independent Price Determination**

(a) The bidder/offeror certifies that—

- (1) The prices in this bid/offer have been arrived at independently, without, for the purpose of restricting competition, any consultation, communication, or agreement with any other bidder/offeror or competitor relating to (i) those prices, (ii) the intention to submit a bid/offer, or (iii) the methods or factors used to calculate the prices offered;
  - (2) The prices in this bid/offer have not been and will not be knowingly disclosed by the bidder/offeror, directly or indirectly, to any other bidder/offeror or competitor before bid opening (in the case of a sealed bid solicitation) or contract award (in the case of a negotiated solicitation) unless otherwise required by law; and
  - (3) No attempt has been made or will be made by the bidder/offeror to induce any other concern to submit or not to submit a bid/offer for the purpose of restricting competition.
- (b) Each signature on the bid/offer is considered to be a certification by the signatory that the signatory:
- (1) Is the person in the bidder/offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices being offered in this bid or proposal, and that the signatory has not participated and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) above; or
  - (2) (i) Has been authorized, in writing, to act as agent for the following principals in certifying that those principals have not participated, and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) above (insert full name of person(s) in the bidder/offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices offered in this bid or proposal, and the title of his or her position in the bidder/offeror's organization);  
(ii) As an authorized agent, does certify that the principals named in subdivision (b)(2)(i) above have not participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) above; and

- (iii) As an agent, has not personally participated, and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) above.
- (c) If the bidder/offeror deletes or modifies subparagraph (a)2 above, the bidder/offeror must furnish with its bid/offer a signed statement setting forth in detail the circumstances of the disclosure.

**4. Organizational Conflicts of Interest Certification**

- (a) The Contractor warrants that to the best of its knowledge and belief and except as otherwise disclosed, it does not have any organizational conflict of interest which is defined as a situation in which the nature of work under a proposed contract and a prospective contractor's organizational, financial, contractual or other interest are such that:
- (i) Award of the contract may result in an unfair competitive advantage;
  - (ii) The Contractor's objectivity in performing the contract work may be impaired; or
  - (iii) That the Contractor has disclosed all relevant information and requested the HA to make a determination with respect to this Contract.
- (b) The Contractor agrees that if after award he or she discovers an organizational conflict of interest with respect to this contract, he or she shall make an immediate and full disclosure in writing to the HA which shall include a description of the action which the Contractor has taken or intends to eliminate or neutralize the conflict. The HA may, however, terminate the Contract for the convenience of HA if it would be in the best interest of HA.
- (c) In the event the Contractor was aware of an organizational conflict of interest before the award of this Contract and intentionally did not disclose the conflict to the HA, the HA may terminate the Contract for default.
- (d) The Contractor shall require a disclosure or representation from subcontractors and consultants who may be in a position to influence the advice or assistance rendered to the HA and shall include any necessary provisions to eliminate or neutralize conflicts of interest in consultant agreements or subcontracts involving performance or work under this Contract.

**5. Authorized Negotiators (RFPs only)**

The offeror represents that the following persons are authorized to negotiate on its behalf with the PHA in connection with this request for proposals: (list names, titles, and telephone numbers of the authorized negotiators):

**6. Conflict of Interest**

In the absence of any actual or apparent conflict, the offeror, by submission of a proposal, hereby warrants that to the best of its knowledge and belief, no actual or apparent conflict of interest exists with regard to my possible performance of this procurement, as described in the clause in this solicitation titled "Organizational Conflict of Interest."

**7. Offeror's Signature**

The offeror hereby certifies that the information contained in these certifications and representations is accurate, complete, and current.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature & Date:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Typed or Printed Name:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Title:



**CORPORATE CERTIFICATION**

(For Use when Proposer is a Corporation)

I, \_\_\_\_\_, certify that I am the Secretary of the corporation named as Contractor in the foregoing proposal; that \_\_\_\_\_, who signed this proposal on behalf of the Contractor was then \_\_\_\_\_ of said corporation; that said proposal was duly signed for and on behalf of said corporation by authority of its Board of Directors; and is within the scope of its corporate powers; and that said corporation is organized under the laws of the State of \_\_\_\_\_.

This \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
*(Corporation)*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*(Secretary)*

*(Corporate Seal)*

**PARTNERSHIP CERTIFICATE**

STATE OF \_\_\_\_\_

COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_

On this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, before me personally appeared \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

known to me to be the person who executed the above instrument, and who, being duly sworn, did depose and say that he/she is a general partner in the Firm of \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

and that said firm consists of Affiant and \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

and that Affiant executed the foregoing instrument on behalf of said Contractor for the uses and purposes stated therein, and that no one except the above-named members of the Contractor have any financial interest whatsoever in said proposed contract.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Affiant)

Sworn and subscribed to before me, this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Notary Public

My Commission Expires: \_\_\_\_\_

**NONCOLLUSION AFFIDAVIT**

STATE OF \_\_\_\_\_

COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENT THAT I, \_\_\_\_\_  
(name of affiant)

on oath depose and say:

That I am an owner or officer of the company filing this proposal or bid with the Housing Authority of the County of DeKalb and with which this affidavit is being submitted;

That such proposal or bid is genuine and not collusive or sham;

That said proposer or bidder nor any of its officers, partners, owners, agents, representatives, employees, or parties in interest, including this Affiant, has in anyway colluded, conspired, connived or agreed, directly or indirectly, with any other proposer, bidder, Contractor, or person to submit a collusive or sham proposal in connection with the contract for which the attached proposal has been submitted or to refrain from offering indirectly, sought by agreement, or collusion, or communication, or conference with other offerors, Contractors, or persons to fix the price or prices or cost element of the proposal price or the proposal price of any other offer, or to secure through any collusion, conspiracy, connivance, or unlawful agreement any advantage against the Housing Authority of the County of DeKalb or any person interested in the proposed contract; and

That all statements in said proposal or bid are true.

The undersigned certifies under penalty of perjury that this proposal is in all respects bona fide, the price or prices quoted in the attached proposal are fair and proper and made without collusion or fraud with any other person, collusion, conspiracy, connivance, or unlawful agreement on the part of the Offeror or any of its agents, representatives, owners, employees, or parties in interest, including this Affiant.

As used in this document the word "person" shall mean any natural person, joint venture, partnership, corporation or other business or legal entity.

Signature of Affiant \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Title With Company \_\_\_\_\_

Sworn and subscribed to before me this \_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_.

Notary Public \_\_\_\_\_

Commission Expires \_\_\_\_\_

Number of Bedrooms	Voucher Payment Standard
0	\$615
1	\$730
2	\$965
3	\$1,300
4	\$1,465
5	\$1,700
6	\$1,975

## APPENDIX J

### FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

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#### GENERAL INFORMATION AND CLARIFICATIONS

HUD forms can be found at [http://www.hud.gov/offices/adm/handbks\\_forms/index.cfm](http://www.hud.gov/offices/adm/handbks_forms/index.cfm) or <http://hud.gov/offices/adm/hudclips/forms/>. Some made be in only PDF or Word format and some may be in both.

An official HQS inspection is done initially before move-in and then annually.

Each property will be rated independently; however, submit one proposal clearly explaining/documenting each property.

A Project-Based Voucher (PBV) is mobile only to another identical unit at the property.

A tenant family in good standing can get a regular mobile voucher to move anywhere after a year. If they have been evicted or owe money or had damages, they would not be eligible for mobile voucher.

A vacant unit can receive subsidy for up to 2 months as long as the owner/landlord is actively marketing and/or repairing to re-occupy the unit.

The HACD will keep the Waiting List for the property.

#### FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

Question: XYZ Organization intends to apply for funds through several sources for the new construction of 20 units of housing for individuals and families who are formerly homeless. We have a land possibility in mind but we will not know if the land is feasible for the project before the RFP for project based vouchers is due. Is it possible to apply for the vouchers with a full description of the proposed units without a firm address?

Answer: HACD can evaluate without a street address, but we would need a definite legal description of the property and know which zip code would apply for evaluation purposes. We cannot evaluate just a plan, since the property is actually being evaluated as a part of the proposal. If you have more than one property in mind, you may submit information on each property and specify whether you are interested in vouchers for any and all properties if possible, or explain that it is an "either/or" situation depending upon the outcome of your property procurement endeavors.

Question: Is the cost of utilities to be backed into the numbers or do they pay their own utilities?

Answer: Either. The landlord can include the utilities in the rent price or use the utility allowance to back out this amount, and the tenant will pay the utility(ies).

Question: Please clarify what is required for the Environmental Review and what HACD will accept. Does it have to be with the proposal or can it be later?

Answer: It does not have to be done and submitted with the proposal or by the proposal deadline. See page 16 of 38 in CFR Title 14, Part 983 (Appendix B), Subsection 983.58 Environmental Review for HUD regulations.

Question: Is there a limit to only 25% of the property having PBV?

Answer: Yes, there is a limit of 25% unless the units are targeted to elderly or disabled or have required Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) services attached. The 25% limit does not apply to single-family homes; only multifamily dwelling units. There can be regular market-rate units and units utilizing regular Section 8 vouchers at the same site.

Question: Can the proposed property just be in the planning stages at this point - construction not even begun?

Answer: Yes, it can be in the planning stages.

Question: The owner of a small complex that our group is acquiring cannot complete the sale until January due to restrictions from their funding source. However, they have signed an agreement turning over site control to our team for the purpose of management and renovating the property until the sale can be completed. Who should sign the ownership forms and submit the proposal? Should it be the current owner or our team since we have site control and a contract for sale?

Answer: Whoever has ownership would be the one to apply. If ownership changes after the contract is awarded, HACD would do an addendum to that contract to remove the previous owner and add the new.

Question: Is there any restriction on my selling the property after a lease up period? This would, of course, assume that the buyer maintains the same standards that are required by HACD for the vouchers to be granted and for them to stay in place. If the property were sold to another entity five years from now, would the vouchers also be conveyed with the ownership or would a new voucher agreement be required?

Answer: You could sell the property after award/contract and the vouchers would remain with the property and transfer to the new owner. HACD would complete an addendum to the contract to change ownership as stated above.

Question: Can one voluntarily withdraw from the Project Based Voucher Program at some point in the future if we were to be approved?

Answer: Yes, in accordance with provisions of the AHAP/HAP contracts.